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The Washington Post

Thundershowers probable; cooler in afternoon or night.

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THREE CENTS

DOLESS SLAY ITALY ON WAR BASIS

Heat Broken By Rain Here After 1 Dies; Toll Is 1,012

Mercury Mounts to 97 in D. C.; Later Drops to 68.

Crop Loss Mounts In Sun-Baked West

Downstate Illinois Facing "Desperate" Lack of Water.

Temperatures recorded at the Weather Bureau here yesterday were:

10 a. m.	83 4 p. m.	95
11 a. m.	88 5 p. m.	95
Noon	91 6 p. m.	91
1 p. m.	94 7 p. m.	80
2 p. m.	96 8 p. m.	70
3 p. m.	97 9 p. m.	68

As wind and rain joined forces to bring some slight relief to parched fields, panting animals and the sweltering populace, the Nation's heat wave ran its death toll to 1,012 persons yesterday.

In Washington the mercury bounded upward until it reached a maximum of 97 at 3 p. m., and a construction company worker died of prostration.

A torrential downpour, the first real rain in a fortnight, started falling in Washington shortly before 8 p. m. In a half hour it lowered the temperature 25 degrees.

Flashes of lightning illuminated the sky as the storm grew in intensity. Starting as a stiff breeze, the wind blew into a minor gale before the storm subsided. It was accompanied throughout by a canonade of thunder.

Trees in many sections had limbs brushed off by the wind and rain. Streets were flooded with gushing torrents of water which taxed the capacity of storm sewers.

Lightning struck two barns at Westminster, Md., and at Charles Town, W. Va., and each was subsequently destroyed by flames. In Westminster, the barn of John M. Green was burned to the ground, while at Charles Town the barn of E. T. Browne was struck. Each barn was valued at \$2,000. All live stock was saved.

Mercury Drops to 68.

The thermometer, which registered 94 when the storm began, dropped to 68 degree in a half hour.

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Hurricane Rips Coast of Texas

Hundreds Endangered as Property Loss Runs Into Thousands.

Austin, Tex., July 25 (AP).—L. G. Phares, chief of the Texas Motor Patrol, said he had been advised by some of his men he had sent to the hurricane area that five Mexicans were drowned at Sargent, Matagorda County.

Houston, Tex., July 25 (AP).—A Gulf hurricane lashed viciously at a 125-mile stretch of Texas coastline today, causing a widespread property damage and endangering hundreds of persons who could not evacuate the stricken area in time.

Torrents of rain swept the sparsely settled coastal region. Small craft in the fishing and resort ports were cast up on the beach. A \$75,000 yacht was battered into wreckage against the sea wall at Seadrift. It belonged to A. C. Burton, of Houston.

The storm, which had been moving westward across the Gulf of Mexico, centered its force between Rockport and Port O'Connor, more than 100 miles down the coast from Houston.

Wire communication with these and adjacent points was disrupted as the wind gained a velocity between 60 and 80 miles an hour. Poles were laid flat and wires tangled and broken.

Bay State Democrats Divided by New Deal

Antiadministration Men Dominate Massachusetts Despite Lack of Patronage; G. O. P. Is Paralyzed; Walsh Victory Seen.

Following is the third of a series of articles by Elliott Thurston, of The Post's National News Bureau, on the economic and political situations in New England. Later Mr. Thurston will write from Midwestern and Southern centers.

By Elliott Thurston.

Boston, July 25.—Massachusetts presents an extraordinary political scene. The Democrats are in the saddle and probably will stay there. But the dominant forces are those which bitterly fought Roosevelt's nomination at Chicago in 1932 and since have been scorned by Jim Farley and the other high dispensers of New Deal patronage.

By all the signs, Senator David I. Walsh will be easily reelected this fall—and as usual by Republican votes. But Democrat though he is, his victory will be no triumph for the New Deal. It will be because of Republican bankruptcy and in spite of as ferocious a battle in Democratic ranks as the Bay State has witnessed in years.

Walsh and Gov. Ely, who refused to run for a third term, fought for Al Smith to the bitter end at Chicago. They have been more or less ostracized by the New Deal ever since. And they forced the Democratic preprimary convention to nominate for Governor that heroic figure of the Yankee Division, Brig. Gen. Charles H. Cole, who stuck by Al Smith to the last ballot at Chicago.

On the sidelines, helpless despite the patronage power, stood young James Roosevelt and the former Mayor of Boston, Jim Curley, original and vociferous New Deal loyalists. Curley is fighting mad. He is going into the September primary resolved to wrest the governorship nomination away from the Y. D. general, who was a better fighter on the Western than on the political front. He has yet to conquer in a political battle in his home trenches.

He was made the Walsh-Ely pawn with which to squelch Curley in the Democratic State convention. And the former mayor is shouting from the housetops that he was the victim of a backstage deal. Nobody denies it. The details, however, are for conjecture.

That tall, engaging James Roosevelt is the real patronage power in Massachusetts is openly recognized.

Continued on Page 5, Column 2.

Striking Dock Workers Vote To Arbitrate

Union Longshoremen Cast Overwhelming Ballot For Peace Plan.

San Francisco, July 25 (AP).—Pacific Coast seaports today were promised industrial peace for the first time in nearly three months when union longshoremen voted overwhelmingly for Federal arbitration of all differences with employers.

The coast-wide vote of International Longshoremen's Association members was 6,358 for arbitration and 1,471 opposed.

The President's National Longshoremen's Board was authorized by the better than 4 to 1 vote to evolve a settlement of all issues, including the paramount one of employer or union control of hiring halls.

Joint union employer control of hiring halls probably will be set up pending final adjustment.

Findings in hours and wages will be retroactive to the date the men return to their jobs.

Longshoremen were paid 85 cents an hour on a 48-hour-week basis before they struck May 9. They demanded \$1 an hour and a 36-hour week to spread employment.

The hiring-hall issue was what blocked negotiations for arbitration heretofore. The union demanded what virtually amounted to a closed shop—union operation of the employment centers. This employers were unwilling to grant, but on June 16, conceded joint control.

The belief was general that longshoremen would return to their jobs on Monday. The National board met with representatives of the I. L. A. to discuss this important aftermath.

Moratorium on All S. D. Debts Ordered

Gov. Olson to Protect Farmers From Loss.

Bismarck, N. Dak., July 25 (AP).—North Dakota's new dirt farmer Governor, Ole H. Olson, today proclaimed a moratorium on every form of debt where the debtor shows inability to pay.

Broader in scope than any moratorium issued by his predecessor, William Langer, removed by court order on conviction of a felony, Olson's proclamation is designed to protect the farmer against foreclosure and also small businessmen, home owners, and extends even to a suspension of payment on conditional sales contracts.

Provision is made for application to the courts by any creditor "who feels himself injured."

Killer of Brother, Mother Convicted

Los Angeles Jury Decides Fate of Payne, 21.

Duce Orders Troops Ready To Advance Into Austria

"German Interference" Potested; Naval Unit Sent.

Leaves of 75,000 Soldiers Canceled

Premier's Decision on Need of Intervention Is Awaited.

Rome, July 25 (A.P.).—A statement emanating from official sources tonight said the Austrian government has requested intervention by European powers to guarantee Austria's integrity.

Rome, July 25 (A.P.).—War-time military orders were given tonight by Premier Mussolini acting as minister of war, navy and aviation, directing that all military forces in the kingdom be held in readiness for any eventuality as a result of the Austrian developments.

At the same time the government-inspired press announced Italy's deep-seated resentment against what it termed Germany's interference in Austria and declared the situation extremely serious.

The army and air force from Padua North was commanded by the premier to be in momentary readiness to move across the Austrian frontier.

Leaves were canceled, and each unit was told to keep itself in full strength with all of its mechanical war devices in order. The order applied to 75,000 men north of Padua.

At the same time, official communique was issued stating that the first naval squadron had left Port Ancona.

The communique did not give the destination of the squadron, but naval circles said that it is moving into the Adriatic, particularly Port Trieste, to keep in touch with Austrian developments.

Mussolini ordered the ministers of war, navy and air to keep officers of the rank of colonel on duty all night until further instructions, instead of assigning night duty as usual to a second lieutenant.

The Italian press regarded with particular animosity the part the German ambassador played in the granting of safe conduct to the killers of Dollfuss, who was to come to Italy this week to confer with Mussolini.

Rome, July 25 (AP).—Between 50,000 and 100,000 crack Italian soldiers were massed against the Austrian border tonight ready for action if Premier Mussolini should decide upon intervention to "preserve Austrian independence."

Action is Premier Mussolini's solution in the event Austrian independence is menaced, a spokesman said tonight. When he considers

Continued on Page 3, Column 1.

K. C. So Hot They Ice Fever Thermometers

Kansas City, Mo., July 25 (AP).—It was so hot here tonight that fever thermometers were kept on ice in General Hospital. Otherwise, the instruments registered higher than the temperature of the most feverish patient.

This hospital, in common with those throughout the Plains States, was filled with patients by the heat wave.

The prisoner was arrested at request of Department of Justice agents who have been working on the case since Miss Kurz and her husband were found unconscious in Battleground Memorial Park, Federal property.

Powell was working in Fredericksburg at time of the crime and had just returned here.

The murder and assault took place May 20.

Two Department of Justice operatives questioned the prisoner tonight and said they had linked him with the crime.

Fraud Jury Deadlocked; Judge Sends Them Back

Premier Assassinated



PREMIER ENGELBERT DOLLFUSS.

Kilauea Quiet As Roosevelt Visits Crater

Awe-Inspiring Volcano Stages No Show; Next Stop Honolulu.

Hilo, Hawaii, July 25 (AP).—President Roosevelt, having made history as the first American President to set foot on Hawaiian soil, paid a visit today to this island's fame but nevertheless awe-inspiring Kilauea Volcano.

But even if the President was impressed, Pele, Hawaiian goddess of the volcano, was not. The fire goddess put on no special show for her distinguished guest, the gigantic fissure of Halemaumau being merely the lazy, steamy hole in the ground it has been for some months.

During periods of activity, the pit, which is about 1,200 feet deep and roughly 2 miles across, partly fills with molten rock spouted from the crater floor by lava fountains which occasionally reach a height of several hundred feet.

President Roosevelt came here this morning on his cruising way.

Continued on Page 5, Column 4.

2 Kentucky Reporters Are Sent Back to Jail

Danville, Ky., July 25 (AP).—Jack Durham and Wesley Carth, young newspapermen who have refused on three occasions to tell the Danville Police Court about their advance information on a hanging in effigy, went back to jail late today to serve another six hours.

Judge J. W. Harlan ordered them to appear in court again tomorrow morning.

James Roosevelt Flies To Meet Dad in Seattle

Boston, July 25 (AP).—James Roosevelt, was reported at his home today to be en route to Seattle to meet the President.

Business associates said he was traveling by airplane to Wyoming, where they expected he would stop temporarily at the "C. M. Ranch," Dubois, and then resume his journey to Seattle. He is traveling alone.

First D. C. Vote Since 1848 Looms in Takoma Rum Tiff

Whether Takoma Park, D. C., will be set aside as dry territory will be determined by votes of residents under a proposal made public yesterday by District Commissioner George E. Allen.

Machinery for voting on the wet and dry question has been drafted by the other Commissioners that the people who actually reside in Takoma Park, D. C., be given a chance to register their desires.

"Prohibition is gone so far as I am concerned. But every section has a right to determine what it wants. I am all for liberal liquor laws. But I am for their strict enforcement. Liquor shouldn't be thrust down the throat of any one. But just because some preacher whoops it up against liquor isn't any prima facie evidence the sale of liquor should be prohibited."

Continued on Page 4, Column 4.

Nazis Kill Chancellor; 28 Assassins Executed

Rebels Hold Fey, 160 Aids as Hostages, Dictate Terms to Austrian Army After Coup at Chancellory.

WIN PASSAGE TO GERMANY; MARTIAL LAW IS DECLARED

President Names Dr. Kurt Schuschnigg Premier May Be Replaced by Von Starhemberg or Rintelen, Opposition Sympathizer.

Venice, Italy, July 25 (U.P.).—Twenty-eight of the 144 Nazis who killed Chancellor Engelbert Dollfuss have been executed in Austria, according to word from the entourage of Prince Ernst Rudiger von Starhemberg, vice chancellor of Austria, on a holiday here.

Prince Von Starhemberg, by telephone to Vienna, ordered general mobilization of the Fascist Heimwehr (home guards) in Austria. The organization numbers 250,000 men throughout Austria. It was the backbone of Dollfuss' dictatorship.

(Copyright, 1934, by the Associated Press.)

Vienna, July 25.—Austrian Nazis, rising in revolt, today seized the federal chancellory, killed their bitter enemy, Chancellor Engelbert Dollfuss, and held the building against a threatened attack by troops until they were guaranteed safe conduct into Germany.

Dollfuss was shot to death, as Nazis, said to number 144, raided the building under the leadership of men disguised as officers of the Heimwehr (Fascist home guard), which supports the government.

Emil Fey, idol of the Heimwehr and former vice chancellor, was one of those held prisoner from 12:45 p. m. until shortly after 7 p. m. And it was through him that negotiations were conducted for the surrender of the building in return for safe transit to the border for the rebels.

Martial Law Is Proclaimed.

While Dollfuss was said by officials to have been killed immediately, his fate did not become known until after the Nazis had been loaded onto trucks and started for Germany.

After the day of disorder and excitement, in the course of which an undetermined number of persons were killed, martial law was proclaimed tonight in Vienna and in part of the Province of Styria, Nazi stronghold.

There were reports of fighting in Styria. Shooting was heard in some sections of Vienna.

Dr. Kurt Schuschnigg, minister of social welfare in the Dollfuss cabinet, was named by President Miklas to take over the government as chancellor and began his duties immediately.

Future Is Beclouded.

The future of the country was beclouded, however. It did not appear at once what the position of Prince Ernst von Starhemberg, vice chancellor, will be.

The prince, at first reported in charge of the ministers not captured by the Nazis, later was found to be in Vienna. He was expected in Vienna tomorrow.

Whether the naming of Schuschnigg was a temporary affair was the subject of speculation. Von Starhemberg, a leader of the Heimwehr, is in a strong position.

During the negotiations between the Nazis holding the chancellory and some 160 prisoners—they captured numerous civil servants as well as Fey, Dollfuss and Karl Kerschewsky, undersecretary of security—the name of Anton Rintelen, minister to Rome, was mentioned.

Nazi Sympathizer.

Rintelen, who, despite Nazi leanings, was able to maintain a place with the Dollfuss government, is Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

Berlin Recalls Austrian Envoy

Conducted Parley Without Consent of Reich Official.

Berlin, July 25 (AP).—The German government tonight recalled Rietz, German Minister to Austria, for his intervention today, which was without the government's consent.

It was learned from private but reliable authority that Rietz conducted the negotiations which led to the end of the Ballhausplatz siege.

After receiving such assurances, it was said he agreed to conduct negotiations in a personal capacity with a view to preventing bloodshed and went personally to the chancellory.

Byrd Tractor Party Back in Camp, Safe

Crew Members Frost Bitten in Fierce Storm.

Little America, Antarctica, July 25 (AP).—The tractor party which attempted to force its way through Antarctic storms to Rear Admiral Richard E. Byrd's advance camp returned safely to Little America.

Dr. Thomas C. Poulter, leader of the party, came back with a frost-bitten nose. Others of the crew of five were suffering from slight frost bites.

Dr. Poulter said a biting gale of at least 60 miles an hour stopped the tractor. The southward trip was undertaken after Admiral Byrd, in his last radio report from his camp 123 miles away, reported he was being troubled by a "bad adm."

Dollfuss Slain As Nazis Stage Austrian Coup

28 Assassins Executed
After Others Flee
Into Germany.

Continued from Page 1.

another enigmatic figure in the affair.

"We have agreed on Rintelen," said Fey as he stood on the balcony of the captured and barricaded government building and talked to Odo Neustradter-Sturm, minister of social welfare, acting as negotiator for the government.

Whether he was wanted as a guarantor of safety for the Nazis or as a new head of the government was not made clear. It had been reported earlier that he was to succeed Dollfuss.

The whole episode was replete with unprecedented situations. Rebels, members of the very headquarters of the government itself, killed the head of the government, who a few hours before had been threatening to hang them for terrorism, and captured everybody in sight.

Radio Station Seized.

Earlier another group of Nazis had captured the government radio station and held it long enough to broadcast an announcement that Dollfuss had resigned and that Rintelen was head of the government.

The army and the Heimwehr, representing the power of the government, delayed in the square before the building, ordered the great outnumbered and comparatively poorly equipped rebels to surrender. They threatened to attack if they did not.

Fey, loyal government man, came to the balcony accompanied by two Nazi guards, who apparently were holding revolvers to his back, and negotiated for the release and safe transit to a foreign country for the men who killed his chief.

Against the threats of the Heimwehr and the army the Nazis threatened death to Fey and the other prisoners unless they were allowed to go to Germany.

Towns Seized in Styria.

The extent to which the Nazis—long looked for to start a "putsch" against the government they have been harassing with bombs and incendiaries—prepared for today's coup was not clear.

(Nazi leaders exiled in Germany denied that their comrades at home were responsible for the outbreak.) It was clear, however, that they must have been some general understanding, since fighting broke out in Styria, where the Nazis were reported to have seized several towns in which they have many sympathizers.

After his release Fey made a radio speech in which he said that Dollfuss was shot in a separate room from the apartments in which the other cabinet members were confined.

The Nazis, he said, gave him and his companions an opportunity to see the dying chancellor, who begged that his family be taken care of, and expressed the belief that bloodshed can be avoided in Austria.

Dollfuss Body in Office.

The next time he saw Dollfuss, the chancellor was dead, Fey said. The body still lay in his office at 9 p. m.

Dollfuss' family, composed of Frau Dollfuss and two children, was in Riccione, Italy. The wife was prostrated with grief when she learned that he had been slain. The family was vacationing with that of Premier Mussolini of Italy, and Dollfuss himself had an engagement to see Mussolini later this week to talk about the future of his nation.

The disguised Nazis started their "putsch" by taking the radio station at the cost of four lives, and making the announcement regarding Dollfuss' resignation.

While machine guns barked outside the story that the government was retaking the radio station, the chancellor was seized and the ministers captured. Dollfuss was shot without warning, officials said.

Troops to Rescue.

The army and the Heimwehr went to the large Baywa, where before the government building to rescue the head of the government.

Fey, with his guards, appeared upon the balcony and said something to an officer which resulted in the withdrawal of the army, although large detachments later were moved up to a strategic position.

The Heimwehr, apparently acting under orders of President Miklas, who earlier had been reported in captivity, kept up its demand for surrender.

Fey spoke for the Nazi, whose prisoner he was, and Neustradter-Sturm for the government. Their conversations under those bizarre conditions probably were unparalleled in the history of European civilization.

At 5:28 p. m. the Heimwehr gave the Nazis 20 minutes to surrender, threatening to attack if they still held the building into which they had taken arms obtained by use of Heimwehr uniforms as disguises.

At 5:48 p. m. nothing happened, except that the demand was renewed.

Communications Cut Off.

A few minutes later the Austrian telephone and other communications systems cut off all intercourse with the outside world, leaving the conditions in Austria a mystery to other nations until the telephone was reopened several hours later.

At 6 p. m. Fey appeared on the balcony and shouted:

"Where is Rintelen?"

"Rintelen is not coming," shouted

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Leading Figures in Austrian Turmoil



Above is a recent photograph of Chancellor Engelbert Dollfuss with some of his troops in Vienna. Below (left to right) are Vice Chancellors Emil Fey, Prince Ernest von Starhemberg, head of the Austrian Heimwehr, and Wilhelm Miklas, President of Austria. Fey, captured with Dollfuss, was later released.

back Neustradter-Sturm from the street. "This was granted. It is true that Chancellor Dollfuss is dead—murdered."

These words gave the first official confirmation of the death of the little man who had ruled Austria, although earlier reports apparently had been sent out through government channels.

One of the 150 civil servants imprisoned along with cabinet members said that the Nazis forced them to stand in a courtyard and hold up their hands and higher officials were threatened with death if they "so much as moved an eye" in the rooms in which they were held.

Safe Passage Pledged.

Fey and the Nazis with him conferred at length. The captor wanted a promise of safe conduct to Germany.

The government spokesman said it would be given. "But who will guarantee their safety?" asked Fey, after talking further with the Nazis.

"I in the capacity of a member of the government," said Neustradter-Sturm. "But the Nazis insisted upon the word of a high army officer before they finally let Fey out at 7 p. m."

Then the death of Dollfuss, rumored all day, was confirmed. His body lay in the office from which for two years he had tried to rule with an iron hand against the terrific odds supplied by an opposition which expressed itself with bombs and torches.

Leave As Troops Stand By.

Fey came out, pale but stern of face. He asked for a cigarette and then went into conference with Neustradter-Sturm as trucks trundled up for the man who had killed the head of the government and had been promised aid to a refuge while hundreds of men stood by, armed and able to destroy them as speedily as they took Dollfuss' life.

"The rebels who captured the chancellor agreed to surrender the building on condition they were granted safe conduct across the

German border," explained Neustradter-Sturm. "We have agreed on Rintelen," responded Fey.

This appeared to anger the government emissary. "President Miklas has suspended the governmental powers of all persons imprisoned in the chancellor's office," he shouted. "You surrender within 15 minutes or we attack."

Obstacle to Rule.

Speculation tonight that Von Starhemberg might take over the government gave rise to wonderment as to what such an eventuality would mean in connection with the army.

The Heimwehr, which the vice chancellor leads, has not always been 100 per cent with Dollfuss, although there has been a necessarily close relationship, especially since

the suppression of the socialist civil war last February.

If the Prince were chancellor, the government, as informed observers see it, would be a 100 per cent Heimwehr affair, and the army would not like that.

The army and Heimwehr have been at odds over various things—among them the natural jealousy of professional fighting men for a favored home guard—and there have been several clashes recently.

For this reason some observers think an effort will be made to find a chancellor acceptable both to the Heimwehr element and to Dollfuss' "Fatherland Front" party, the only legal political organization in Austria.

"Peace" Announced.

In view of the mention of his name by the Nazis in their cast after capturing the radio station, Rintelen was now considered out of the running.

Government forces recaptured the radio station after a half-hour machine gun battle, during which the station went on the air with a phonograph dance record. The government then announced that

Debts Parley Hallowell Freed Of Kidnaping Troyanovsky

Secretary Has "Sincere"
Talk With Soviet
Envoy Here.

Alexandria Troyanovsky, ace diplomat of the U. S. S. R., and Secretary Cordell Hull, suave and soft-spoken Tennesseean, joined in expressing satisfaction with preliminary progress made yesterday in an initial wrestle with financial and commercial questions involving the future of American trade with Soviet Russia.

Following a two-hour conference, the State Department issued an official communique explaining that "the conversations were conducted in a thoroughly friendly atmosphere and with a sincere disposition to reach an agreement."

No details or data were disclosed concerning the debts and claims, estimated at \$500,000,000. The only official statement was that both Hull and Troyanovsky each "without any preliminaries, undertook to get the fundamentals of his own government's attitude before the other."

Resume Next Week.

Both the Soviet and American diplomats, however, disclosed informally that on the basis of preliminary progress made the negotiations will be resumed next Tuesday or Wednesday. By that time Troyanovsky will have made a report to Moscow and received a reply.

R. Walton Moore, Assistant Secretary of State, joined in yesterday's preliminary meeting and is expected to carry on the negotiations with the Soviet Ambassador in future sessions.

Negotiations for a settlement of the 14-year-old debts question first were carried on in Moscow between William C. Bullitt, the American Ambassador, and Maxim Litvinoff, Soviet commissar for foreign affairs.

Negotiations Transferred.

Reaching a deadlock after nearly seven months of discussion, the negotiations were transferred to Washington.

Administration officials asserted the Moscow efforts had not ended on the diplomatic rocks and that considerable progress toward smoothing the way for a final settlement actually had been accomplished in the discussions there.

It was conceded, however, that new voices and new surroundings apparently were necessary to overcome obstacles still remaining in the way of a complete and amicable accord.

While Hull, Troyanovsky and Moore all declined to clarify any points on which the two governments are not in agreement, it is understood, on good authority, that a question of a loan to the Soviet has been and remains the chief stumbling block.

"All is peaceful in Austria" and that Dollfuss was still in power.

While this assurance was being given, detachments of soldiers and Heimwehr were marching in the streets, and there was great excitement in front of the chancellor.

Shops put up their steel shutters in preparation for flying machine gun and rifle bullets, and even soldiers kept under cover as they marched along, for there were machine guns—not of a certainty in the hands of friends—on roofs.

Hallowell Freed Of Kidnaping

Virginia Court Drops Case
Without Trial Against
D. C. Attorney.

Lancaster, Va., July 25 (AP).—Kidnaping charges against William C. Hallowell, Washington attorney for Joseph Douglas, were dismissed by Trial Justice C. S. Towles in Juvenile and Domestic Relations Court here today on motion of Commonwealth's Attorney W. B. Saunders. Hallowell had been accused by Mrs. Douglas of aiding her husband get custody of their two minor children in an illegal manner.

Evidence indicated that Mr. and Mrs. Douglas separated about two weeks and were reported to have reached an agreement concerning agreement the children were to be custody of the children. By the with the mother ten months of each year and with the father two months. He also was to have the privilege of seeing them at inter-coversy Administration directed

In a warrant sworn out by Mrs. Douglas, Hallowell was accused of having come to Farnham, in Richmond County, several days ago with Douglas and having taken the children. Mrs. Douglas had him arrested when he returned to the county again.

Rain Cancels Excursion.

Rain last night caused cancellation of plans for a moonlight excursion on the Potomac by St. John's Lodge, Chapter 18, Order of the Eastern Star. The trip was to have been taken on the Wilson liner City of Washington. Tickets will be good for the excursion postponed until tonight.

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Il Duce Orders Troops Set to Enter Austria

"German Interference" Is Postulated; Naval Unit Sent.

Continued from Page 1.

European peace is menaced, Il Duce will act quickly.

It is doubtful that Mussolini will resort now to a protest to Berlin against Nazi activities in Austria, chiefly because he does not desire a rebuff on that score.

The Italian defense system has been modernized to meet a situation like that developing in Austria today. Permanent garrisons have been established on the border numbering at least 50,000 regular troops, fully equipped and motorized.

Light guns mounted on automobiles could be moved with the troops swiftly at any time. The troops have specialized in mountain engineering and are skilled at skiing. They have light mountain batteries, occupying the stations protecting passes.

Three army corps stretch across this rugged frontier zone, with headquarters in Trieste, Udine and Bolzano. These troops are not expected to be called into action under present circumstances—but Mussolini last spring offered Chancellor Engelbert Dollfuss Italian troops should he need them in the event of a Nazi uprising.

Should developments jeopardize Austria's independence, it was believed certain that Mussolini would send units across the frontier with lightning rapidity.

Il Duce is morally committed to support the Austrian regime. Austria can not "go Nazi" without serious intervention from Italy to protect Italian claims as against German aspirations for an "anschluss" with Vienna.

Developments Eyed Anxiously by France

Paris, July 25 (AP).—The utmost anxiety prevailed in official French quarters tonight over the possibility of Austria's loss of independence and the possibility of the Nazis gaining the upper hand.

The Italian Ambassador to France, Count Pignatelli Morano di Custozza, visited the French foreign office and talked at length with Minister Louis Barthou. The two were understood to have discussed the situation thoroughly.

It was said unofficially that telephone wires between Paris, Rome and London were busy with consultations.

France and the little entente view Austrian independence as vital to the peace of Europe. With Italy and Britain, France publicly served notice last February that she intends to do everything possible to keep Austria from falling into Nazi hands.

Troops to Rule Strike In Minneapolis Today

Minneapolis, July 5 (AP).—Four thousand National Guardsmen tonight were ready to enforce military rule in the Minneapolis strike front by tomorrow noon unless truck drivers and their employers adjust differences by then. Gov. Floyd B. Olson declared today.

The stern order to call off the strike at once and stipulations for settling the dispute were given both sides by Federal mediators as the Governor delivered his ultimatum. "I am very reluctant to take this step, but I am convinced that drastic action is necessary and that the preservation of law and order demands it," said the chief executive.

His action came after principals in the dispute seemingly were hopelessly deadlocked. Public interest, the Governor said, demanded the terms recommended by the Rev. Francis Haas and E. H. J. Dunnigan, the mediators, be accepted. They represent a compromise, he added.

Approved by officials at Washington, the mediators' plan recommended immediate ending of the strike, reinstatement of all employees, an election to determine whether the union shall represent them in collective bargaining, and arbitration.

Trucks moved under police convoy today with no interference from pickets.

Alleged Card "Sharks" To Face Grand Jury

Two colored men, who picked Detective Michael Dowd for their "sucker" for a "three-card monte" game, were held for grand jury action under bonds of \$3,000 each in Police Court yesterday.

The men allegedly accosted Dowd as he left an F street store. He agreed to join them in the game, but as they produced the cards he showed his badge. The would-be card players said they were Willie Brown and George Penny.

Capital Transit Sued For \$100,000 Damages

The Capital Transit Co. was named defendant in a \$100,000 damage suit filed in the District Supreme Court yesterday by Frederick Rolfe, who claimed he was hurt seriously when a bus struck him at Tenth and G streets northwest. Rolfe, through Attorney H. B. Cox, claimed his injuries still keep him confined to Emergency Hospital, though the accident occurred May 20.

Virginia Marvin Godwin Divorces Illustrator

Reno, Nev., July 25 (AP).—Mrs. Virginia Marvin Godwin, New York and San Francisco musical comedy star, obtained a divorce from Karl Godwin, painter and magazine illustrator, at a brief private trial before District Judge H. W. Edwards here today.

The diminutive brunette singer and dancer charged extreme cruelty. None of the particulars were made public.

Italy Well Equipped for Modern Warfare



Associated Press Photos.

Chemical warfare troops are a regular part of the Italian army, much of which is concentrated on the Austrian border. The top picture shows some of the troops. Below is Premier Benito Mussolini in a militant pose. On his attitude toward the present Austrian upheaval may depend the fate of Europe and of the world.

Trade Balance Favored by U.S. During 1933

Short Term Credit Loss Noted by Commerce Department.

(Associated Press.)

A year of confused and unusual tendencies in international trade—1933—was summed up last night by the Commerce Department as resulting in a favorable American balance of \$210,000,000 on ordinary goods and services, but a loss to this country of \$412,000,000 in short-term credit.

The period saw the depression reach its lowest point, with the banking panic of February, and the subsequent abandonment of the gold standard, followed by wide and rapid fluctuations in foreign exchange values. Accompanying these disruptions were numerous trade and tariff restrictions the world over.

The persistence during 1933 of abnormal factors in international trade and finance, said the report, "is evidenced by the comparatively low level of our sales and purchases of goods and services in contrast with the large volume of transactions on capital account."

Foreign Trade Expands.

"Sharp declines in our tourist expenditures in foreign countries and in remittances abroad by aliens resident here, while influenced by numerous factors, continued to reflect the contraction during recent years in the income of our people. Exchange controls and trade restrictions throughout the world, which showed only minor easing tendencies during 1933, continued to act as a deterrent to the normal flow of goods and services. At the same time the depreciation of the dollar operated as an abnormal stimulus to our merchandise export and import trade."

The dollar value of American exports jumped 4 per cent as compared with 1932, the department said, while imports rose 10 per cent. On a volume or quantity basis, imports were 10 per cent higher, while exports were hardly changed.

Cheaper Dollar Point.

"The decline in the international exchange value of the dollar was an important factor in the sharp

AIR-COOLED Special DINNER

Tempting Menu 50¢ Perfect Comfort

Dress Cafeterias

Death Claims Francois Coty, Perfume King

Former Newspaper Owner Was One of Richest Men in France.

Paris, July 25 (AP).—Francis Coty, noted perfumer and former newspaper proprietor, died tonight of pneumonia at his home at Louveciennes, near here. He was 60 years old.

Milady's fondness for perfume and cosmetics was the foundation of the fortune of Francois Coty, at one time one of the richest men in France.

His money enabled him to become widely known as a newspaper publisher, aviation enthusiast and purchaser of country estates. He had a Paris home and six chateaux and villas, but spent much of his time in hotels.

He had to divide his riches with his wife when Mme. Coty, nee Mlle. Le Baron, divorced him in 1929. They had been married in 1900 and he had borrowed money from her brother to start his perfume manufacturing. The wife worked in the laboratory so as to help keep secret the ingredients of the scents.

Amassed Huge Fortune.

They amassed a fortune estimated at more than \$34,000,000. Much of it was understood to have been obtained from sales of cosmetics in England and the United States, where they had vigorous sales organizations.

When the divorce came, Mme. Coty claimed half the fortune on the ground there had been no marriage contract to limit her share. The court so ordered and in December, 1931, she obtained a second order entitling her to \$5,200,000 within ten years. She stated then that she had received \$12,000,000 and that the additional sum represented the amount necessary to make the fifty-fifty division as of 1929.

Lost Money, He Claimed.

M. Coty pleaded that he did not have enough money to meet the second order. He said that the state of the United States had resulted in huge losses to the Coty interests and he had also lost considerable money by financing the fatal attempt of the late Joseph Lebaron, noted pound-the-world flier, to pilot a plane on a non-stop flight from Paris to Tokyo.

Prince Georges Slayers Given Death Penalty

Styled "Black Dillingers," Trio Must Die for Geary Murder.

Three self-styled "Black Dillingers" yesterday were given the death sentence in Prince Georges Circuit Court for the murder of John T. Geary, 40, of Priest Bridge, Md.

Three others were given prison sentences for second-degree murder, one man was sentenced for manslaughter and two others for assault. Another paid a \$100 fine for the illegal sale of liquor.

The death-by-hanging sentences, imposed by Judges William Mattingly and William Loker, were the first to be handed down at the Upper Marlboro Courthouse since capital punishment was inflicted upon a colored man in an Oxon Hill assault case in 1928.

James A. Cross, 21; Gordon Dent, 30, and Donald Parker, 35, colored, who were given the death penalty for the murder of the barbecue stand proprietor last May, were escorted from the Baltimore Jail by a squadron of 12 State police.

Troopers Guard Prisoners.

The Maryland troopers and a score of county police and constables guarded the men throughout the trial and returned with them to Baltimore. Each prisoner was carried in a separate auto, surrounded by four policemen. Motorcycle patrolmen surrounded the motorcade.

Throughout the nonjury trial the defendants, also known to Washington and Maryland police as the "three terrorists," remained unshaken and expressed no emotion when the death sentence was announced. The mother of Parker, a county school teacher, left the courtroom when she saw the sentence was inevitable. The wife of Cross sobbed.

Parker, it was testified, is the son of a former Tulsa Okla. dentist. Gross was an elevator operator in a Washington apartment house, and Dent also had been employed in Washington. They were defended by J. Watson Brown, George Merrick, and Thurgood Marshall, a colored attorney from Baltimore.

D. C. Police Testify.

A detail of Washington police and detectives, headed by Capt. Sydney Marks of the Eleventh Precinct, who participated in the arrests of the men early last month, gave testimony. It was revealed by the defendants that on the night of the Geary shooting, May 30, the alleged hold-up men returned within an hour and slowly repassed the scene of the crime on their way back to Washington. Parker said:

"I waited outside the barbecue stand, at the wheel of the car. Gross went in to hold up Geary, his employees and patrons. Dent went into the kitchen for the cash register. An interstate bus arrived and the driver could see as well as I that a holdup was in progress. He continued on. I heard a shot and called to the other men to come on. We fled in the direction of the bus toward Upper Marlboro. The bus wouldn't let us pass."

"We returned north, toward Fort Meade, but couldn't get through that way. An hour later we came back past the barbecue stand." Gross testified he fired the shot "because he was nervous." Dent said he forced Geary to open the cash register after he was shot. The men were alleged to have been using a car taken from Bladensburg Town Ballfield Lawrence Dayton after holding him up May 22. Several other holdups and shootings in Washington and Maryland have also been blamed on the three men.

May Lead Austria



Associated Press Photo.

ANTONIO RINTELEN, former Austrian minister to Italy, was announced as the new chancellor of Austria immediately following assassination of Chancellor Dollfuss. Later reports, however, indicated it was doubtful whether he would be the new leader.

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August Busch Estate Valued at \$3,417,364

St. Louis, July 25 (AP).—An inventory filed today placed a value of \$3,417,364 on the estate of August A. Busch, St. Louis brewer who took his own life last February 13. His sons, Adolphus Busch 3d, and August A. Busch, Jr., explained their father made substantial gifts to members of his family before his death. Virtually the entire estate was bequeathed to his widow, Mrs. Alice Busch.

Events Today

Luncheon—Kiwanis Club, Mayflower Hotel, 12:30 p. m.
Meeting—Chi Sigma Sorority, Mayflower Hotel, 8 p. m.

65 Die in Korean Floods.

Seoul, Korea, July 25 (AP).—Sixty-five persons are known to have been killed, and 125 are missing as the result of floods in the seven Korean provinces south of here, said reports reaching here today.

Worker Is Killed In 55-Foot Fall

Jesse H. Dunnivant, 32, of the 600 block of Ninth street northeast, was injured fatally yesterday when he fell 55 feet from a scaffold on which he was working at Minor Teachers College, Georgia avenue and Euclid street northwest.

The scaffolding was above the stage in the school auditorium. Police said a board in the temporary structure broke, hurling Dunnivant was taken to Emergency Hospital with a broken back.

Gloria Stuart Sets Wedding.

Hollywood, July 25 (AP).—Gloria Stuart, film actress, and Arthur Sheekman, movie "rag" man, said today they would be married Saturday at Agua Caliente. They announced their engagement one week ago.

JULIUS GARFINKEL & Co.

F STREET AT FOURTEENTH

COME HERE WHERE IT IS COOL. WE HAVE A MARVELOUS COOLING SYSTEM.

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DRESSES
FOR HOT DAYS NOW, FALL, WINTER
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For Women and Misses, Third and Fourth Floors.

Here's a sale that lives up in every way to the wonderful thing people are saying about it... now more remarkable with many new lots added and prices lower than ever. A real sensation in value-giving. This is a busy sale occasion and we believe you will find it so remarkable when you call today that you will look ahead to all your needs; street, sports, travel, afternoon and evening models.

Third Floor: \$10.75, \$14.75, \$16.75, \$19.75, \$24.75, \$29.75, \$35, \$49.75, \$59.75.

Fourth Floor: \$6.75, \$10.75, \$12.75, \$19.75, \$25, \$29.75, \$35, \$39.75, \$49.75, \$59.75.

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Miller Geared to the Road Tires are built to meet the exacting demands of today's traffic. Balanced cord construction insures balanced distribution of load strain over a uniformly strong carcass and eliminates premature carcass breakdown caused by friction.

Miles	DE LUXE Grade	STANDARD Grade	MEDALIST Grade
450-21	\$8.15	\$6.50	\$5.40
475-19	8.65	6.90	5.70
500-19	9.25	7.40	6.05
525-18	10.30	8.35	6.70
550-18	11.65	9.25	6.70
550-19	11.85	9.70	

MILLER TIRES FOR Long Safe Mileage

Eagle Denied Greif by NRA, Defying Court

Violations Laid to Firm; Perkins Raps Label's Return to Harriman.

Continued from Page 1.

et and member of the Labor Advisory Board, expressed "gratification" of NRA's action against the Greif company and declared it means an "end to a new form of sweat shops."

The Greif Co., rated as the second largest in the industry, operating ten plants in Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia, "has been found in violation of a labor provision of the men's clothing code protecting wages of workers receiving less than \$30 per week but in excess of the average of the lowest wage," according to an official statement.

Industry Backs Provision.

The recovery agency explained that this is the type of provisions appearing in all codes, designed to prevent cutting all wages to code minimums. It added that the industry generally was supporting this provision.

Yesterday's action followed a hearing July 5 before the recovery unit's compliance council. The company was given two weeks in which to make restitution of back wages, said to amount to more than \$100,000, or obtain an exception from code provisions.

The company's application, according to the statement, was denied by the code authority, and the latter's action was sustained by the National Recovery Administration. NRA officials say this announcement was withheld until dismissal of a restraining order by the Federal District Court in Baltimore Monday against Recovery Administrator Hugh S. Johnson and members of the compliance council on jurisdictional grounds.

The injunction, however, was continued against Bernard J. Flynn, United States Attorney at Baltimore; Arthur Hungerford, Maryland NRA director, and Benjamin Lebow, Baltimore representative of the men's clothing industry.

Protest Sent Johnson.

The protest against the decision in the Harriman case was contained in a telegram sent to Johnson, who was rushing back to his desk by airplane from the Pacific Coast. His departure coincided with restoration of the mill's NRA insignia by John Clancy, NRA field representative, who assertedly acted without Johnson's authority.

The message charged the company with not complying with the labor action of the National Industrial Recovery act with respect to two controversial points: Restoration of strikers to jobs they left during collective bargaining dispute, and spreading of employment among local workers.

"Restoration of the eagle is a repudiation of your (Johnson's) published statements that you were convinced of the company's violation of the recovery act and the 'hosiery code,'" the message said.

It was signed by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, acting chairman of the advisory board.

Immediate withdrawal of the insignia was demanded, together with "reparation of damage done the workers."

Prompt Action Praised.

Later in the day, the National Recovery Administration issued another press statement over the name of Sidney Hillman, member of its advisory board, and a textile union organizer, in which he expressed "gratification" over the "prompt steps to instruct" the code authority to withhold labels from the Greif company.

The action, Hillman said, will "put an end to the attempt to develop a new form of sweat shop under the NRA, which, if successful, would have plunged the clothing industry back into ruinous competition to the manufacturers and old sweatshop wages for labor."

Continued Hillman said: "It was these sweat-shop wages, bringing untold misery upon thousands and thousands of our wage earners and their families, which moved groups of men and women with no social conscience to wage a campaign to wipe out this shameful stain from our industrial life, even before the NRA was passed. With only a few, a very few exceptions, the press of the country gave full cooperation to this campaign, with the result that public opinion was aroused against the iniquity of paying workers a bare existence wage."

"Through the cooperation of enlightened employers in the clothing industry and organized labor, for the last 25 years a successful effort was made to bring into the industry decent standard wages; unemployment insurance, which had distributed over \$10,000,000 in the last six years to the workers when unemployed, and a form of arbitration in industry that has made self-government possible. All during these years this structure was threatened by a small group of greedy employers who sought to maintain and perpetuate sweat-shop wages. This group, always a menace to the industry, has since the beginning of the depression in 1929 become more so. All through the depression the civilized employers and organized labor were compelled to reduce the wages of the workers in order to meet that vicious competition. In the latter part of 1932 and early part of 1933, it was obvious that, if this process continued, decent employers would have no place in the industry."

"Baci Them Out," He Says.

"The code of fair competition for the clothing industry was intended to root out these socially and industrially destructive elements. Stabilization and continued prosperity were to depend upon decent labor standards and decent labor standards alone, as there are no price-controlling provisions in this code."

"In order to guard the industry against the possibility of the old sweat shops making the minimum the maximum, a provision was

Strikers Idle While Cattle Bawl for Water



Some of the hundreds of cattle handlers on strike in Chicago are shown in the upper picture sitting or standing idly while officials made frantic efforts to feed and water thousands of cattle in the yards. In the lower photo, taken at Wichita, Kans., are some of the thousands of animals being moved from farms where water and feed are becoming exhausted.

Mail Contract Hearing Faces 32 Ocean Lines

Sensational Disclosures on Huge Subsidies Intimated.

The Postoffice Department yesterday ordered 32 ocean mail contractors to appear here on October 1 to show cause why the contracts covering their foreign mail routes should not be modified or canceled.

The order, issued through Acting Postmaster General W. H. Howes, said the hearing would continue from October 1 until they are concluded and a report made to President Roosevelt in accordance with an Executive order issued July 11.

President Roosevelt on that date directed Postmaster General Farley to make a thorough investigation of foreign air-mail contracts and ocean-mail contracts made under the merchant marine act of 1928 and entered into prior to June 16, 1933.

It was said at the department that \$25,000,000 was paid out last year in subsidies for ocean mail. The total amount expended for the purpose was about \$29,000,000. Had the mail been carried on an actual postage basis the cost to the Government, it is contended, would have been approximately \$3,000,000.

Contractors Affected.

The ocean mail contractors to whom the order was sent included: United States Line, United Fruit Co., the Oceanic Steamship Co., Munson Steamship Line, Export Steamship Corporation, American South African Line, Inc., Grace Steamship Co., Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc., Gulf Mail Steamship Co., South Atlantic Steamship Co., American Lines, and the Oceanic and Oriental Navigation Co.

Roosevelt Steamship Co., American Diamond Line, Inc., Dollar Steamship Line, Inc., Admiral Oriental Line, and the Gulf Pacific Mail Line, Inc.

The foreign air-mail contractors to whom the orders were sent included: Canadian Colonial Airways, Inc., in care of the American Airways, Inc., Chicago; Seattle Victoria Air-mail, Inc., Pan-American Airways, Inc., and Pan-American-Grace Airways.

Hardship Held Not Serious.

The ruling against Sears, Roebuck followed public hearings in which company representatives said the "cut, make and trim" provision had worked undue hardship as the company had employed that method of production for many years. They testified they had complied with the code in this respect since its effective date.

Disapproval was decided upon after study by the NRA Advisory Board and was recommended by Deputy Administrator Dean G. Edwards and the men's clothing code authority.

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Maj. Landreth 605 Millions Slated as Acting In Securities Insular Chief Issues Asked

Mrs. Hampton, Chicago, Chosen to Assistant Director.

By Leon Dure, Jr.

Maj. Earl Landreth, secretary of the Puerto Rican Hurricane Relief Commission, will be named acting director of the new Division of Territories and Island Possessions in the Interior Department. The Post learned yesterday.

This became known as the Puerto Rico section of the War Department's Bureau of Insular Affairs prepared to move into the Interior Building, in accordance with the President's Executive order of May 29 creating the new agency.

The division will unite for the first time the Federal administration of Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Actually it will not come into being until Monday, 60 days after the merger was ordered under the reorganization powers given the President.

But already Mrs. Ruth Hampton, of Chicago, a longtime friend of Secretary Ickes, has been chosen for assistant director, although none of the appointments have been formally announced. Interior officials likewise confirmed the pending appointment of Maj. Landreth as acting director.

The Army officer, youngish, affable assistant on Puerto Rican relief, is expected to serve only temporarily until Secretary Ickes determines upon a permanent selection for the position, which will be the most important administrative post in the new set-up.

Ickes on Vacation.

Officials confessed themselves in darkness on the permanent director. Secretary Ickes is away on vacation and will not return until about August 10, accompanying President Roosevelt on his return to Washington from the West Coast.

Maj. Landreth's appointment is brought about by the necessity of naming an immediate head to the division to satisfy certain Puerto Rican bond requirements. Mrs. Hampton has never held public office, but is considered expert on Hawaiian affairs as a resident of the islands for more than 10 years.

The new division will bring together under one roof almost all the agencies on insular affairs which have been scattered, in past years, throughout the Government. In this was seen the nucleus of a new colonial administration, leading to the development of a trained personnel.

The administration of Alaska, Hawaii and the Virgin Islands already had been centered in the Interior Department. But little coordination has existed, various officials being responsible for different territories or possessions. All this is expected to be changed, although no plans have yet been announced.

\$1,000,000 Set Aside.

Some idea of what might be expected under the new arrangement is given by the enthusiastic application of the "New Deal" to the Virgin Islands. The PWA, located in the same building, holds \$1,000,000 ready for the establishment of sub-sistence homesteads, a tourist hotel, and a rum distillery in the destitute islands.

In similar fashion the other Caribbean possession, Puerto Rico, is expected to get the largesse of an Administration anxious to rehabilitate the West Indies. Alaska and Hawaii are self-supporting, but the PWA also has made extensive allotments in those directions.

The War and Navy Departments eventually will be left only the administrative part of such relatively unimportant possessions as Guam, American Samoa, and the Canal Zone. The Philippines, while still under the War Department, apparently soon will attain the status of a Commonwealth—the first step to independence in ten years.

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HOTELS.

New York City.

66 Boys at Reeder For Two Weeks Stay

Sixty-six boys arrived at Camp Reeder, the Boys' Club camp on the Wicomico River in Maryland, yesterday to begin a two weeks' stay through the courtesy of the Junior Board of Commerce, which financing "scholarships" for underprivileged boys by selling tickets to a boxing program at Griffith Stadium, August 13.

HOTELS.

New York City.

Drug Store Ransacked; \$650 in Loot Taken

Cigarettes, razors, watches and fountain pens, valued at \$650, were reported stolen yesterday from a drug store at 1701 Pennsylvania avenue northwest.

Edward J. Kinney, manager of the store, told police the intruders forced entrance by removing bars from a rear window. The place was ransacked, he said.

Applications Filed With Trade Commission by 186 Firms.

A total of 186 financial statements, proposing security issues in the amount of \$409,029,000, have been filed with the Federal Trade Commission under the 1933 securities act, as of June 30, it was announced yesterday.

Fees paid into the Federal Treasury by these registrants since July 27, 1933, when the act became effective, amount to \$81,140.42. The largest fee was \$4,610.

Face value of the securities proposed to be issued ranged from \$5,520 up to \$48,100,000. The second largest issue was \$24,000,000. One was for \$25,000,000, another for \$20,000,000, and 11 ranged from \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000.

Among the registrations were three for Washington financial organizations and one for a Mount Rainier, Md., concern. They are as follows:

Progressive Building & Loan Association, Washington, offering securities valued at \$315,000, and paying a fee of \$31.50.

Standard Collateral Shares Corporation, Washington, \$250,000 in securities and a \$25 fee.

Washington Industrial Loan Co., Washington, \$100,000 in securities and a \$25 fee.

State Loan Co., Mount Rainier, \$443,815 in securities and a \$44.38 fee.

Film Table

Current screen features and stage bills are shown on the following schedules at theaters named:

Earle—"The Key," at 11:10 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 7:10 and 9:35 p. m. Stage shows at 1, 3:40, 6:20 and 9:35 p. m.

Loew's Fox—"Kiss and Make Up," at 11:05 a. m., 1:45, 4:30, 7:15 and 10 p. m. Stage shows at 1:30, 3:35, 6:20 and 9:35 p. m.

Palace—"Building Drummond Striker Back," at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:25, 5:30, 7:35 and 9:40 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Here Comes the Groom," at 12:15, 2:40, 5:05, 7:30 and 9:50 p. m.

Columbia—"Wild Gold," at 11:45 a. m., 1:45, 3:45, 5:45, 7:45 and 9:45 p. m.

RKO-Keith's—"Whom the Gods Destroy," at 12:05, 2:01, 3:00, 5:07, 7:05 and 9:33 p. m.

Tivoli—"Life of Vergie Winters," at 2:35, 4:10, 6:15 and 9:35 p. m.

Ambassador—"Sadie McKee," at 11:15, 8 and 9:50 p. m.

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EVERYONE, at least on special occasions, likes to have a few bottles, or cases, of extra-rare old American whiskey on hand.

Unfortunately this will soon be impossible unless you stock up now.

The nation's entire available supply is limited by the fact that it had to be laid down before prohibition age today—and what little remains is rapidly dwindling to the vanishing point—as is ours.

When this diminishing supply of rare old whiskey is exhausted, you will never see any more, as the government requires that whiskey be withdrawn at the end of 8 years from barrels and bottled for purposes of revenue.

In fact, our famous 16-year-old Old Taylor is now completely sold out—showing the way of the wind.

The rest of this venerable stock—scarcely day, are prizes of a very rare order.

And you can judge just about how soon they will be gone when we tell you that the prices, at least for the present, are held strictly down to a very moderate figure, and that this announcement is running in the leading newspapers of 34 cities.

*You'll always be able to call for these famous brand names—and get the finest 4-year-old or older, bottled in bond whiskeys in America. Only the very old, prohibition-aged stocks are referred to in this advertisement.

The famous brands OLD GRAND DAD, SUNNY BROOK and MOUNT VERNON make up the greater part of this special limited stock, but also there are small quantities remaining of BOURBON de luxe, OLD MCBRYDER, BLACK GOLD, BLUE GRASS and OLD RIFT

Also one famous rye—Mount Vernon—12 to 13 years old—and smooth as liquid silk.*

These were names to conjure with before the war, and the few cases that remain, heavily drawn against every

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U. S. to Move Farmers Out Of Dry Zone

Relief Plans Broadened on Huge Scale as Drought Spreads.

By Robert C. Albright.

Revamping drought relief plans in a grim race with the fast-spreading blight, the Federal Government yesterday took rapid inventory of resources for aid and marshaled facilities in a battle to halt suffering.

Just back from the West, Dr. Elwood Mead, Commissioner of Reclamation, startled Washington by announcing that tens of thousands of families will have to be moved out of parched sections of South Dakota, Wyoming and Montana. Estimating approximately 1,000 drought-driven families can be taken care of on Federal projects, he said. State relief officials, cooperating with FERA, are planning the exodus of other thousands.

At no time in 50 years' contact with sun-scorched Western areas has he witnessed conditions approximating present drought suffering, he said.

Awaits Crisis This Week.

Helpless to check the death-dealing heat, officials in a half dozen Government agencies scanned weather charts from the Western drought belt, reexamined plans drawn to fight the first spring shadow of the drought, revised and extended their program.

As the withering heat drove its way into the Western corn belt, taking its first heavy toll of new corn, scaling down surpluses in a score of commodities, Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace held in abeyance all crop plans for 1935. Secretary Wallace ordered full speed ahead on AAA live stock buying operations and commended every available emergency cushion to ease the drought shock. He said he still hopes to save the bulk of the Eastern corn belt crop. Success or failure against cumulative drought hinges on the next week's weather.

Other Washington developments were:

Departmental officials conferred on a move to arbitrate the Chicago Stockyards strike, now handicapping drought relief operations in a broad Midwestern area.

AAA officials pressed efforts to prevent further glutting of receiving centers, handling cattle purchased by the Government in drought-stricken States.

Studies were launched to aid the Federal Emergency Relief Administration and the Federal Surplus Relief Corporation in handling and disposing of Government-purchased drought cattle.

Headed by Dr. Mordecai Ezekiel, AAA economic adviser, one committee surveyed packing plants and cold storage facilities in an effort to convert vegetable processing plants to the handling of meat and preserve meat for future consumption.

Wider implications of the drought and necessary expansion of facilities were studied by another committee, comprising representatives of the AAA, the Farm Credit Administration and the Federal Surplus Relief Corporation.

Seek Unused Pastures

In their search for feed for famished cattle, officials appraised all unused pasture lands, including fields surrounding large Eastern cities. Secretary Wallace estimated from 4,000,000 to 7,000,000 head of cattle will have to be slaughtered, wiping out the present live stock surplus.

To help tanners handle the tremendous glut of hides thus thrown on the market, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation arranged a \$10,000,000 loan.

Calling newsmen into his regular weekly press conference, Secretary Wallace made no attempt to conceal his concern. He still saw no reason for "alarm" unless present blistering temperatures continue their pace for another week or two.

He scoffed at the suggestion of a food shortage, but admitted there may be sharp price reactions. "We are so situated that we just can't have a famine in this country," he insisted.

He exhibited drought charts for the day, showing Kansas temperatures still 11 degrees above normal; Missouri, 10 degrees; Nebraska, 9 degrees; and South Dakota, 10 degrees and Oklahoma, each 7 degrees higher than average. Even this Potomac River Basin, he said, is faced with actual drought conditions.

Refusing to forecast for the time being any downward drop in the 2,113,000,000-bushel July 1 corn crop estimates, he admitted much of the corn in Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, South Dakota and Iowa is "tasseling white, which means there will be no corn on those stalks."

Effects Already Eased.

"If it keeps up for another three weeks, we will have a very real situation on our hands," he said. By encouraging increases in pastures and hay, by storing corn as security on loans, by reducing the number of hogs, potential consumers of corn, Wallace said the AAA has already eased the effects of the drought.

"It is an extraordinary blessing that we have been able to accumulate all of these powers for coping with emergency conditions," he said. "And it is a blessing Harry Hopkins had the nerve to ask \$500,000,000 more for relief."

"But I am afraid the effect of it all will be to distort the judgment of every one concerned as to what the general agricultural picture of the country ought to be in ordinary weather."

Dynamite Hulers
Miss Mine Watchmen

Butte, Mont., July 25 (AP).—The lives of three watchmen at the east gate of the Leonard copper mine were endangered today by lighted sticks of dynamite tossed over the fence into the mine yard.

One stick was broken when it hit the ground, only the upper half exploded. The other failed to detonate.

President Roosevelt's Host Today



David (take a breath) Kauiakamehameha, one of the featured attractions of the Island of Oahu. He conducts a one-man native village in the manner of his ancestor and makes a good thing of it by charging tourists a small admission fee. In the picture above he is preparing to snap at an installment of one-fingered pot. The Presidential party is expected to visit him.

Massachusetts Democrats Are Divided by New Deal

Continued from Page 1.

nized and proclaimed. He holds no official position. He retains his insurance brokerage office. But as the pro-New Deal Boston Post put it in a recent political article, written by Robert L. Norton, this son of the President "has dictated all the Federal appointments in the State, and, furthermore, all the patronage which goes with them. Young Roosevelt is practically the dictator of this State today, so far as patronage is concerned."

Walsh and Ely Ignored.

Boston newspapers have recorded many episodes of important appointments on which Senator Walsh, Gov. Ely and their Democratic associates were not consulted. Outwardly there is peace and harmony. Walsh and "Jim" Roosevelt have exchanged telegrams that dripped with honey. Yet behind the scenes all is not a love feast.

And the suspicion is that Gov. Ely, if not the Senator, threatened to rush into print with some scorching words unless some of the New Deal influences behind Curley capitulated to the general in the Democratic convention.

That convention was on June 15. Scarcely a week before, James Roosevelt was quoted in the local press as being devotedly behind Curley for Governor.

"I am in full accord with his candidacy," he was quoted as saying, "and I will carry out my promise to aid him in every way I can."

Then He Steps Out.

That was a week before the convention. The night before, James Roosevelt issued a statement to the effect that he was keeping out of the fight—hands off. It might be misconstrued, he explained, if he were to mix in. Some people might suspect that he was acting under orders from Washington. So he stayed away and Joseph A. Maynard, collector of the port, and Mrs. Grace Howe, wife of the Presidential secretary, Louie, warmed up to Gen. Cole. The backing on which Curley counted suddenly faded away. It is no stretch of the imagination to think Gov. Ely telegraphed to some of his newspaper friends and asking them to "kill" a red-hot interview which he had decided not to make public.

However, this did not placate Jim Curley. It was a "bossed convention," he charged. He will have Gen. Cole's scalp in the September primaries. It will be a lively row. Jim Curley has proved himself a great vote-getter. He has been an idol of the influential Irish voters who rule Boston. He is out for blood, the more so because he feels that he has been let down badly. Was he the original Roosevelt man in Massachusetts? While Walsh and Ely and Cole were backing Al Smith in the stop-Roosevelt drive, Jim Curley was making more noise than almost any body else on the Roosevelt bandwagon.

Curley Still Ambitious.

To be sure, Mr. Roosevelt offered him the job of Ambassador to Poland. But, aside from the high cost of diplomacy, what did Jim Curley know or care about the Polish corridor? He turned that one down. He and James Roosevelt have remained very close, but for some reason, Louie Howe has not been overly cordial. Jim Curley has been puzzled and hurt. Yet his ambition has mounted steadily. After being Governor, he would run for the Senate in 1936, taking Senator Coolidge's seat away from him.

Some of the local prophets believe Curley can beat Cole in the primary. But Republicans who would vote for Walsh and for Ely would not vote for Curley in the Statehouse. And there appears to be no union for the New Deal in any of the contingencies. Presumably, the White House will remain as remote from the conflict in the Democratic household as it can. Unless, perchance, some bigger, better plum than the Ambassadorship to Poland can be found to lure the former mayor away.

The Republicans might capitalize the dissension in the Democratic camp but for their own disorganization and fears of the President's popularity. They have nominated Robert Washburn, one-time Bull Moose, to run against Walsh. And Washburn, while personally popular, has suffered the usual fate of the wise-cracker in politics. He is not taken seriously enough. Moreover, he once bolted the G. O. P. to back Curley in 1924 and bolted again to Ely in 1932.

For Governor, the Republicans, in their preliminary convention,

selected Lieut. Gov. Caspar G. Bacon, a young but old-line Republican, who is politically vulnerable because his name was on the famous J. P. Morgan preferred list—thanks to his family's connections with that firm.

The Republicans are not sanguine of victory—unless the row in the Democratic backyard sets off some high-powered dynamite. However, the Republicans have hopes of capturing three Democratic seats in Congress—those now occupied by Representatives Grandfield, Connerly and Healey—and they expect to hold the ten seats they now have.

As yet the President remains above and beyond the Bay State battlefield. Nobody is venturing to assail him. There are few surer signs of present business betterment than his immunity from political assault. For the politicians, like the bankers, however uneasy they may be about the future, recognize the futility of trying to get the mass of the voters to view with alarm when the sun seems to be shining.

By all the advance signs victory in Massachusetts will go in the fall to Democrats who once fought Roosevelt as furiously as the most hostile of Republicans.

U. S. Questions Employers on Idle Insurance

400 Code Authorities Are Asked Opinion of Compensation.

The Business Advisory and Planning Council of the Commerce Department yesterday sent a questionnaire to 400 code authorities to get "industry" point of view on the desirability of unemployment insurance.

The Council said the questionnaire was the result of "widespread and growing importance of the subject of unemployment insurance or compensation, as indicated in President Roosevelt's message to Congress on June 29."

The questionnaire asked the code authorities 16 specific questions, including the most advisable methods of provision and administration and whether voluntary or compulsory insurance under law would be more desirable. The Council said: "The paramount importance of the topic of unemployment insurance makes it imperative, especially in view of probable legislative developments in this field at the next session of Congress, that the American business and industry inform itself on the subject and make its views known so that constructively helpful principles may be adopted and cooperative action between business and government may result."

Wilbur J. Nusbaum Dies at Residence

Wilbur John Nusbaum, 53, for the last 23 years an employee of the Washington Navy Yard, died early yesterday at his residence, 820 Sheridan street northwest, after a lingering illness.

A native of Lehigh, Pa., Mr. Nusbaum was active in King David Lodge of Masons. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Helen E. Nusbaum; two daughters, Dorothy F. and Thelma L. Nusbaum, and two sons, Wilbur W. and Harold C. Nusbaum, all of Washington. He also leaves two sisters, Mrs. Hazel M. Reibeleis and Mrs. Eugene Beauty, of this city.

Funeral services will be held at his residence tomorrow at 1:30 p. m. by King David Lodge. Further rites will be conducted at Brookland Methodist Church. Burial will be in Fort Lincoln Cemetery.

Patient Recovering From Poison Effects

Robert D. Bowen, 31, of Knoxville, Tenn., was reported recovering in Gallinger Hospital last night from the effects of a quantity of poison he allegedly swallowed yesterday in the lobby of a downtown hotel.

Police said Bowen swallowed the poison in an attempt to end his life, but refused to comment on his reason. Several hundred persons crowded about the hotel entrance as he was carried to an ambulance.

Kilauea Quiet As Roosevelt Visits Summit

Volcano Unimpressed by Attention; Next Stop Honolulu.

Continued from Page 1.

ship, the U. S. S. Houston, and, landing at 9:10 a. m. (2:40 p. m. S. T.), waved a welcome to the huge crowd and entered an automobile for the 3-mile drive to the volcano.

He smiled broadly as Sam Spencer, chairman of the local reception committee, placed about his neck a flower lei, Hawaiian symbol of greeting. It was made of Hawaiian daisies. Spencer then decorated Roosevelt's two sons in similar fashion, while cameras clicked. The Executive spoke briefly with newspapermen, who crowded about his limousine before it rolled away.

Honolulu Next Stop.

Kilauea is 4,000 feet above sea level, and the highway climbs steadily through rich sugar cane fields, with their characteristically tropical odor.

The President's program allowed him several hours in the Kilauea region before the return to Hilo, where a parade was planned prior to his reboarding the Houston for the overnight voyage to Honolulu.

Heat Kills Man Here; U. S. Toll Rises to 1,012

Mercury Mounts to 97 in D. C.; Showers to Bring Relief.

Continued from Page 1.

bringing cooling relief after the torrid day.

The Weather Bureau here predicted occasional thundershowers today, which are expected to lower temperatures considerably. Out on the grass plains of the Middle Western States which in many places resembled sun-baked areas on some strange, cloudless planet, cattle continued to die by the hundreds. The Associated Press reported thousands of live stock have been destroyed and the market value of many other thousands seriously reduced during the past 16 days. In all great producing centers irreparable damage has resulted to crops.

Grain Prices Advance.

On the Chicago Board of Trade grain prices closed higher, corn and wheat up 2½ cents, on predictions that the corn crop would be the most meager since 1901, with the yield in Missouri alone reduced by 89,000,000 bushels in the past few weeks.

The Chicago live stock market was closed to new arrivals due to a strike in the stockyards. The Associated Press reported pens were glutted with 75,000 head of cattle, mostly purchased by the Federal Government to relieve the drought-blighted farmers. Dealers described prices on the beasts in "the yards" as "disastrous."

Tens of thousands of persons in the Dakotas and on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains "must be evacuated," Reclamation Commissioner Elwood Mead said on forecast from the Weather Bureau of continued drought.

A storm of almost hurricane violence struck suddenly from the Gulf, concentrating most of its force on Texas. Freeport and Port O'Connor were hardest hit, the Associated Press asserted, and thousands of persons were displaced. No immediate accurate check of the damage was available.

Showers Favor East.

Lower temperatures, with showers in many places, favored the Atlantic Coast. Several baseball games were postponed. The Pacific Coast continued to enjoy comfortable weather.

New disaster threatened in many communities when the specter of a water shortage raised its head. In downstate Illinois two counties reported the situation was "becoming desperate." Some Iowa cities have been hauling water in tank cars. Throughout the Middle West hundreds of new wells have been sunk.

In countless thousands grasshoppers, chinch bugs and other insect pests added their ravages to the farmers' worries. As he worked on the new Federal warehouse, under construction at Ninth street and Virginia avenue southwest, Meritt Pella, 54, of 802 F street southwest, an employee of the Walter Kidd Construction Co., was overcome by the heat.

Pronounced Dead.

He was given first aid by a nurse from the Workmen's Clinic. Physicians at Casualty Hospital pronounced him dead on arrival.

Responding to a mad-dog alarm in the 1500 block Ninth street northwest, Patrolman T. F. Heide, of the Second Precinct, saw a heat-crazed Boston bull holding a small crowd at bay.

Drawing his service revolver, Heide waited for the crowd to stand back before he shot the animal. The beast leaped at him and sank its teeth into his hand. Heide shot the animal, then was treated at the Policemen's and Firemen's Clinic.

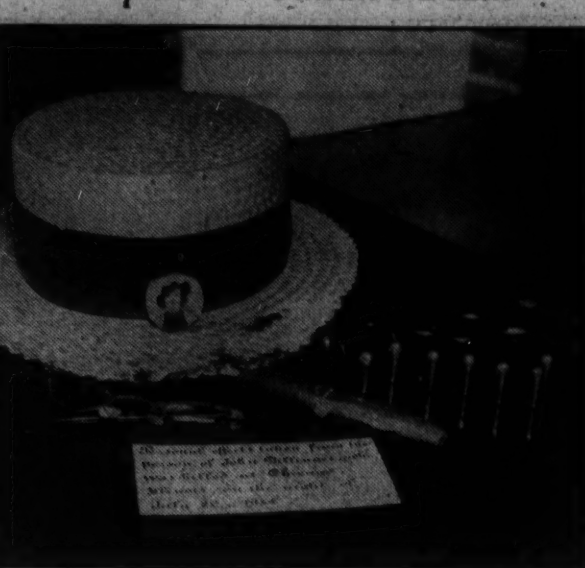
The heat drove golfers from the District's courses and sent dozens of youngsters splashing in the forbidden fountains. Here and there in yards hoses played upon children.

Along the waterfront metal parts of moored ships became so hot it was impossible to touch them.

Winchester, Va., reported a maximum temperature of 103 degrees, within 4 degrees of the all-time high record of 107.

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Trophies of Outlaw's Death



These mementoes of John Dillinger are on display at the Justice Department as grim reminders of what fate holds for men of his type. The bullet-riddled hat, the photo, cigar and glasses all were taken from Dillinger after he was shot in Chicago.

Kennedy Scouts Fear Of Stock Market Rule

Chairman of Securities Commission Vows His Agency Will Not Annoy Honest Business; Urges Return of Confidence.

By Franklin W. Wainman, Jr.

CONTENDING that the business condition of the country justifies a greater confidence than exists and that security dealing would go forward on a broad scale, Chairman Joseph P. Kennedy of the Securities and Exchange Commission yesterday promised that that agency would not "harass, annoy and push around" honest business.

Kennedy's first public speech since he became chief of the securities commission, made at a luncheon of the National Press Club and broadcast to the Nation, was devoted to assuring the financial and business community that the new law would be administered in a cooperative spirit and without "vindictiveness" or "venom" and without "the slightest thought of eliminating or restricting proper profits."

It was apparent Kennedy has been concerned over the depressed condition of the country's security markets and he took occasion to disavow that the new stock market control law is responsible.

Wall Street attached importance to the speech and after it was made security prices which had been sliding downward became firmer at the close of the day.

Other Commissioners Appear in Accord.

PRESENT during the Kennedy speech were Ferdinand Pecora, Robert E. Healy and George C. Mathews, members of the commission, and they appeared in full agreement with what their chairman said.

Kennedy said he agreed that business needs confidence—"confidence that if business does the right thing it will be protected and given a chance to live, make profits and grow, helping itself and helping the country."

But the "old things business did, the old practices it followed are, some of them, no longer the right ones," he added.

"But not all the old practices are wrong and there is no belief, at least none in the minds of the Securities and Exchange Commission, that business is to be viewed with suspicion; that it must be harassed and annoyed and pushed around," he added. "Domestic tranquility is as essential to business as it is to our political system and it was stated as one of the primary objects to be achieved through the Constitution."

He said the members of the commission did not regard themselves as "coroners sitting on the corpse of financial enterprise," but instead thought of themselves as "the means of bringing new life into the body of the security business," holding the view that "business based on good will should be encouraged."

Seeks to Reassure Capital of Safety.

"It would be idle to deny that confidence is lacking in this country, and this is especially true of the security business," he

continued. "It is true today that business is better than confidence. There are several reasons for this. An important one is that in any time of change, capital—always a shy bird—shrinks from taking new positions. There is nothing unusual in this; it is caution born of experience."

Mr. Kennedy said he regarded it as an important part of the commission's job "to reassure capital as to its safety in going ahead and to reassure the investor as to the protection of his interests by restricting certain practices which have been detrimental to their interests, and by making available adequate information to the public upon which it can act intelligently."

"We want to see the wheels turn over and gather speed," he asserted. "We want to see the security business, by far the greatest in volume and most important in its effects of any in the country, go forward on a broad scale. To bring that about we shall not sit as prosecutors, hopeful of bringing in a verdict of guilt."

Disavows Security Law Is Detrimental to Capital.

KENNEDY pointed out that at the present time there was a flood-tide. "Vast credit resources are left untouched, except for the drafts made on them by Government demands," he added.

"Why is this?" he asked and then answered: "Obviously because business enterprise has been seriously wounded and needs to be nursed back to health and confidence. Some will try to tell you that pioneering and daring in business have been discouraged by the new stock exchange law."

"Don't let them get away with that, for it is not true. No honest man—no decent institution which seeks to render service instead of merely achieving profit—need fear the regulations that have been set up."

"The whole motive of the security act is to be found in the effort—the necessary and longer escapable effort—to make finance responsible. There is to be no vindictiveness in its interpretation, no concealed punishment for those who must live under it. There are no grudges to satisfy; no venom which needs victims. The rules are simple and honest. Only those who see things crookedly will find them harsh."

Pledges Relentless War on Stock Sales by Fraud.

BUT he added that the commission "will make war without quarter on any who sell securities by fraud or misrepresentation."

He contended that the recovery program to be finally successful "needs a sound and broad security market which provides, as an accompaniment, a very large and regular tax flow to the Treasury."

Such a market should be "truly barometric," reflecting economic conditions with the earning power

Crowds Fight To See Funeral Of Dillinger

Police Battle Throngs to Keep Order; Outlaw's Sister Faints.

Continued from Page 1.

sermon. In it there was no mention of the one for whom the obsequies were held.

The pastor's text was, "Have Faith in God." "Many people think the Dillingers have not had faith in God," said the preacher. "I glory that this whole family has had faith in God."

"Our God is a God of mercy . . . so necessary in these days of vindictiveness and hatred."

The slain gangster's 70-year-old father, John Dillinger, sr., costless, sat through the services displaying little emotion. But the sister, as the casket was closed, fainted and it was some time before she was revived.

A police detachment sent from Indianapolis held the crowd well in check until the casket was carried from the home. Then the throng surged forward.

Moving picture and newspaper cameramen, attempting to take views of the funeral cortege, aroused the crowd's animosity. There was a quick skirmish in which some cameras were broken and some heads cracked. Then police gained command of the situation.

A circuitous route the hearse and funeral procession went to the cemetery in Indianapolis. There an entrance was made through a gate seldom used and a crowd of several thousand waiting outside the main entrance missed seeing the cortege.

In the crowd about the Hancock home was Mary Kinder, of Indianapolis, sweetheart of Harry Pierpont, one of the Dillinger gangsters under sentence to die for killing Sheriff Jess Barber in the liberation of Dillinger from the Lima (Ohio) Jail.

She wept as they took the body away. "Just think, I've got to go through this twice more," she said. Charles Makley, still another Dillinger gangster, is to be electrocuted with Pierpont.

of the Nation as the controlling factor in establishing security levels.

The Government through its Liberty Loan drives made the people of this country a Nation of security holders, he argued, and the 16,000,000 stockholders and bondholders have a claim on the Government to protect them. The fact that the Government has taken steps, "purely protective and in no sense finally prohibitive," will do more, he asserted, "to restore and uphold confidence in security trading than any device employed since the New York Stock Exchange met under the buttonwood in 1792 at a place that is now in Wall Street."

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THROUGHOUT THE YEAR

CINC

Eagle Denied Greif by NRA, Defying Court

Violations Laid to Firm; Perkins Raps Label's Return to Harriman.

Continued from Page 1.

and member of the Labor Advisory Board, expressed "gratification" of NRA's action against the Greif company and declared it means an "end to a new form of sweat shops."

The Greif Co., rated as the second largest in the industry, operating ten plants in Maryland, Pennsylvania and Virginia, "has been found in violation of a labor provision of the men's clothing code protecting wages of workers receiving less than \$30 per week but in excess of the average of the lowest wage," according to an official statement.

Industry Backs Provision.

The recovery agency explained that this is the type of provisions appearing in all codes, designed to prevent cutting all wages to code minimums. It added that the industry generally was supporting this provision.

Yesterday's action followed a hearing July 5 before the recovery unit's compliance council. The company was given two weeks in which to make restitution of back wages, said to amount to more than \$100,000, or obtain an exception from code provisions.

The company's application, according to the statement, was denied by the code authority, and the latter's action was sustained by the National Recovery Administration. NRA officials say this announcement was withheld until dismissal of a restraining order by the Federal District Court in Baltimore.

The injunction, however, was continued against Bernard J. Flynn, United States Attorney at Baltimore, Arthur Hungerford, Maryland NRA director, and Benjamin Lebow, Baltimore representative of the Men's Clothing Authority.

Protest Sent Johnson.

The protest against the decision of the Harriman case was contained in a telegram sent to Johnson, who was rushing back to his desk by airplane from the Pacific Coast. His departure coincided with restoration of the mill's NRA insignia by John Clancy, NRA field representative, who assertedly acted without Johnson's authority.

The message charged the company did not comply with the labor action of the National Industrial Recovery act with respect to two controversial points: Restoration of the strikers to jobs they left during a collective bargaining dispute, and spreading of employment among local workers.

"Restoration of the eagle is a repudiation of your (Johnson's) published statements that you were convinced of the company's violation of the recovery act and the 'hosiery code,' the message said.

It was signed by William Green, president of the American Federation of Labor, acting chairman of the advisory board.

Immediate withdrawal of the insignia was demanded, together with "reparation of damage done the workers."

Prompt Action Praised.

Later in the day, the National Recovery Administration issued another press statement over the name of Sidney Hillman, member of its advisory board, and a textile union organizer, in which he expressed "gratification" over the "prompt steps to instruct" the code authority to withhold labels from the Greif company.

The action, Hillman said, will "put an end to the attempt to develop a new form of sweat shop under the NRA, which, if successful, would have plunged the clothing industry back into ruinous competition to the manufacturers and old sweatshop wages for labor."

Continuing, Hillman said: "It was these sweat-shop wages, bringing untold misery upon thousands and thousands of our wage earners and their families, which moved groups of men and women with social conscience to wage a campaign to wipe out this shameful stain from our industrial life, even before the NRA was passed. With only a few, a very few exceptions, the press of the country gave full cooperation to this campaign, with the result that public opinion was aroused against the iniquity of paying workers a bare existence wage."

"Through the cooperation of enlightened employers in the clothing industry and organized labor, for the last 25 years a successful effort was made to bring into the industry decent standard wages; unemployment insurance, which had distributed over \$10,000,000 in the last six years to the workers when unemployed, and a form of arbitration in industry that has made self-government possible. All during these years this structure was threatened by a small group of greedy employers who sought to maintain and perpetuate sweat-shop wages. This group, always a menace to the industry, has since the beginning of the depression in 1929 become more so. All through the depression the civilized employers and organized labor were compelled to reduce the wages of the workers in order to meet that vicious competition. In the latter part of 1932 and early part of 1933, it was obvious that, if this process continued, decent employers would have no place in the industry."

"Root Them Out," He Says.

"The code of fair competition for the clothing industry was intended to root out these socially and financially destructive elements. Stabilization and continued prosperity were to depend upon decent labor standards and decent labor prices alone, as there are no price-controlling provisions in this code."

"In order to guard the industry against the possibility of the old sweatshopers making the minimum the maximum, a provision was

Strikers Idle While Cattle Bawl for Water



Some of the hundreds of cattle handlers on strike in Chicago are shown in the upper picture sitting or standing idly while officials made frantic efforts to feed and water thousands of cattle in the yards. In the lower photo, taken at Wichita, Kans., are some of the thousands of animals being moved from farms where water and feed are becoming exhausted.

Mail Contract Hearing Faces 32 Ocean Lines

Sensational Disclosures on Huge Subsidies Intimated.

The Postoffice Department yesterday ordered 32 ocean mail contractors to appear here on October 1 to show cause why the contracts covering their foreign mail routes should not be modified or canceled.

The order, issued through Acting Postmaster General W. H. Howe, said the hearing would continue from October 1 until they are concluded and a report made to President Roosevelt in accordance with an Executive order issued July 11.

President Roosevelt on that date directed Postmaster General Farley to make a thorough investigation of foreign air-mail contracts and ocean-mail contracts made under the merchant marine act of 1920 and entered into prior to June 16, 1933.

Sensation Intimated.

The Postoffice Department last winter canceled all domestic air-mail contracts and is now operating under a new set-up, estimated to save \$9,000,000 a year.

It was intimated yesterday that sensational revelations relative to huge subsidies paid American shipping interests were expected to be made at the hearing.

It was said at the department that \$26,000,000 was paid out last year in subsidies for ocean mail. The total amount expended for the purpose was about \$29,000,000. Had the mail been carried on an actual poundage basis the cost to the Government, it is contended, would have been approximately \$3,000,000.

Contractors Affected.

The ocean mail contractors to whom the order was sent included: United States Line, United Fruit Co., the Oceanic Steamship Co., Munson Steamship Line, Export Steamship Corporation, American South African Line, Inc., Grace Steamship Co., Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc., Gulf Mail Steamship Co., South Atlantic Steamship Co., American Lines, and the Oceanic and Oriental Navigation Co.

Roosevelt Steamship Co., American Diamond Line, Inc., Dollar Steamship Line, Inc., Admiral Oriental Line, and the Gulf Pacific Mail Line, Inc.

The foreign air-mail contractors to whom the orders were sent included: Canadian Colonial Airways, Inc., in care of the American Airways, Inc., Chicago; Seattle Victoria Air-mail, Inc., Pan-American Airways, Inc., and Pan-American-Grace Airways.

Drug Store Ransacked; \$650 in Loot Taken.

Cigarettes, razors, watches and fountain pens, valued at \$650, were reported stolen yesterday from a drug store at 1701 Pennsylvania avenue northwest.

The foreign air-mail contractors to whom the orders were sent included: Canadian Colonial Airways, Inc., in care of the American Airways, Inc., Chicago; Seattle Victoria Air-mail, Inc., Pan-American Airways, Inc., and Pan-American-Grace Airways.

Disapproval was decided upon after study by the NRA Advisory Board and was recommended by Deputy Administrator Dean G. Edwards and the men's clothing code authority.

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Maj. Landreth Slated as Acting Insular Chief

Mrs. Hampton, Chicago, Chosen to Assistant Director.

By Leon Dure, Jr.

Maj. Earl Landreth, secretary of the Puerto Rican Hurricane Relief Commission, will be named acting director of the new Division of Territories and Island Possessions in the Interior Department. The Post learned yesterday.

This became known as the Puerto Rico section of the War Department's Bureau of Insular Affairs prepared to move into the Interior Building, in accordance with the President's Executive order of May 29 creating the new agency.

The division will unite for the first time the Federal administration of Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Actually it will not come into being until Monday, 60 days after the merger was ordered under the reorganization powers given the President.

But already Mrs. Ruth Hampton, of Chicago, a longtime friend of Secretary Ickes, has been chosen assistant director, although none of the appointments have been formally announced. Interior officials likewise confirmed the pending appointment of Maj. Landreth as acting director.

The Army officer, youngish, affable assistant on Puerto Rican relief, is expected to serve only temporarily until Secretary Ickes determines upon a permanent selection for the position, which will be the most important administrative post in the new set-up.

Ickes on Vacation.

Officials confessed themselves in darkness on the permanent director. Secretary Ickes is away on vacation and will not return until about August 10, accompanying President Roosevelt on his return to Washington from the West Coast.

Maj. Landreth's appointment is brought about by the necessity of naming an immediate head to the division to satisfy certain Puerto Rican bond requirements. Mrs. Hampton has never held public office, but is considered expert on Hawaiian affairs as a resident of the islands for more than 10 years.

The new division will bring together under one roof almost all the agencies on insular affairs which have been scattered, in past years, throughout the Government. In this was seen the nucleus of a new colonial administration, leading to the development of a trained personnel.

The administration of Alaska, Hawaii and the Virgin Islands already had been centered in the Interior Department. But little coordination has existed, various officials being responsible for different territories or possessions. All this is expected to be changed, although no plans have yet been announced.

Continued from Page 1.

Some idea of what might be expected under the new arrangement is given by the enthusiastic application of the "New Deal" to the Virgin Islands. The PWA, located in the same building, holds \$1,000,000 ready for the establishment of subsistence homesteads, a tourist hotel, and a rum distillery in the destitute islands.

In similar fashion the other Caribbean possession, Puerto Rico, is expected to get the largesse of an Administration anxious to rehabilitate the West Indies. Alaska and Hawaii are self-supporting, but the PWA also has made extensive allotments in those directions.

The War and Navy Departments eventually will be left only the administration of such relatively unimportant possessions, from an economic standpoint, as Guam, American Samoa, and the Canal Zone. The Philippines, while still under the War Department, apparently soon will attain the status of a Commonwealth—the first step to independence in ten years.

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605 Millions In Securities Issues Asked

Applications Filed With Trade Commission by 186 Firms.

A total of 186 financial statements, proposing security issues in the amount of \$605,028,666.07, have been filed with the Federal Trade Commission under the 1933 securities act, as of June 30, it was announced yesterday.

Fees paid into the Federal Treasury by these registrants since July 27, 1933, when the act became effective, amount to \$81,140.42. The largest fee was \$4,810.

Face value of the securities proposed to be issued ranged from \$8,820 up to \$48,100,000. The second largest issue was \$34,000,000. One was for \$25,000,000, another for \$20,000,000, and 11 ranged from \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000.

Among the registrations were three for Washington financial organizations and one for a Mount Rainier, Md., concern. They are as follows:

Progressive Building & Loan Association, Washington, offering securities valued at \$15,000, and paying a fee of \$31.50.

Standard Collateral Shares Corporation, Washington, \$250,000 in securities and a \$25 fee.

Washington Industrial Loan Co., Washington, \$100,000 in securities and a \$25 fee.

State Loan Co., Mount Rainier, \$443,615 in securities and a \$44.38 fee.

New Auto Financing Increases in June

New automobile financing during June increased 58 per cent over June, 1933, and 81 per cent over June, 1932, the Commerce Department reported yesterday. Only a slight increase over May, 1934, was noted.

Film Table

Current screen features and stage bills are shown on the following schedules at theaters named:

Earle—"The Key," at 11:10 a. m., 1:30, 4:30, 7:10 and 9:55 p. m. Stage shows at 1, 3:40, 6:20 and 9:05 p. m.

Loew's Fox—"Kiss and Make-Up," at 11:05 a. m., 1:45, 4:30, 7:15 and 10 p. m. Stage shows at 12:30, 2:35, 6:20 and 9:05 p. m.

Palace—"Bulldog Drummond Strikes Back," at 11:15 a. m., 1:20, 3:25, 5:30, 7:35 and 9:40 p. m.

Metropolitan—"Here Comes the Groom," at 12:15, 2:40, 5:05, 7:30 and 9:50 p. m.

Columbia—"Wild Gold," at 11:45 a. m., 1:45, 3:45, 5:45, 7:45 and 9:45 p. m.

RKO-Kelth—"Whom the Gods Destroy," at 12:08, 2:01, 3:50, 5:57, 7:55 and 9:53 p. m.

Tivoli—"Life of Vergie Winters," at 2:35, 4:10, 6, 7:45 and 9:35 p. m.

Ambassador—"Sadie McKee," at 6:15, 8 and 9:50 p. m.

The LINDBERGH LINE

PASSENGERS - MAIL - EXPRESS

2 TRANSCONTINENTAL Round Trips Daily

4 DAILY CHICAGO Trips via Pittsburgh

1 Round Trip Daily Chicago-Kansas City

TWA DOUGLAS AIRLINERS NOW IN SERVICE—NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, PITTSBURGH, CHICAGO, KANSAS CITY

3 Hours—Washington-Chicago Use Connecting Airline to Pittsburgh. (All Schedules Standard Time)

Convenient Washington Connections

CALL NATIONAL 3922

Shortest Route Coast to Coast

Good Paint is a Tonic for your Roof

Help your roof withstand these unusually hot days! Give it a coat of our made-to-order Roof Paint. This extra durable product is "bigger than the weather" . . . it is easy to use, and if applied in time may save you many times its cost in preventable repair bills.

E. J. Murphy Co.

710 12th St. N.W. Natl. 2477

Have you laid in your share of this Genuine Pre-Prohibition Whiskey?

It's dwindling fast—and it's strictly limited, so better act quickly if you want to reserve some of this true vintage liquor for your own cellar



EVERYONE, at least on special occasions, likes to have a few bottles, or cases, of extra-rare old American whiskey on hand.

Unfortunately this will soon be impossible unless you stock up now. The nation's entire available supply is limited by the fact that it had to be laid down before prohibition to attain vintage age today—and what little remains is rapidly dwindling to the vanishing point—as is ours.

When this diminishing supply of rare old whiskey is exhausted, you will never see any more, as the government requires that whiskey be withdrawn at the end of 8 years from barrels and bottled for purposes of revenue.

In fact, our famous 16-year-old Old Taylor is now completely sold out—showing the way of the wind. The rest of this venerable stock—scarcely day, are prizes of a very rare order.

And you can judge just about how soon they will be gone when we tell you that the prices, at least for the present, are held strictly down to a very moderate figure, and that this announcement is running in the leading newspapers of 34 cities.

*You'll always be able to call for these famous brand names—and get the finest 4-year-old or older, bottled in bond whiskeys in America. Only the very old, prohibition-aged stocks are referred to in this advertisement.

PRODUCTS OF NATIONAL DISTILLERS

AMERICAN MEDICINAL SPIRITS COMPANY NEW YORK • CHICAGO • LOUISVILLE • SAN FRANCISCO

Takoma Rum Tiff May Go to Polls

Continued from Page 1.

within a four-mile radius of his shouting. "I am committed to a sane liquor law. I am committed to a strict observance of our liquor laws. If they cause some inconvenience they can be modified. I am against public drunkenness. I am against drunken automobile driving."

"I believe that wines and beer and other alcoholic drinks should be made available to those who want them, and that those who drink them should be held to strict accountability."

Vote Not Binding.

Under existing law, the vote is not binding on the District Commissioners, although the Commissioners will accept it as binding, Allen said.

The full machinery for conducting the poll was drafted before Commissioner Allen made his announcement. Rules and regulations governing the referendum will be drafted by E. Barrett Freityman, corporation counsel.

Freityman, Capt. Hugh Oram and George W. Offit, chairman of the District Alcoholic Beverage Control Board, will supervise the election.

Census of Takoma Park residents will be taken next week by emergency relief workers. There will be judges, clerks and policemen. Opportunities will be given for challenges and additions. Ballots and sample ballots will be supplied voters.

Residents will be given full representation on all of the boards and committees, Commissioner Allen said.

The referendum has been fixed tentatively for September 5, but that date might be changed if residents would like to have it changed moderately, Commissioner Allen said.

66 Boys at Reeder For Two Weeks Stay

Sixty-six boys arrived at Camp Reeder, the Boys' Club camp on the Wisconsin River in Maryland, yesterday to begin a two weeks' stay through the courtesy of the Junior Board of Commerce, which is financing "scholarships" for underprivileged boys by selling tickets to a boxing program at Griffith Stadium, August 13.

HOTELS. New York City.

YACHT LOUNGE of this New Skyliner Hotel

Enjoy a "Ship in the Sky." Up . . . and away from hard pavements, noise, walls, crowds, noise. Below you spreads Central Park's carpet of green. Despite the intense heat, you will find pleasant days . . . cool, restful nights.

Room and Private Bath as Low as \$3 A DAY—\$17 A WEEK. All rates include Continental Breakfast. A tour of inspection invited. Write for booklet P. or phone CI 7-7000

Rollfast Bicycles

SEMI-WALK BIKES, VELOCIPEDS AND ROLLER SKATES

Other good wheels. Wheel repairs. Your old wheels repaired. Your old wheels repaired. Your old wheels repaired.

Rollfast Bicycles and Sporting Goods Co. 424 Ninth St. N.W.

ART MATERIALS MUTH 710 13th NAT. 6386

RESORTS. Ocean City, Md.

ROOSEVELT HOTEL As good as the name. We are glad to have you with us. Ocean City, Md. R. H. Bailey

HOTELS. New York City.

SUMMERTIME in New York on the Guest YACHT LOUNGE of this New Skyliner Hotel

Enjoy a "Ship in the Sky." Up . . . and away from hard pavements, noise, walls, crowds, noise. Below you spreads Central Park's carpet of green. Despite the intense heat, you will find pleasant days . . . cool, restful nights.

Room and Private Bath as Low as \$3 A DAY—\$17 A WEEK. All rates include Continental Breakfast. A tour of inspection invited. Write for booklet P. or phone CI 7-7000

BARBIZON-PLAZA HOTEL 101 WEST 58th STREET • CENTRAL PARK SOUTH

Enjoy a "Ship in the Sky." Up . . . and away from hard pavements, noise, walls, crowds, noise. Below you spreads Central Park's carpet of green. Despite the intense heat, you will find pleasant days . . . cool, restful nights.

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BARBIZON-PLAZA HOTEL 101 WEST 58th STREET • CENTRAL PARK SOUTH

U. S. to Move Farmers Out Of Dry Zone

Relief Plans Broadened on Huge Scale as Drought Spreads.

By Robert C. Albright.

Revolving drought relief plans in a grim race with the fast-spreading blight, the Federal Government yesterday took rapid inventory of resources for aid, and marshaled facilities in a battle to half suffering.

Just back from the West, Dr. Elwood Mead, Commissioner of Reclamation, started Washington by announcing that tens of thousands of families will have to be moved out of parched sections of South Dakota, Wyoming and Montana. Estimating approximately 1,000 drought-driven families can be in care of on Federal projects, he said. State relief officials, cooperating with FERA, are planning the exodus of other thousands.

At no time in 50 years' contact with scorched Western acres has he witnessed conditions approximating present drought suffering, he said.

Awaits Crisis This Week.

Helpless to check the death-dealing heat, officials in a half dozen Government agencies scanned weather charts from the Western drought belt, reexamined plans drawn to fight the first spring shadow of the drought, revised and extended their program.

As the withering heat drove its way into the Western corn belt, taking its first heavy toll of new corn, scaling down surpluses in a score of commodities, Secretary of Agriculture Henry A. Wallace held in abeyance crop plans for 1935. Secretary Wallace ordered full speed ahead on AAA live stock buying operations, and commandeered every available emergency cushion to ease the drought shock. He said he still hopes to save the bulk of the Eastern corn belt crop. Success or failure against cumulative drought forces, he declared, hinges on the next week's weather.

Other Washington developments were: Departmental officials conferred on a move to arbitrate the Chicago Stockyards strike, now handicapping drought relief operations in a broad Midwestern area. AAA officials pressed efforts to prevent further glutting of receiving centers, handling cattle purchased by the Government in drought-stricken States.

Studies were launching to aid the Federal Emergency Relief Administration and the Federal Surplus Relief Corporation in processing and disposing of Government-purchased drought cattle. Headed by Dr. Mordecai Ezekiel, AAA economic adviser, one committee surveyed packing plants and cold storage facilities in an effort to convert vegetable processing plants to the handling of meat and preserve meat for future consumption.

Wider implications of the drought and necessary expansion of facilities were studied by another committee, comprising representatives of the AAA, the Farm Credit Administration and the Federal Surplus Relief Corporation.

Seek Unused Pastures

In their search for feed for famished cattle, officials appraised all unused pasture lands, including fields surrounding large Eastern cities. Secretary Wallace estimated from 4,000,000 to 7,000,000 head of cattle will have to be slaughtered, wiping out the present live stock surplus.

To help tanners handle the tremendous glut of hides thus thrown on the market, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation arranged a \$10,000,000 loan.

Calling newsmen into his regular weekly press conference, Secretary Wallace made no attempt to conceal his concern. He still saw no reason for "alarm" unless present blistering temperatures continue their pace for another week or two.

He scoffed at the suggestion of a food shortage, but admitted there may be sharp price reactions. "We are so situated that we just can't have a famine in this country," he insisted.

He exhibited drought charts for the day, showing Kansas temperatures still 11 degrees above normal; Missouri, 10 degrees; Nebraska, 9 degrees; and South Dakota, Iowa and Oklahoma, each 7 degrees higher than average. Even this Potomac River Basin, he said, is faced with actual drought conditions.

Refusing to forecast for the time being any downward drop in the 2,133,000,000-bushel July 1 corn crop estimates, he admitted much of the corn in Nebraska, Kansas, Missouri, South Dakota and Iowa is "tasseling white, which means there will be no corn on those stalks."

Effects Already Eased.

"If it keeps up for another three weeks, we will have a very real situation on our hands," he said.

By encouraging increase in pastures and hay, by storing corn as security on loans, by reducing the number of hogs, potential consumers of corn, Wallace said the AAA has already eased the effects of the drought.

"It is an extraordinary blessing that we have been able to accumulate all of these powers for coping with emergency conditions," he said. "And it is a blessing Harry Hopkins had to ask \$500,000,000 more for relief."

"But I am afraid the effect of it all will be to distort the judgment of every one concerned as to what the general agricultural picture of the country ought to be in ordinary weather."

Dynamite Hulers

Miss Mine Watchmen

Butte, Mont., July 25 (AP)—The lives of three watchmen at the east gate of the Leonard copper mine were endangered today by lighted sticks of dynamite tossed over the fence into the mine yard.

One stick was broken when it hit the ground, only the upper half exploded. The other failed to detonate.

President Roosevelt's Host Today

Kilauea Quiet As Roosevelt Visits Summit

Volcano Unimpressed by Attention; Next Stop Honolulu.



David (take a breath) Kaauwaokamehameha, one of the featured attractions of the Island of Oahu. He conducts a one-man native village in the manner of his ancestor and makes a good thing of it by charging tourists a small admission fee. In the picture above he is preparing to snap at an installment of one-fingered pot.

Massachusetts Democrats Are Divided by New Deal

Continued from Page 1.

nized and proclaimed. He holds no official position. He retains his insurance brokerage office. But as the pro-New Deal Boston Post put it in a recent political article, written by Robert L. Norton, this son of the President "has dictated all the Federal appointments in the State, and, furthermore, all the patronage which goes with them. Young Roosevelt is practically the dictator of this State today, so far as patronage is concerned."

Walsh and Ely Ignored. Boston newspapers have recorded many episodes of important appointments on which Senator Walsh, Gov. Ely and their Democratic associates were not consulted. Outwardly there is peace and harmony. Walsh and "Jim" Roosevelt have exchanged telegrams that dripped with honey. Yet behind the scenes all is not a love feast.

And the suspicion is that Gov. Ely, if not the Senator, threatened to rush into print with some scorching words unless some of the New Deal influences behind Curley capitulated to the general in the Democratic convention.

That convention was on June 15. Scarcely a week before, James Roosevelt was quoted in the local press as being devotedly behind Curley for Governor.

"I am in full accord with his candidacy," he was quoted as saying, "and I will carry out my promise to aid him in every way I can."

Then He Steps Out. That was a week before the convention. The night before, James Roosevelt issued a statement to the effect that he was keeping out of the fight—hands off. It might be misconstrued, he explained, if he were to mix in. Some people might suspect that he was acting under orders from Washington. So he stayed away—and Joseph A. Maynard, collector of the port, and Mrs. Grace Howe, wife of the Presidential secretary, Louie, warmed up to Gen. Cole. The backing on which Curley counted suddenly faded away. It is no stretch of the imagination to picture Gov. Ely telephoning to some of his newspaper friends and asking them to "kill" a red-hot interview which he had decided not to make public.

However, this did not placate Jim Curley. It was "banned convention," he charged. He will have Gen. Cole's scalp in the September primaries. It will be a lively row. Jim Curley has proved himself a great vote-getter. He has been an idol of the influential Irish voters who rule Boston. He is out for blood, the more so because he feels that he has been let down badly. Was he not the original Roosevelt man in Massachusetts? While Walsh and Ely and Cole were backing Al Smith in the stop-Roosevelt drive, Jim Curley was making more noise than almost any body else on the Roosevelt band wagon.

Curley Still Ambitious.

To be sure, Mr. Roosevelt offered him the job of Ambassador to Poland. But, aside from the high post of diplomacy, what did Jim Curley know or care about the Polish corridor? He turned that one down. He and James Roosevelt have remained very close, but for some reason, Louie Howe has not been overly cordial. Jim Curley has been puzzled and hurt. Yet his ambition has mounted steadily. After being Governor, he would run for the Senate in 1936, taking Senator Coolidge's seat away from him.

Some of the local prophets believe Curley can beat Cole in the primary. But Republicans who would vote for Walsh and for Ely would not vote for Curley in the Statehouse. And there appears to be no union for the New Deal in any of the contingencies. Presumably the White House will remain as remote from the conflict in the Democratic household as it can. Unless, perchance, some bigger, better plum than the Ambassadorship to Poland can be found to lure the former mayor away.

The Republicans might capitalize the dissension in the Democratic camp but for their own disorganization and fears of the President's popularity. They have nominated Robert Washburn, one-time Bull Moose, to run against Walsh. And Washburn, while personally popular, has suffered the usual fate of the wise-cracker in politics. He is not taken seriously enough. Moreover, he once bolted the G. O. P. to back Curley in 1924 and bolted again to Ely in 1932.

For Governor, the Republicans, in their pre-primary convention,

Kilauea Quiet As Roosevelt Visits Summit

Volcano Unimpressed by Attention; Next Stop Honolulu.

Continued from Page 1.

ship, the U. S. S. Houston, and, landing at 9:10 a. m. (2:40 p. m. E. S. T.), waved a welcome to the huge crowd and entered an automobile for the 3-mile drive to the volcano. He smiled broadly as Sam Spencer, chairman of the local reception committee, placed about his neck a flower lei, Hawaiian symbol of greeting. It was made of Hawaiian daisies. Spencer then decorated Roosevelt's two sons in similar fashion, while cameras clicked. The Executive spoke briefly with newsmen, who crowded about his limousine before it rolled away.

Honolulu Next Stop.

Kilauea is 4,000 feet above sea level, and the highway climbs steadily through rich sugar cane fields, with their characteristically tropical odor.

The President's program allowed him several hours in the Kilauea region before the return to Hilo, where a parade was planned prior to his reboarding the Houston for the overnight voyage to Honolulu.

Heat Kills Man Here; U. S. Toll Rises to 1,012

Mercury Mounts to 97 in D. C.; Showers to Bring Relief.

Continued from Page 1.

bringing cooling relief after the torrid day.

The Weather Bureau here predicted occasional thundershowers today, but expected to lower temperatures considerably.

Out on the great plains of the Middle Western States, which in many places resembled sun-baked areas on some strange, cloudless day, the heat continued to die by the hundreds. The Associated Press reported thousands of live stock have been destroyed and the market value of many other thousands seriously reduced during the past 16 days. In all great producing centers irreparable damage has resulted to crops.

Grain Prices Advance.

On the Chicago Board of Trade grain prices closed higher, corn and wheat up 2 1/2 cents, on predictions that the corn crop would be the meager since 1901, with the yield in Missouri alone reduced by 89,000,000 bushels in the past few weeks.

The Chicago live stock market was closed to new arrivals due to a strike in the stockyards. The Associated Press reported pens were glutted with 75,000 head of cattle, mostly purchased by the Federal Government to relieve the drought-stricken farmers. Dealers described prices on the beasts in the yards as "steady."

Tens of thousands of persons in the Dakotas and on the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains "may be evacuated," said the Associated Press. Commissioner Elwood Mead said on forecasts from the Weather Bureau of continued drought.

A storm of almost hurricane violence struck suddenly from the Gulf, concentrating most of its force on Texas. Freight and Port O'Connor were hardest hit, the Associated Press asserted, and communications were disrupted. No immediate accurate check of the damage was available.

Showers Favor East.

Lower temperatures, with showers in many places, favored the Atlantic Coast. Several baseball games were postponed. The Pacific Coast continued to enjoy comfortable weather.

New disaster threatened in many communities when the specter of a water shortage raised its head. In downstate Illinois two counties reported the situation was "becoming desperate." Some Iowa cities have been hauling water in tank cars. Throughout the Middle West hundreds of new wells have been sunk.

In countless thousands grasshoppers, chinch bugs and other insect pests added their ravages to the farmers' worries.

As he worked on the new Federal warehouse, under construction at Ninth street and Virginia avenue southwest, Meritt Pella, 54, of 802 P street southwest, an employee of the Walter Kidd Construction Co., was overcome by the heat.

Pronounced Dead.

He was given first aid by a nurse from the Workmen's Clinic. Physicians at Casualty Hospital pronounced him dead on arrival.

Responding to a mad-dog alarm in the 1500 block of Ninth street northwest, Patrolman T. F. Heide, of the Second Precinct, saw a heat-crazed Boston bull holding a small crowd at bay.

Drawing his service revolver, Heide waited for the crowd to stand back before he shot the animal. The beast leaped at him and sank its teeth into his hand. Heide shot the animal, then was treated at the Police-men's and Firemen's Clinic.

The heat drove golfers from the District's courses and sent dozens of youngsters splashing in the forbidden fountains. Here and there in yards hoses sprayed upon children.

Along the waterfront metal parts of moored ships became so hot it was impossible to touch them.

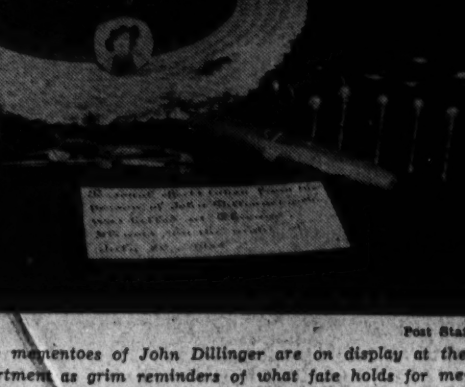
Winchester, Va., reported a maximum temperature of 103 degrees, within 4 degrees of the all-time high record of 107.

Satisfy your wants and offers with Post Classified Ads. Just phone National 4200.

Trophies of Outlaw's Death

Crowds Fight To See Funeral Of Dillinger

Police Battle Throgs to Keep Order; Outlaw's Sister Faints.



Continued from Page 1.

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The pastor's text was, "Have Faith in God." "Many people think the Dillingers have not had faith in God," said the preacher. "I glory that this whole family has had faith in God."

"Our God is a God of mercy . . . so necessary in these days of vindictiveness and hatred."

The slain gangster's 70-year-old father, John Dillinger, sr., coolly sat through the services displaying little emotion. But the sister, as the casket was closed, fainted and it was some time before she was revived.

A police detachment sent from Indianapolis held the crowd well in check until the casket was carried from the home. Then the throng surged forward.

Moving picture and newspaper cameramen, attempting to take views of the funeral cortege, aroused the crowds' animosity. There was a quick skirmish in which some cameras were broken and some heads cracked. Then police gained command of the situation.

By a circuitous route the hearse and funeral procession went to the cemetery in Indianapolis. There an entrance was made through a gate seldom used and a crowd of several thousand waiting outside the main entrance missed seeing the cortege.

In the crowd about the Hancock home was Mary Kinder, of Indianapolis, sweetheart of Harry Pierpont, one of the Dillinger gangsters under sentence to die for killing Sheriff Jess Sarber in the liberation of Dillinger from the Lima (Ohio) Jail.

She wept as they took the body away. "Just think, I've got to go through this twice more," she said. Charles Makley, still another Dillinger gangster, is to be electrocuted with Pierpont.

of the Nation as the controlling factor in establishing security levels.

The Government through its Liberty Loan drives made the people of this country a Nation of security holders, he argued, and the 16,000,000 stockholders and bondholders have a claim on the Government to protect them. The fact that the Government has taken steps, "purely protective and in no sense finally prohibitive," will do more, he asserted, "to restore and uphold confidence in security trading than any device employed since the New York Stock Exchange met under the buttonwood in 1792 at a place that is now in Wall street."

Why is this? he asked and then answered: "Obviously because business enterprise has been seriously wounded and needs to be nursed back to health and confidence. Some will try to tell you that pioneering effort in business have been discouraged by the new stock exchange law."

"Don't let them get away with that, for it is not true. No honest man—not decent institution which seeks to render service instead of merely achieving profit—need fear the regulations that have been set up."

"The whole motive of the security act is to be found in the effort—the necessary and longer escapable effort—to make finance responsible. There is to be no vindictiveness in its interpretation, no concealed punishment for those who must live under it. There are no grudges to satisfy; no venom which needs vicarious. The rules are simple and honest. Only those who see things crookedly will find them harsh."

Fledgling Reluctant War on Stock Sales by Fraud.

BUT he added that the commission "will make war without quarter on any who sell securities by fraud or misrepresentation."

He contended that the recovery program to be finally successful "needs a sound and broad security market which provides as an accompaniment, a very large and regular tax flow to the Treasury." Such a market should be "truly barometric," reflecting economic conditions with the earning power

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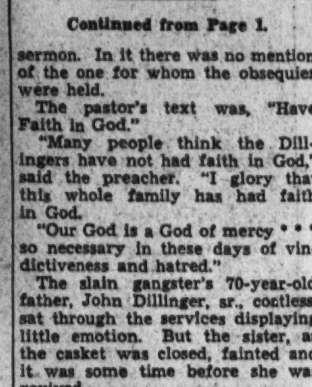
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WOODWARD & LOTHROP

First Infantry Wins Praise From Pershing

Guardsmen Lauded on Marksmanship Prowess.

Camp Albert C. Ritchie, Cascade, Md., July 25 (Spl.).—Congratulations from Gen. John J. Pershing on the feat of the First Infantry, Maryland National Guard, now in camp here, in achieving premier honors for the United States in marksmanship last year, were received yesterday by Col. D. John Markey, commanding officer.

Gen. Pershing wrote: "It is noted that the men of the regiment which you command, the First Infantry, Maryland National Guard, have made the highest percentage with the caliber .30 rifle and .30 automatic rifle of any National Guard regiment in the United States. This must be considered a remarkable achievement, and I should be glad to have you extend to the officers and men of your regiment in fitting manner my most cordial congratulations. In my opinion, expert marksmanship is of first importance in the preparation of troops for active service. Your regiment has established a very high standard."

Excelling in Other Tests. The First Infantry not only qualified the highest percentage of men in rifle and automatic rifle firing, but was fourth with the machine gun and fifth in trench and 37 mm. gun course.

Gov. Albert C. Ritchie and Maj. Gen. Milton A. Reckord, commanding the Maryland National Guard, had commended the achievement in previous communications.

The Montgomery County commissioners and a party of other county officials will visit camp tomorrow to inspect the Montgomery County units, the Service Company, from Silver Spring, and the Howitzer Company, from Kensington.

A light thunderstorm interrupted the firing of several matches scheduled for this afternoon. The only casualty was the fly on the test of Capt. Bradford Massey of the Medical Detachment, who in private is health officer of Pocomoke City.

Hyattsville Company Wins. The American Legion trophy match was won by Company F of Hyattsville, with a score of 744. Members of the team are Lieut. S. L. Crothwell and Sergt. W. L. Spicknall. F. P. Cogan and W. F. Thomas. Company G, of Cumberland, was second, with a score of 741. Members of the team are Lieut. Randolph Millholland, Corp. R. B. Beckmeyer and H. W. Dixon, and Private (First Class) J. P. Kneriem.

Third place was won by Company A, of Frederick, with a score of 735. Members of the team are First Sgt. Alton E. Schaff, Sergt. James Bartgis, Corp. Allen Kinsey and Private Lee Layman. Maj. Gen. Paul B. Malone, commanding the Third Corps Area, accompanied by his aid, Capt. A. J. Schriber, Jr., today visited Brig. Gen. Washington Bowie, Jr., in camp. Gen. Malone had been inspecting a CCC camp near Frederick.

Fruit Men to Tour Franklin Orchards

Waynesboro, Pa., July 25 (Spl.). Franklin County orchardists will be hosts Friday to fruit growers of Adams County, whose visit has been arranged by Adams County Agent M. T. Hartman.

The excursion will start from Caledonia Park at 8:30 a. m., and visit the orchard of R. T. Criswell and the Criswell storage plant at 9 a. m. Spray control of the codling moth will be studied at N. H. Skinner, J. H. Karns and the Mountain Breeze Co.'s orchards will be reviewed.

A program at the Mount Alto Orchards of D. Maurice Werz, managed by Taylor Goshorn, will be furnished by the Pennsylvania State College to conclude the day.

Option Taken on Mine Near Clarksville, Ind.

Cumberland, Md., July 25 (Spl.). C. L. Young, of Frostburg, Md., was granted an option for 60 days to buy or lease the Stanton-Georges Creek coal-mining operations below Clarksville.

The mine operation was taken over by the county commissioners for taxes in arrears. The coal acreage and operation has an estimated value of \$40,000. Young told the commissioners he would try to put the mine in operation in event he was able to obtain clear title.

\$5,200 Disability Pay Demanded in Suit

Danville, Va., July 25 (Spl.).—Suit has been filed here against the Travelers' Protective Association of Missouri by George C. Stone, an engineer, who claims he is entitled to \$5,200 disability pay under the benefit policy he has in that organization.

He claims he fell down the city hall steps in June, 1932, suffering injuries which have since disabled him. He asks \$50 per week for 104 weeks with interest.

Danville Power Board Studies Survey Bids

Danville, Va., July 25 (Spl.).—The city power commission, which is investigating power needs, is dealing with five engineering firms which have submitted proposals relative to a technical survey of regional power possibilities.

A subcommittee has been appointed to inquire into intentions of the Government relative to a large hydro-electric development on James and New Rivers which is to cost about \$125,000 and which, if carried out, may materially affect power rates in Virginia.

Crisfield Fountain Dedicated



The Italian marble fountain (above), recently installed on the Lilian Stratton Corbin Memorial Library lawn, at Crisfield, Md., was officially presented to the library and city Tuesday night. Mayor William H. Bradshaw, representing the Crisfield city council, presented the fountain to the library board in behalf of Alfred O. Corbin, New York banker, the donor, who also gave the library to the city. The fountain is in memory of Mr. Corbin's late wife, author and native of Crisfield, who was killed in an automobile accident in New York about four years ago. The Junior Library Board held a lawn fete at the library following the dedication.

W. Va. Plans to Revoke License In All Drunken Driving Cases

Charleston, W. Va., July 25 (Spl.). A new weapon is being fashioned by officials of the State road commission to break up drunken driving. It is a plan to revoke licenses of accused drivers whether they are acquitted or convicted of the offense.

The commission will attempt to act on evidence submitted by the arresting officers and independently of the outcome of a trial, before a justice of the peace.

Under the system now in force, drivers' licenses are revoked following a conviction. Failure to convict, however, in a number of cases where State police and others have regarded the evidence of guilt as

conclusive, is said to have led to the new movement.

Officials of the commission have sought legal advice on whether they may act on the same evidence that has been presented in a court. The State code gives the State Road Commission authority to revoke licenses where it deems such action justified, but the question of whether they may act on evidence presented and passed upon in a court has not been settled.

Road commission officials say that where a report of a drunken driving case is submitted by an arresting officer, along with the officers' evidence, the case probably would be heard and action taken upon the evidence produced.

Seven Fredericksburg Folk, Boat Found Safe by Plane

Fredericksburg, Va., July 25 (Spl.).—Discovery of seven young people of Fredericksburg and a disabled motorboat by a Naval seaplane this morning dispelled fears for their safety. The party went for a short cruise last night from Belvidere Beach.

Avis Fleming, Grace Chinn, Elizabeth Kube, Harold Moore, Jr., A. McKenney, Jack Janney and Willard Ray, the missing seven, spent the night at a Maryland shore resort, which they reached by paddling after their gasoline supply had been exhausted.

When the party failed to return, anxious parents and friends obtained seaplanes from the Naval Proving Grounds at Dahlgren, Va., which began a search.

Willard Ray, leader of the party, said that after arriving at the beach he and his companions boarded a 21-foot motorboat owned by Moore and McKenney and started toward the central channel of the river.

A bolt in the engine starter spring shattered when the boat was about a mile off shore, he said.

Seeking to paddle back to the Virginia shore, the young men were baffled by an off-shore wind and receding tide. Rather than drift all night they made for the Maryland shore, which they reached about 2 a. m.

Harbaugh Church Plans Homecoming

Waynesboro, Pa., July 25 (Spl.). The annual homecoming service at historic Harbaugh's Reformed Church, southeast of here, will be held August 5, the Rev. Victor H. Jones, D. D., pastor, announced today.

Many are expected from the Hagerstown and Smithsburg (Md.) sections, in addition to former parishioners now located in Baltimore and Washington. The sermon will be delivered by the Rev. Dr. J. Harvey Mickley, of the Reformed Church at Johnstown, Pa.

The old homestead where Dr. Henry Harbaugh, scholar, preacher and author of hymns and theology texts, was born and spent his boyhood days, is about 200 yards from the church.

Mrs. Lee Gardner Heads Auxiliary

Waynesboro, Va., July 25 (Spl.). Mrs. Lee Gardner has been elected president of the American Legion Auxiliary and will represent Waynesboro at the Lynchburg convention September 2 to 5.

Other officers selected last night: Mrs. H. T. Hawkins, vice president; Mrs. E. W. Barger, secretary; Mrs. Ralph Wine, treasurer; Mrs. Stanley Garber, historian; Miss Mary Virginia Griffith, sergeant at arms, and Mrs. A. S. Bush, chaplain.

Mrs. Gardner will be accompanied to the convention by Miss Enid Myers, recent winner of the Legion beauty contest here, and Mrs. Emmett Barger, tenth district committee woman of the State organization. Mrs. Ralph Wine was named alternate.

ROUND TRIP EXCURSION FARES VIA B & O

CHICAGO \$16.00 Saturday, July 28 Lv. Wash. 1:30 p.m.
Spend a Full Day at the NEW WORLD'S FAIR

NEW YORK \$3.50 Sunday, July 29, Aug. 12-26 Newark, Elizabeth, Plainfield Lv. Wash. 12:01 a.m. and 7:55 a.m.

NEW YORK \$5.65 Every Night (one way) Lv. Wash. 12:30 a.m. Air-Conditioned Reclining Seat Coaches—Open 10 p.m.

THE ONE BOTTLE BAR

★ For an OLD FASHIONED or MANHATTAN at Cocktail Hour.

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★ For a STRAIGHT DRINK.

★ For a HIGHBALL with Sparkling Water.

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PHILADELPHIA \$3.00 Aug. 5-19 Chester \$3.00 Wilmington \$2.75 Lv. Wash. 7:55 a.m. and 11:30 a.m. (Don't stop at Chester)

ATLANTIC CITY \$3.00 July 27 Lv. 6:30 a.m.

PITTSBURGH \$6.00 July 28 Lv. Wash. 11:40 p.m.

BALTIMORE \$1.25 Saturdays and Sundays \$1.50 Daily—Good for 3 days

GREATLY REDUCED FARES TO ALL PORTS EVERY WEEK END Go Friday noon to Sunday noon. Returns to Monday midnight.

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BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Crowds Expected At Camp Meeting

Martinsburg, W. Va., July 25 (Spl.).—Several hundred persons are expected to be present Friday at the annual Potomac Park camp meeting. Sessions will be held at its park, overlooking the Potomac at Marlows, north of here, under the auspices of Potomac District Council assemblies of this city, Jefferson County, W. Va., Hagerstown and Washington County, Md.; Pennsylvania, District of Columbia and northern Virginia.

Officials for the sessions include the Rev. Harry V. Schaeffer, chairman; Evangelist Guy W. Duty, secretary; assistants, Mrs. Robert Beisel and Mr. and Mrs. Carl Hatch; Walter C. Long, assistant superintendent; the Rev. E. F. M. Staudt, treasurer. Other leaders include the Rev. R. M. Jeffrey, the Rev. George James, Mrs. Mamie J. Anderson and Mrs. Harry V. Schaeffer.

Methodist Course To Begin Monday

Westminster, Md., July 25 (Spl.). The annual leadership training school of the Maryland Annual Conference, Methodist Protestant Church, will open a one-week session at Western Maryland College Monday.

The Rev. Raymond T. White, Baltimore, is dean of the school. Other officers are Secretary, the Rev. John W. Townsend, Fort Myer, Va.; treasurer, Dr. Thomas C. Mulligan, Cambridge, Md.

Prominent ministers and laymen will serve as teachers. The program will include classes, lectures and an organized recreational program. Approximately 250 persons are expected to attend.

World War Veteran Dies

Luray, Va., July 25 (Spl.). Thomas Donald, 44, a World War veteran, died yesterday at his home in Madison County. He had been in ill health for five years.

Three Virginia Counties Form Federation of Future Farmers

Staunton, Va., July 25 (Spl.). Embracing 15 chapters in Augusta, Bath, and Rockingham Counties, the Tricounty Federation of Future Farmers of America, was organized at a meeting this week at Fishersville, Augusta County.

Officers are: Earl Shifflet, North River, president; Layman Lantz, Broadway, vice president; J. H. Bosserman, Mount Sidney, secretary; Carl Spitzer, New Hope, assistant secretary; Ray Michael, Bridgewater, treasurer; George McComb, Staunton Draft, reporter; Oliver Cline, New Hope, assistant reporter; Edgar Shull, North River, watch dog. The executive committee is composed of Martin Harris, Spotswood; O'Brien Kelly, Timberville; Cletus Houff, Weyers Cave. Chapters are located as follows: In Augusta County, at Middle-

brook, Spotswood, Staunton Draft, New Hope, Weyers Cave, Mount Sidney, North River, and Churchville; in Bath County, at Millboro; in Rockingham County, at Bridge-water, Dayton, Broadway, and Timberville.

Objectives of the federation include: agricultural exhibit of eight booths from the eight departments at the Staunton fair; agricultural judging contest among the 15 chapters and award of a cup to the winning team at the fair; a public speaking contest; to publish F. F. A. news in county newspapers, and to publish a quarterly paper concerning work of the chapters; conduct an F. F. A. basket ball tournament, and to encourage cooperative buying and selling in local chapters and in the federation, when practical.

10,000 Are Expected to Attend Pony Sale at Chincoteague

Chincoteague, Va., July 25 (Spl.). More than 500 Chincoteague ponies will be corralled here tomorrow awaiting 10,000 expected buyers and spectators at the ninety-fourth official pony-penning day.

Sold individually rather than by auction, ponies have been rushed here by more than a hundred people in preparation for the sale.

Robert Beebe, with a gang of riders, swam 70 ponies from Assateague Island, across Assateague Channel to Chincoteague Island today.

A crowd followed him to his corral and watched the raising stock being separated for next year by lassoing and by tackling a method peculiar to Chincoteague. Several men tackle the animal front and rear in foot ball fashion. If any

man is shaken off, the others would be dragged 50 to 100 feet.

The ponies are easily broken in spite of their wild existence. Miss Annette E. Mann, of Wallopsburg, sold one caught last Friday and according to Clarence Beebe it is being ridden without trouble.

The Coast Guard is planning an exhibition during the day.

Va. Tobacco Growers Must Destroy Excess

Danville, Va., July 25 (Spl.). Pittsylvania County tobacco growers, who are producing more tobacco than the volume called for under their reduction contracts, were notified today by the Government they must destroy their excess before next harvest.

Brethren Church Women Convene

Westminster, Md., July 25 (Spl.). The eighth annual convention of Women's Work, Church of the Brethren, eastern district of Maryland, held a one-day session at the Westminster Church of the Brethren today.

A devotional service led by Mrs. George A. Early, and an address of welcome by Mrs. J. T. Royer, opened the session. Following a business session, Mrs. Ross D. Murphy, Philadelphia, reported on the recent Middle Western conference of the group.

Other speakers were Mrs. Edward C. Bixler, New Windsor; Mrs. Roy Leatherman, Frederick; Mrs. F. S. Holsope, Washington; Mrs. Ross D. Murphy, Mrs. M. R. Wolfe, New Windsor; Mrs. Rose Gelman, Westminster; Mrs. J. Walter Thomas, Westminster; Miss Miriam Luckenbaugh, Westminster, and the Rev. George A. Early, pastor, Westminster Church of the Brethren.

WASHINGTON to CLEVELAND by PENNSYLVANIA AIRLINES AND TRANSPORT COMPANY

3 Hours, 15 Min., \$22.00

Leaving 10:40 a. m., 3:40 and 5:40 p. m.

7 years airline operating experience. Washington, Pittsburgh, Akron, Cleveland, Detroit.

National 7070

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USE ESSOLINE - YOU CAN'T GO WRONG - AND LIFE WILL BE JUST ONE SWEET SONG!

Esso guarantees SMOOTHER PERFORMANCE

TRUST WASHINGTON TO KNOW A WINNER!

Whole District has gone FORD V-8.

June shows another big Ford lead in official new car registrations!

Ask any Washington Owner what the FORD V-8 can do!

THE more Ford V-8 owners you talk to, the more questions you ask about V-8 power, smoothness, ruggedness and economy—the more you'll discover why this great automobile continues to lead the sales parade here in Washington, as well as in leading cities the country over!

Washingtonians have a keen sense of motor car value—and they'll tell you that the Ford V-8 represents the greatest value Ford has ever built into a car. More power and speed than you will probably ever use. All the luxury, comfort and safety you could ask for. And economy that lets you save money on gas and oil every mile you drive.

After you've talked to owners, take the wheel of a Ford V-8 yourself.

Try it out on the steepest hills—and thrill to the flashing performance of its 85 horsepower V-8 engine. Take it through downtown traffic—and feel its alert response to your lightest touch... its ease of turning and parking. Then—examine costly cars. You'll find that the more high priced cars you look at the more Ford V-8 features you'll see!

Car owners... Truck owners... Service men!

We cordially invite you to the

FORD SERVICE SCHOOL and EXHIBIT

PENNSYLVANIA AVE. at 4 1/2 St.

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Thursday, July 26, 1934.

Bearing Fruit.

Participation of France, Italy and Spain in the arms embargo against Bolivia and Paraguay immeasurably strengthens this movement to end the Chaco war. A fortnight ago Great Britain was considering withdrawal from the embargo on the ground that the failure of other nations to support it would make it ineffective and create antagonism toward British interests. Perhaps that threat helped to bring cooperation in Paris, Rome and Madrid. At any rate, steps are being taken at these capitals to put the embargo into operation.

Japan still remains outside of this ring of nations which are cooperating to restore peace. But with all of the other major powers, including Argentina and Brazil, clamping down prohibitions on the munitions trade in the Chaco, continuation of this futile war will be severely handicapped.

Coincident with these reports from Geneva comes encouraging news from La Paz. An Argentine envoy has arrived at that city with a concrete proposal for termination of hostilities and possible settlement of the dispute. Bolivian officials appear to be in a receptive mood. No doubt the almost united front of the powers in denying war materials to the belligerents is having a salutary effect. And equally effective is the fact that both countries are almost totally exhausted by their military efforts. What these efforts have gained either of them is certainly not apparent at this distance.

The margin of disagreement which keeps nations fighting in a senseless war is often small. At the propitious moment even a moral gesture may bring sufficient agreement to terminate hostilities and permit propaganda-distorted mentalities to regain equilibrium. No effort toward the restoration of peace, therefore, can be considered insignificant. When a great majority of the world's leading nations join in an embargo on war implements, only the most perverse obstinacy and blind leadership can keep men engaged in the business of slaughtering one another.

The Come-Back.

American prestige on the courts soared upward yesterday when Sidney B. Wood, Jr., and Frank X. Shields won for their team the right to meet England in the challenge round of the Davis Cup matches. From a position which on Sunday appeared almost hopeless the American team retrieved itself with a brilliant victory over Australia. It seems quite probable now that the famous cup may come back to this country for the first time since 1926.

The American team got off to a bad start in the interzone finals against Australia. Both Wood and Shields lost their first singles matches, although in different combinations, to the same pair who were beaten yesterday. After this earlier performance, odds against an American triumph sank to 5 to 1. And there were many unfortunate takers!

The come-back began with the victory of George Lott and Lester Stiefen over the rival doubles team, Crawford and Adrian Quist. Probably the Australians would have done better to have given the doubles away and kept Crawford, at his best an unrivaled singles player, fresh for his later match against Wood. As it was the latter went out, while Shields had little difficulty in overcoming young McGrath, who last Saturday beat Wood with relative ease.

Prestige which the American team lost in its first encounter with the Australians has returned, therefore, with interest. The interzone finals were among the most dramatic contests that have been played at Wimbledon for many years. Our contestants go into the final championship play with England conscious of a very good chance to bring the trophy back to the land of its origin. But, as the match with Australia demonstrated, no sport has a finer knife-edge of unpredictability than first-class tennis. This is one of the factors which gives the game its universal appeal.

In Suspense.

There is a grave controversy waging in England over an important, but too long neglected, sartorial issue. When first did gallowases give way to braces?

It appears that the learned Dion Clayton Calthorpe, in his recent tome on "English Dress From Victoria to George V," attributes the introduction of braces to a Victorian. For this, the equally learned Oliver Holt calls Mr. Calthorpe to task, in no less forthright than the London Times. Mr. Holt cites the Oxford Dictionary as evidence that the conveniences in question—"indispensable articles of at any rate formal masculine attire"—were in common use as long before Victoria as 1816. And then he

suggests that the name "braces" is merely a euphemism for the cruder, yet more ancient, "gallowases." He points out that whereas Nathan Bailey, lexicographer of the preceding century, made no mention of "braces," he did define "gallowases" as: "Contrivances made of cloth, and hooks and eyes, worn over the shoulders by men to keep their breeches up."

This debate, we submit, has now progressed far enough for long-suffering America to enter it. We should like to inquire why there should be "braces" which don't brace anything, and why there should be "gallowases" when trousers are hung, not hanged. Why, in short, shouldn't Calthorpe and Holt agree upon "suspenders?"

A Symptom Of Collapse.

"That Dollfuss is doomed," we wrote in these columns just five months ago, "has been apparent ever since the bloody suppression of the Socialists." The question in Austria these past few days has not been whether or not Dollfuss will remain in power, so much as who shall succeed him, and how.

No credit for prescience is due because of these remarks. Of all the aphorisms of the race none has more often proved its validity than the one which asserts that those who take up the sword shall perish by the sword. When the little Austrian Chancellor turned his artillery loose on the peaceful and unaggressive Socialists of Vienna, he did not so much crush his political rivals as undermine the whole structure on which orderly government rested. In the collapse then foreshadowed a ruthless retribution has now overtaken him.

It was not the proscribed Socialists who murdered Austria's dictator. In spite of censorship and conflicting reports it seems evident that the guilt rests squarely on the shoulders of the Austrian Nazis. Between them and the Socialists Dollfuss had sought to steer a middle course, though with much milder tactics of repression toward those who wear the swastika. That heightens the irony of his end. Not those whom he repressed, but those he sought to placate, shot him down.

So the question of how Dollfuss was succeeded is now answered. But the issue as to who will take his place remains as obscure as ever.

If the chancellor had been peacefully ousted before the recent upheaval in Germany, one would have expected union between the two countries. This should have been allowed, as a gesture of conciliation, when Austria's independent existence was made virtually impossible by the treaties of peace. But such a union now, even if the German government can prove itself free of implication in the Viennese tragedy, would be cemented only by oppression and murder. And though Anschluss may still be the best way out of the almost hopeless situation, opposition to it in other capitals is still unyielding.

There are those who see in the situation the seeds of another war. And it is a striking coincidence that just 20 years ago this week the action which precipitated the last great conflict was being taken in Vienna. A more real danger than war, perhaps, is that progressive collapse of European civilization which incidents like this political murder serve to throw into bold relief. Spengler's grim predictions of "The Decline of the West" are coming all too true. The measure of that decline is found in the contrast between Vienna of today, and the gay, lovable, ultra-civilized Austrian capital of only two decades ago.

Relief And Employment.

Commissioner Allen's glimpse at life from the headlines should prove a most valuable experience. Officials who formulate relief policies too frequently ignore the viewpoint of the man who is "pounding the pavement" in search of work. The tendency is to study the problem through official reports and statistics, in which the vitally important human equation is often subordinated or overlooked.

Unfortunately, however, appreciation of the jobless man's problems does not automatically evolve a remedy therefor. Mr. Allen has returned from his social survey with the conviction that "it is jobs people want and we haven't been going about providing them in the right way." There is no element of discovery in this. Ever since the depression began efforts have been concentrated on getting people back to work instead of maintaining them on doles. Jobs can not be hastily created without frightful waste of money, as the CWA has shown, and an increase in private employment is contingent upon general economic improvement.

But the right way to create jobs will not be forwarded by making somewhat shallow criticisms of the United States Employment Service. Our National system of employment exchanges is not in any strict sense of the word a relief agency. Its business is to place qualified men in available jobs as expeditiously and efficiently as possible. It can not create positions for the unemployed. Moreover, this service is still in the first stage of its development. It is, indeed, foolish to say that an employment system is "wrong from beginning to end" when we are only just beginning to create a system where none has heretofore existed.

And when Commissioner Allen talks about organizing a local public employment office, independent of the new Federal system, he shows that his thinking in this field is superficial. It would be as logical for him to plan to organize a municipal postoffice entirely independent of the Postoffice Department because he might find Mr. Farley a "snoopy" official. Much of the value of a system of employment exchanges rests in the interchange of employment information and opportunities which it can work out on a National basis. The United States Employment Service doubtless has lots of shortcomings. But it is sound in theory, which Mr. Allen's projected independent municipal agency would not be.

The Commissioner is far more impressive when he says that "if the relief organizations function properly we won't have to watch the Communists." The stupid idea

that revolutionary sentiment is created by agitators, and not by intolerable economic conditions, is far too prevalent today. But Mr. Allen must be careful not to confuse the duties of relief agencies and employment exchanges. If the latter seek to provide jobs according to the need, rather than the competence of the applicant, their very great long-range utility will be ended.

A Useful Inquiry.

Complaints against the milk industry have been numerous in recent years. On one hand, the public believes that prices are too high, and, on the other, dairy farmers protest that they can not continue in operation unless their returns from milk are increased. Several attempts by the Agricultural Adjustment Administration to relieve the situation have failed.

Evidence of monopolistic ventures by milk distributors in the District was uncovered by the Senate District Committee. Its findings pointed to similar conditions in other milk sheds. Attempts to eliminate these alleged unfair trade practices, while offering protection to both the public and the producer, have brought about widespread confusion. Consequently, the Nation-wide investigation of the dairy industry which has been launched by the Federal Trade Commission should prove both illuminating and important.

Milk is an essential food. Because of its close relationship to child nutrition, and the urgent need of preventing contamination, the milk supply becomes an important community problem. If monopolistic interests are keeping prices unnecessarily high, the public ought to be so informed, as a preliminary to action. Apparently the Trade Commission is probing into the subject for the primary purpose of supplying such vital information. If the law has been violated prosecution may be expected, but the chief result of the inquiry doubtless will be clearer insight into this highly complicated industry.

Incidentally, the investigation may be of value to the AAA. When that body attempted to curtail the production of milk, as it has done with wheat, cotton, tobacco, &c., a storm of protest was heard. Opposition was so emphatic and widespread that the plan had to be abandoned. Either the AAA is disregarding of the public interest or the public does not understand the basic problems of the milk industry. In any event the data sought by the Federal Trade Commission may serve as a guide to more satisfactory policy affecting the country's milk supply.

Doumergue Holds On.

Once more the coalition cabinet of France has been rushed to the verge of disunion, and once more Premier Doumergue has managed to bring it home unbroken. But there are many who see widening cracks in the pitcher, and those forces increase which would hurry it again to the well.

The present excursion was not in itself important. It was significant because it was one of many and typical of all. Cabinet-Minister Andre Tardieu, of the Right, attacked Radical-Socialist policies, and Cabinet-Minister Herriot resented the attack in behalf of the left wing of the uneasy coalition government. Resignations threatened. They spelled the fall of the Doumergue government, which has held office since February, in contrast with six administrations in the preceding 20 months. The gallant old premier made another of his recurrent appeals for party-peace in the interests of national solidarity. He was successful; apologies followed; the coalition remains.

For how long will this peace last? And how often will these appeals prove even temporarily effective? Such questions are being asked, not only by France and Europe, but by all the world. For all the world is concerned in the political stability of France, and it is evident that this stability is none too firmly anchored.

In the current "report" of the Foreign Policy Association, John C. de Wilde concludes a careful study of the existing French difficulties as follows:

The Third Republic, in its present form, has survived many crises . . . Should economic conditions improve, the people may once more demonstrate their continued attachment to the present system, with all its faults, rather than resort to new and untried experiments. Today, however, political ferment is deeper and more widespread than at any time since the Dreyfus case.

With continental Europe sinking ever deeper into a welter of dictatorial tyrannies and political murders, the magnitude and the international importance of the task confronting Premier Doumergue needs no emphasis.

The soldiers' song in the next war will be "Mademoiselle From Armampenters."

In another century or so, all blondes will have disappeared.—Science note. Some one should speak to Harpo about this.

Note to capitalists: As long as the working man is kept down he will have to be kept up.

Mile Posts

A Parade of the Past From the Files of The Post.

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY.

AUSTRIA COMMITTED an act of war when she arrested the chief of the Serbian general staff, Gen. Putnik, near Budapest. Austria's armies moved under a veil of secrecy and it was reported shots were exchanged along the Danube. Berlin warned other powers that there would be "grave consequences" if any nations interfered between the combatants. A general European conflict centered on the point of Russia's decision to remain neutral or go to the aid of her Slav protégé, Serbia.

THREE MEN and one woman were dead and more than 60 wounded as the result of a battalion of the King's Own Scottish Borderers firing into a crowd in the streets of Dublin.



The Road Back.

Letters to the Editor

A Critic's Critic.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Senator William Borah, the modern Demosthenes of Idaho, wrapped, as it were, in a mantle of doubt and despair, tries to convey to the casual observer the impression or belief that most of the Nations' ills are caused by the horrible "bugaboo," the NRA, which, he says, is crushing the life-blood out of the small, almost forgotten business man.

It is very easy to criticize and find fault with those who are trying to make an honest effort to bring the country back to "normalcy," but it is not so easy to change the old order of things and help those who need assistance most. These critics, who are going up and down the country finding fault with the efforts of the present Administration, have not offered anything better to help the little business men, and during the last two years they had control of the Government they did practically nothing to prevent the catastrophe that befell the country just about the time President Roosevelt was inaugurated. They, Micawber-like, were "sitting on the surface of the ocean," waiting for something to turn up, and President Roosevelt did not wait very long to turn up something.

These prophets of gloom and disaster are in the same class with those who predicted ruin all over the country, that "the grass would grow in the streets of our cities all over this fair land" if Roosevelt was elected. So let every patriotic American citizen, regardless of party, get behind President Roosevelt while he is trying to restore the country to peace, prosperity and happiness.

S. MAGRUDER SIMPSON.

Washington, July 21.

More Liquor or Less?

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: The alarming increase in traffic accidents due to drunken driving, the larger number of arrests for drunkenness, and the latest figures from our hospitals showing increases of from 20 per cent to 65 per cent in patients admitted for treatment for acute alcoholism, coupled with the big decrease in the amount of revenue predicted as to be derived from the sale of liquors, indicate that the public has been fooled again.

I must confess that I was one of the boobies who voted for my State to do its bit to repeal the eighteenth amendment, but I will never do it again.

If there was more drinking during prohibition and as many bootleggers as claimed, why were there fewer traffic accidents, and why fewer alcoholic patients in our hospitals? Was the bootlegger's product better than "legal" liquor? I am beginning to think that, in reality, there was not a fraction of the liquor claimed as drunk during prohibition days actually drunk then.

Washington, July 21.

In a Good Cause.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: May I make an appeal to your readers for books for Dr. Grenfell's Mission Hospitals in Labrador? They need good fiction, mystery stories, biography, books of travel, adventure, science, &c.

Please send parcel post or express prepaid to The Grenfell Association of America, Inc., 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City. As it will be obviously impossible to acknowledge each gift I will thank you now in the name of the Grenfell Association.

FLORENCE ALDEN MCLEOD.

Provincetown, Mass., July 24.

The Post welcomes letters from its readers. All communications must be signed with the writer's name and address. Upon publication initials or pen names will be used if requested. Letters are subject to condensation and in no case should they exceed 250 words.

"In Need of a Mattress!"

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: I read with much interest in a recent issue of The Post about rehabilitation, where the Federal relief is planning to set up a factory to make mattresses for the needy. Please put my name down at the top of the list. I have been in need of a mattress for a long time.

The mattress which I am using at present has served me well both day and night since May 18, 1932. I often look at this old mattress and say to myself, "This poor mattress certainly needs to be retired." It looks very much like one of those old-fashioned yeastless pancakes. When the roll is called for clients on relief roll to receive a mattress, I shall be ready to answer to my name.

SHUT-IN ON RELIEF ROLL.

Washington, July 21.

"Distant as the Poles?"

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: "Roosevelt promises to abolish poverty." So says a headline in connection with the unemployed settlement plan.

Oh, my gosh! Mr. Hoover promised the same thing. There must be something fishy about a proposition that these two agreed on.

When the North pole and the South pole shake hands with each other, why, there are tough times ahead for those in between. F. V.

Washington, July 16.

Britons Impatient With Slow Recovery.

Except when they look abroad and compare their situation with that of most foreign countries, the British people by no means are content with the progress they are making toward recovery—despite their widely-noted budget surplus. Only the political insecurity of many foreign countries, and the economic distress of almost all, reconcile most British subjects to the depressing state of affairs in the United Kingdom, which appears encouraging only when compared with the more baffling situation in Britain a year or so ago, and in many parts of the world today.

Unemployment, despite a reduction of more than 500,000 jobless during the last 12 months, still is at more than 2,000,000, 85 per cent more than it was five years ago.

Taxation, though reduced slightly in the recent budget, still is considerably higher than in 1929, and much higher than in most other countries in the world. Exports, though beginning to increase a little, and imports, though increasing fairly rapidly, are much less than in 1929. Both are an index of British prosperity which, despite the new crisis, still is largely dependent on a revival of world trade.

Overcrowding in the country, as well as in the cities, despite the vast housing programs and vaster expenditures during the last decade, in some respects is even worse than it was then.

Prices, it is true, in most cases have ceased their downward drift and have begun to climb sharply in some cases. This increase, particularly when applied to necessities such as bacon, butter, and wheat, which are staple diets of the work-

Parking Pressure.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: That about 80 linear miles of Washington's streets are double flanked all night by idle automobiles and to twice that extent of parking congestion by day is a reproach to the Nation and cause for visiting foreigners to ridicule American efficiency and city-planning. Being a resident, taxpayer, or a local business man, or the owner of an automobile does not confer the free use of storage space on any part of any public thoroughfare anywhere in the United States. As public thoroughfares for free ingress and egress of people whose regular or transient presence makes business and livelihoods possible in that community, the streets are for the use only of persons or vehicles or commodities in motion or but briefly tarrying or blocking any part of any such public thoroughfare.

In no large American city, except Washington, where otherwise the tree-bordered and well-paved streets are beautiful, are private automobiles permitted to stand idly in long, unending, perpetual funeral procession. In very hilly San Francisco the car-storage problem was simply solved by transforming basement space beneath residences and apartment buildings into fire-proof garages. Washington landlords who subsist upon rentals from tens of thousands of Government workers here from every section of the National domain should be morally obligated within three years to provide all modern facilities commensurate with such public patronage.

ARCHIE RICE.

Washington, July 21.

And a Woman Slewed Him.

Postoffice, Thursday.
DILLINGER died because he defied the law, and because the law is stronger than the individual. But, if certain dispatches are to be believed, the searching law found him by following the trail of a woman. That is one of the law's best methods of discovering those whom it seeks.

Concerning international espionage, you might almost say it is nearly invariably through a woman that the big spies come to the end of the cropper. To the last they conceal their purposes from the men among whom they are working; from the first they seem plagued to reveal themselves to any woman they admire.

Lody comes to mind immediately: the first German spy of the World War caught, tried and executed in the Tower of London. He was doing extremely well for his government until he met the wrong woman. The British Secret Service knew that some clever Central European agent was at work in the shipping districts of the "north country," but they failed in every endeavor to locate him. Then "American" from Kansas City, who was very laconically traveling through the United Kingdom, feeling lonely in Glasgow, took up with a Scotch lass, who eventually suspected him and who, when he betrayed himself to her, promptly betrayed him.

This casual inamorata was not in the pay of the British Secret Service; but the Counter-Espionage departments of many governments, recognizing the weakness of the average spy, do capitalize it: they employ certain women as bait for their spy traps. During the process of the A. E. F. in France there were several women working for the American Military Intelligence. One of these did her most effective service in the uniform of a Y-woman.

However, the desperado, the bandit, the bad man are, in this respect, far easier prey than the spy. Within the past few days the newspapers haven't omitted to recall the examples of Pat Crowe and "Kid" Tracy. Crowe, who had kidnapped the son of a rich meat-packer, escaped capture for five years; yet he was "sold out" by a woman. Harry Tracy broke jail in the Northwest; he terrorized all of a wide countryside around Spokane. The men whom he commanded to help him feared him too greatly to give him any information against him; but there was one woman who didn't fear him.

And now Dillinger?

Dillinger had been "successful with women." One married him and divorced him. Four are known to have hidden him, two to have assisted in his escapes. One concealed him in her apartment in St. Paul and then aided in his get-away—his get-away with another woman.

According to the Column's special criminologist:

"There is a lot of rot talked about these women who fall for the gunman type. It's supposed that this type of man has some mysterious 'appeal' to a higher feminine type. I have seen mighty few instances to support any such theory."

"Most of the women who fall in love with a 'bad man' are either his feminine equivalents or else just weaklings. They are generally the latter. Once in a long while you do come across such a woman who at least has courage—of a perverted sort—but, as a rule, you find only a victim of coercion. Those girls are often deficient in education; more often they are deficient in mentality."

"And another thing. They are always described as good looking. As a matter of fact, hardly any of them are any better looking than the average gunman—and he's a mess. The molls that I've run up against would have rated the lowest number in a fifth-class burlesque show chorus, to begin with, and what looks they ever had have been pretty well worn out before the gunman comes along."

"Why, the man on the run, the way Dillinger was, can't pick and choose, even if all the women in the world wanted him. He hasn't time. He has to take what he finds where he goes and the kind of women who go where he has to go are almost always exactly the kind of women you'd expect to go there."

"It has been said that the woman betrayers of the desperado are moved by jealousy. It is pointed out that he is sickle, both by nature and because of the constant changes of whereabouts which he is compelled to make—and that his deserted ladies do not fancy desertion any more than deserted ladies usually do. Consequently, if they know where he has gone they need to know only that he has gone with another woman—and then they will 'tell all.'"

Well, this is scarcely borne out by the case of that St. Paul woman who helped Dillinger escape with Evelyn Frechette.

"Listen," says the Column's special criminologist: "Cut out the romance stuff and all that poetry about Hell not having any fury worse than a woman scorned. What does the gunman want? Easy money, isn't it? And didn't I say the gunman's moll was the feminine counterpart of the boy friend?"

"Well, then, I'll tell you why the moll turns up the gunman. Mind you, she never does it unless she thinks it's safe. But she always does it as soon as she thinks it's safe—and she does it for the cash reward."

So there goes another illusion!

No End of Books

By Theodore Hall

Mr. Gannett's Holiday.

LEWIS GANNETT, who holds forth daily on "Books and Things" in the New York Herald Tribune, took the kind of holiday which a number of us would give our eye-teeth to duplicate. It wasn't very expensive. With his wife, Ruth, and his 14-year-old son, Michael, he set out in a V-8 from Cream Hill, Conn., for a swing around the country, through Oklahoma and Arizona, California and Montana, and back to Cream Hill again. They were 38 days doing their 8,631 miles. Then Mr. Gannett sat down and wrote out the story, first for his column and now for a little book "Sweet Land" (Doubleday Doran, \$2). His fellow travelers had a hand in it, for Mr. Gannett did a number of exceedingly neat and pleasant pen-drawings, and Michael sketched four scenes for the jacket. I'd like Michael to know I enjoyed his work as much as anything in the book—and this is no flattery. He is a bright, cheerful, and talented boy, and his pen-drawings are as alive and joyous as the first morning of a holiday of one's own.

Most pleased with the book will be those people who resent the "cellophane wrapping" of ordinary travel and hotel travel. "The automobile, at last," writes Mr. Gannett, "brings us back to something of the old intimacies. Again the wheels turn at a leisurely pace, and again there is leg-stretching and casual conversation. To journey by easy stages, to stop at overnight cabins and hold all sorts of converse with all sorts of people, that is as much the formula for a good trip as it is the secret of this book's flavor."

There was the son of Charley Fieger, sage of Fayetteville, Ark., and author, and recently of "Among the Good Companions," talking about the relics of an early, unknown race among the Ozark hills. There were Freda Lawrence and Dorothy Brett, worshipping the memory of D. H. Lawrence in the desert. There was the stolid Navajo Indian who helped the Gannetts out of the sand-stalled car, and until he noticed the Connecticut license and broached the amazing fact that he had gone to school 36 years in Connecticut, he was a "No like Connecticut." "No like Connecticut," he said, "Connecticut too wet." Forest rangers and farmers, the official border-guard of the "Independent State of California," Yurok Indians on the Klamath River and cow-punchers in Sheridan, Wyo., these and more crowd the pages, seen by the quick and kindly eye of Mr. Gannett.

Not, let me say, that his observations are unimpeachable. Of the Chicago Fair he says: "It was poetic, the glancing poetry of raw color, the proud pageantry of advertising men, the partook of the violent force of drive and palpable fake of the ballyhoo business."

Then he notes that vacant store-fronts in the Loop, by the mayor's request, were dressed up with flags and bunting, and kept until 2 a. m. And further, in that city made "by Pork, not Plate," "nobody said anything about the unpaid school teachers."

Very contagious is Mr. Gannett's obvious joy in the Western love of motor camping. Trailers were everywhere—and "one Californian, perhaps eager to spare the extra fee for a trailer, had built a second story, complete with mosquito netting and sleeping quarters, on top of his sedan." If Yosemite were desecrated by the crowd, there were thousands of spots which showed better manners and better enjoyment.

"These people," he writes with a kind of Eastern nostalgia, "know how to live, how to use their country."

He has a frank chapter on the practical side of the trip. Aside from short stays with friends, the total expense was—food for three, \$168; lodging, \$83.50; oil, gas, and motor car repairs, \$158.25. That for 38 days on the road, remember. Then he gives hints on eating, on clothes, on all such matters we want to know about the minute we approached the idea of a like trip ourselves.

On judging the cleanliness of roadside cabins he says: "Always took the precaution of sniffing at the outhouse, most reliable of quick tests, before even dicking about prices."

But Mr. Gannett wouldn't be the sterling book reviewer he is if he didn't have a word to say about collateral reading. In an absolutely invaluable final chapter, he gives about 30 lists of books gleaned from as many local book stores, books which reflect the life and scenes of so many regions.

It took blocks in an automobile make you car-sick, if you never stir out of your front yard, that chapter should lead you straight to Mr. Gannett's book. Americans realized the richness of their own soil, of their own potential life, of their own growing literature.

Head of State Bank
Of Madison Resigns

Lafayette, Va., July 25 (Sp.).—G. R. Thrift has resigned as president of the State Bank of Madison and S. B. Utz, treasurer of Madison County, was elected to succeed him.

Dollfuss, Fighter, Held Iron Grip on Austria

But Never Succeeded in Crushing Opposition He Inherited.

(Associated Press.)

A long series of parliamentary governments—typically unstable in a country where no party held a clear majority—preceded the advent of Engelbert Dollfuss as Chancellor of Austria.

The little man—he was scarcely more than 5 feet tall—was not a well known figure in international circles when he stepped from the ministry of agriculture into the chancellery on May 21, 1934.

It appeared at first that he was but "another chancellor" who would hold office for a time, then losing his slim majority in the chamber of deputies, step aside for another.

But Dollfuss proved to be quite different from just another chancellor. He was a fighter, and said to be a very devout man who looked for Divine guidance.

He was rather irritable with his slim parliamentary majority and with the necessity of compromise with elements whose principles in some particulars clashed with his own.

Dollfuss himself was a Christian Socialist, and his first government was a coalition with the National Socialists of Austria and the Agrarians.

There were many elements which might at any time throw a match into the powder barrel. The Fascist Heimwehr (home guard) led by Prince Ernst von Starhemberg, which eventually was to become the backbone of the Dollfuss government, was by no means wholeheartedly with him at the start.

Start of Civil War. Certainly he could expect nothing but opposition from the Socialists, whose "Schutzbund," uniformed republican guard, numbered 12,000 men.

For nearly ten months Dollfuss hung on as a parliamentary chancellor during a period of economic stress.

On March 4, 1933, a row broke out in the Austrian Parliament over voting which led eventually to the Dollfuss dictatorship and all that went with it—civil war, terrorism, hangings, the "Putsch."

The president of the Parliament and the vice president resigned as a result of the disagreement, leaving the nation without an organized representative assembly.

Dollfuss and his cabinet went to President Miklas, who alone had power to call an election, and offered their resignations.

Miklas refused them and told the cabinet to rule "with firmness" without a Parliament.

Only once since that date has a national legislative assembly sat in Austria, and that meeting was little more than a formality.

Still Held Vienna. The Socialists still held Vienna, and the Nazis began talking of a "putsch." The Heimwehr was supporting Dollfuss, but only on a sort of temporary arrangement.

Nine days after Parliament was dissolved—while the public still expected that there eventually would be an election—the Socialists mobilized their Schutzbund as rumors flew that either the Nazis or the monarchists were planning to seize the government.

The Once Over

By H. I. Phillips

Father and Son Talks.

"Popper, the papers are full of pictures of American soldiers marching under full fighting equipment. Is there another world war?"

"No, son."

"Have we intervened in Cuba?"

"No."

"Gee, pop, have the Japs landed on anything like that?"

"Nope. It's just a strike in California."

"Popper, here's a whole page of pictures showing doughboys selling up machine guns and throwing gas bombs? Are we fighting Mexico again?"

"No."

"Here's a picture showing hand-to-hand fighting in the streets. Stretchers are running up at double-quick. Are we having more trouble in Haiti?"

"No. Cleveland or Minneapolis or some place."

"Popper."

"What now?"

"Mr. Bluff across the street was just describing a terrible battle. He had snapshots showing 'people wounded in the streets, buildings wrecked, trolley cars derailed and everything.' Is he just back from Germany?"

"No. He's just back from Alabama or Oregon."

"Popper."

"What now?"

"Willie Plopperbaum, the boy across the street who ran away and joined the Army last year, is home on hospital leave. He says he's already a veteran of two wars. What was his popper?"

"The war front."

"Where's the war front?"

"You mean where AIN'T the war front?"

My Wife. (Continued from No. 1.)

"You can't imagine how I wish you'd throw them out! My tropic fish."

Of course I tell my wife that I enjoy their fishy pranks. "That's why."

I say, "I bought so very many." But she insists we don't need any.

I understand all wifely laws; She doesn't like the fish because she can't direct their natural bent or give a "gupp" an argument. Leonard K. Schiff.

Conferring on Conferences. Henry Ford says the trouble with American business is too many conferences. And probably today's conferences in a million offices will be prolonged another half hour by discussions of Mr. Ford's slam at conferences.

A Kentucky woman whose husband didn't blow the auto horn sufficiently often, in her opinion, had had a button put on the back seat so she can blow it by remote control. Anything for a happy motor outing. (Copyright, 1934, Associated Newspapers.)

Physician Marks 80th Anniversary. Walkersville, Md., July 25 (Sp.). Dr. John D. Nicodemus, pioneer physician, champion of prohibition and member of the Maryland General Assembly, observed his eightieth birthday anniversary today.

Dr. Nicodemus was born in Mount Pleasant, this county, in 1854, and graduated from the Jefferson Medical School, Philadelphia, in 1874, located in Walkersville, where he practiced his profession until about 20 years ago when he retired. He became an ardent prohibitionist and was the candidate of that party for State controller some years ago. Later he identified himself with the Democratic party on the low tariff issue and in recent years has fought for governmental economy and lower taxes.

He is president of the Glase Valley Milling Co., the Mount Airy Milling Co., and the Walkersville Water Co. Surrounded by his family, his wife, three sons and four daughters, he received the congratulations of many friends from all over the county.

Three Roanoke County Officers Get More Pay. Salem, Va., July 25 (Sp.).—Roanoke County supervisors have voted to increase salaries of three county officers and to slash the annual pay of the county superintendent of public welfare by \$600 a year. Officers benefited by increased pay include the Commonwealth's attorney, the sheriff and the county clerk.

The Commonwealth's attorney has been receiving only \$58.25 a month since February 1, when fees were abolished. The supervisors voted to pay him \$2,500 annually. Sheriff George Richardson will receive \$1,200 annually, instead of \$1,080, which has been in effect. The new figure is the maximum amount allowed.

Airport Improvement To Start at Danville. Danville, Va., July 25 (Sp.).—Work will be started this week on the municipal airport improvement to which \$1,500 State funds has been allotted.

The two runways, now 250 feet wide, will be broadened and the field will be graded. The undertaking is a project of the Emergency Relief Administration which will pay the labor bill, the State appropriation to be used in providing equipment and truck hire.

Wm. Lyon Phelps

Daily Talk About Books and Authors.

"Once Aboard the Luger."

One of many purposes of these articles is to bring to the attention of readers books that some of them may never have read or that they have read so long ago that they have forgotten.

All my readers have either read or heard of A. S. M. Hutchinson's novel "If Winter Comes," which was published in 1921, immediately became a best seller, and gave delight to hundreds of thousands.

Thirteen years before he produced that popular book he wrote his first novel, called "Once Aboard the Luger," which appeared in 1908, attracted almost no attention, and came to life only in the reflected glory of his later success. I feel absolutely certain that any person who now will read this novel will be grateful to me for calling his attention to it; and I like to receive gratitude, especially if I have earned it.

This story is about equally compounded of irreverent humor and irrepressible excitement. It is so downright funny that I can not read it without laughing aloud. And it is so exciting that when I passed it under the lamp-light to a member of the Yale faculty, after a while the peaceful silence of the room was broken by his rising from his chair and shouting, "The damn scoundrel! The damn scoundrel!" alluding to a certain character in the story.

I do not know of any pleasant entrance of a heroine upon the scene of action than the first appearance of the girl in this novel. Our young man is walking on the edge of a sidewalk in London when a hansom cab approaches, the horse slips on the wet pavement, falls to his knees, and a ravishingly beautiful damsel, the entire contents of the cab—is hurled head-first into the young man's arms.

Down came the shafts; out shot the girl. The doors were wide; the impetus took her in her stride. One tiny foot dabbed at the platform's edge; the other twinkled—patent leather and silver buckle—at the step, missed it, plunged with a giant stride for the pavement.

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The author, in a prefatory statement, says the title is taken from the dashing sentiment, "Once aboard the lugger and the girl is mine," and he adds: "It is a label that might be applied to all my affairs."

(Copyright, 1934.)

Tomorrow—What Is Poetry? Hagerstown Cable Laying Goes Ahead. Hagerstown, Md., July 25 (Sp.).—The last link in the telephone cable line from Hagerstown to Baltimore, the laying of which is now in progress between Benvenue and Boonsboro, will be completed by the C. & P. Telephone Co. early in the fall.

When completed, a repetition of conditions here following the blizzard of 1932, when this city was isolated for several days, will be remote.

One of the first messages telling of the plight here was sent over the amateur wireless set operating to The Washington Post by its correspondent.

Wife of Pinchot To Address Labor. Buckleo Beach, Va., July 25 (Sp.).—Mrs. Gifford Pinchot, wife of the Governor of Pennsylvania, will be the principal speaker at the annual labor union celebration Labor Day, September 3.

The celebration here has been an annual affair for many years, and has developed into a conference of union labor, State and local government authorities, and leaders in civic affairs.

Invitations will be issued to the Governor, the Commissioner of Labor and other State officials, with the city officials of Newport News, Hampton, Phoebus, and other Tidewater communities and leaders in the civic and community life.

40 Women in Page County Given Jobs. Luray, Va., July 25 (Sp.).—Miss Russell, Richmond, has been retained as public nurse for Page County by Miss Agnes White, of Lexington. The change was made to allow Miss Russell and Miss White to work in communities more to their liking.

The FERA has employed 40 women in this county in cleaning up and renovating school buildings and county offices.

The Page County clerk's office, the office of Commonwealth's Attorney S. L. Walton and perhaps the Page County jail will be renovated.

Destroyer Races III Sailor to Hospital. Norfolk, Va., July 25 (Sp.).—Racing from 80 miles off the Virginia capes, the destroyer Tillman today landed Eris B. Jones, a member of the Naval Reserve from New Jersey, at the Naval Hospital for an emergency operation.

Jones became seriously ill while the destroyer was engaged in training practice with reserves. She reported the case by wireless and was ordered to make port with all possible speed.

She covered the 80 miles to the capes and 30 miles to Norfolk in 2 days and 45 minutes.

The National Gallery



CARROLL BURNHAM MERRIAM, director, Reconstruction Finance Corporation. Native of Granite State, he learned his letters at Topeka, Kans. Former director, Santa Fe Railroad and Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., he served during World War with Red Cross. Now a member of the board of directors, Society for Crippled Children of Kansas. Banker by profession, is keenly interested and versed in economics. Distinguished for his open, friendly manner, his methodical attack of problems and his practical mindedness. Enjoys smoking his "Missouri Meerschaum."

Such a large proportion of those who have been pictured by Mr. Robles have asked for the originals that The Washington Post is saving all these drawings to honor the requests of any future members of "The National Gallery."

Richmond Grocers Deny Sales Drop. Richmond, Va., July 25 (Sp.).—No unusual decrease in the sale of groceries has been noticeable since State liquor stores were opened here, several large Richmond grocers reported today in reply to a statement yesterday by the Rev. Ed J. Richardson, superintendent of the Virginia Antislavery League, charging that legal sale of liquor had tended to increase the amount of money spent for alcoholic beverages and decrease that spent for groceries.

Business has increased this month over the corresponding one last year, although prices are appreciably higher, and executive of one large chain store reported. Other stores said they always had certain seasonal increases and decreases in sale, but that they had noticed nothing tending to bear out the Rev. Mr. Richardson's statement.

Members of the alcoholic beverage control board refused to comment.

Flag Exercises To Open Services. Westminster, Md., July 25 (Sp.).—The third annual series of interdenominational evangelistic services will open Sunday at Pine Mar, with flag raising exercises sponsored by the Westminster, Jr., O. U. A. M. and music by the Westminster Boys' Band.

Speakers will include: Tuesday night, the Rev. Harry Yingling, New Windsor Methodist Episcopal Church; Wednesday, the Rev. William Kinney, New Windsor Church of the Brethren; Thursday, the Rev. Walter Thomas and mixed chorus, Meadow Branch Church of the Brethren; Friday, Mrs. Hilda Gonso, Westminster.

Services during the second week: Sunday, August 5, the Rev. Earl Hoxter, New Windsor Methodist Episcopal Church, and New Windsor Boys' Band; Tuesday, the Rev. Harry Yingling; Thursday, the Rev. J. H. Gonso; Sunday, August 12, Richard in charge of Carroll County Christian Endeavor Union.

Virginia Relief Costs Reported. Staunton, Va., July 25 (Sp.).—A survey by C. Maynard Stoddard, district engineer of the Federal Relief Administration, has revealed that administrative costs in the counties and cities in his territory range from 8.6 per cent in Clark County to 19.8 per cent in Bath County.

Under orders from State headquarters, all units whose administrative costs are more than 15 per cent of the total figure expended for emergency relief must curtail to that figure.

In Staunton the cost of administration is 12.3 per cent, and in Augusta County, 12 per cent.

Martinsburg Firemen Selected for Drill. Martinsburg, W. Va., July 25 (Sp.).—Martinsburg firemen will put on a fire drill at the annual convention of the Cumberland Valley Volunteer Firemen's Association meeting in Waynesboro, Pa., August 12 to 16, by special invitation of the association management, it was announced today by Fire Chief Roland Snyder.

The association embraces membership in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and Pennsylvania towns.

Mrs. Britner's Funeral Held. Shepherdstown, W. Va., July 25 (Sp.).—Funeral services for Mrs. Martha Britner, 65, were held today from her home here.

Chemist Dies Of Blast Burns At Cresaptown

A. R. Heck, Cumberland, Taken by Death at Pottsville, Pa.

Cumberland, Md., July 25 (Sp.).—Albert R. Heck, 48, salesman, son of the late Justice John W. Heck, this city, died yesterday at Pottsville, Pa. The body will be brought here for burial.

Mr. Heck came from one of the oldest families of this section. He is survived by his widow and one son, a brother, Frank L. Heck, McKeesport, Pa., and four sisters, Mrs. Franklin C. Elder, Baltimore; Mrs. Mary M. Heck, San Diego, Calif.; Mrs. William M. Garrett, and Mrs. John J. Sheridan, this city.

Mervin McCusker, 28, of Cresaptown, who was burned by explosion of a kettle while employed in laboratories of the Celanese Corporation of America, July 17, died yesterday. His body was removed to the home of his brother, James McCusker, Cresaptown.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Mabel McCusker, and four children, Betty, Robert, Oliver and James McCusker, and his parents.

Robert P. Spangler, 68, died yesterday at his home in Ridgely. He was a Western Maryland Railway employe.

He belonged to the Patriotic Order Sons of America and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. Surviving are his widow, Mary Spangler, and seven children, William, Walter, Laura, Mrs. Carl Spriver, Mrs. Ida Reed and Mrs. George Krouse, Cumberland, and Mrs. Carl Miller, McKeesport. There also are ten grandchildren. The funeral will be held tomorrow from Calvary Methodist Episcopal Church South.

The body of Barton C. Smith, 73, who died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles Engdall, Lansing avenue, was taken to Hyndman, Pa., his former home, for burial. He was a member of Hyndman Lodge No. 569, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. His wife, Amanda Smith, died two weeks ago. Mrs. Engdall is the only survivor.

Church Camp To Open In Seaford Saturday. Seaford, Del., July 25 (Sp.).—James' camp, one of the oldest church camps on the Delmarva peninsula, will open Saturday and continue until Sunday night, August 1.

The Rev. F. K. McCorkle, pastor of Blades M. E. Church, will direct the services at the camp, assisted by the Rev. Ward Mills, Seaford; the Rev. Lee Elliott, Laurel; the Rev. Ralph Jones, Delmar; and the Rev. Mr. Savage, of Bridgeville. Mrs. Annie Yost, singing evangelist, of Parkersford, Pa.; Mrs. Stella Tyre, of Roxana, and Mrs. Mary McCorkle, of Blades, will give musical selections during the camp, and John Godfree, of Frankford, will lead the prayer meetings. The camp is located 8 miles east of Seaford.

POLLY TRENT HOME MADE CANDY 150¢ 50¢

507 11th STREET 526 12th STREET

Fashion Smartly Combines Carioca Crepe and Satin To Make These Advance

FALL FROCKS \$13.95

—This becoming fashion is already an assured success, particularly with women who wear sizes 36 to 44. It is slenderizing, and decidedly chic, combining an entirely new fabric—Carioca crepe—with glistening satin to achieve smart distinction. The new metallic touch is sleeves and the bows that finish off the neckline. They're dresses you can wear now, and on into Fall. Choice of black or brown.

Sizes 36 to 44

Our Better Dress Shop, Second Floor

Kann's

No End of Books

By Theodore Hall

Mr. Gannett's Holiday.

LEWIS GANNETT, who holds forth daily on "Books and Authors" in the New York Herald Tribune, took the kind of holiday last year which a number of us would give our eyes-teeth to duplicate. It wasn't very exotic; it wasn't very expensive. With his wife, Ruth, and his 14-year-old son, Michael, he set out in a V-8 Ford sedan from Cream Hill, Conn., for a swing around the country, through Oklahoma and Arizona, California and Montana, and back to Cream Hill again. They were 36 days doing their 8,631 miles. Then Mrs. Gannett sat down and wrote out the story, first for his column and now for a little book "Sweet Land," published by Doran, \$2. His fellow travelers had a hand in it for Mrs. Gannett did a number of exceedingly neat and pleasant pen-drawings, and Michael sketched four scenes for the jacket. I'd like Michael to know I enjoyed his work as much as any thing in the book—and this is no left-handed compliment, for "Sweet Land" is as alive and joyous as the first morning of a holiday of one's own.

Most pleased with the book will be those people who resent the "cellophane wrapping" of ordinary travel and hotel travel. "The automobile, at last," writes Mr. Gannett, "brings us back to something of the old intimacies. Again the wheels turn at mealtime and overnight. Again there is leg-stretching and casual conversation." To journey by easy stages, to stop at overnight cabins and hold all sorts of converse with all sorts of people, that is as much the formula for a good trip as it is the secret of this book's flavor.

There was the son of Charley Fieger, sage of Sayville, Ark., and author, most recently, of "Among the Good Companions," talking about the relics of an early, unknown race among the Ozark hills. There were Freda Lawrence and Dorothy Rivers, weaving the memory of D. H. Lawrence in Laos. There was the stolid Navajo Indian who helped the Gannetts car out of the sand—stolid, that is, until he noticed the Connecticut license and broached the subject of advertising the property of D. H. Lawrence in Laos. There was the old Connecticut farmer who helped the Gannetts car out of the sand—stolid, that is, until he noticed the Connecticut license and broached the subject of advertising the property of D. H. Lawrence in Laos. There was the old Connecticut farmer who helped the Gannetts car out of the sand—stolid, that is, until he noticed the Connecticut license and broached the subject of advertising the property of D. H. Lawrence in Laos.

Very contagious is Mr. Gannett's obvious joy in the Western love of motor camping. Trailers were everywhere—and "one Californian, perhaps eager to spare the extra fee for a trailer, had built a second-story, complete with mosquito netting and sleeping quarters, on top of his sedan." If Yosemite were desecrated by the crowd, there were thousands of spots which showed better manners and better enjoyment.

"These people," he writes with a kind of Eastern nostalgia, "know how to live, how to use their country."

He has a frank chapter on the practical side of the trip. Aside from short stays with friends, the total expense was—food for three, \$108; lodging, \$83.50; oil, gas, and minor car repairs, \$158.23. That's 36 days on the road. He gives hints on eating, on clothes, on all such matters we'd want to know about the minute we approached the idea of a like trip ourselves.

On judging the cleanliness of roadside cabins he passes on this homely little tip—"we always took the precaution of sniffing at the outhouse, most reliable of quick tests, before even dickered about prices."

But Mr. Gannett wouldn't be the sterling book reviewer he is if he didn't have a word to say about collateral reading. In an absolutely invaluable final chapter, he gives about 30 lists of books gleaned from as many local book stores, books which reflect the life and scenes of as many regions.

If two blocks in an automobile make you car-sick, if you never stir out of your front yard, that chapter should lead you straight to Mr. Gannett's benediction—wish—that "more Americans realized the richness of their own soil, of their own potential life, of their own growing literature."

Dollfuss, Fighter, Held Iron Grip on Austria

But Never Succeeded in Crushing Opposition He Inherited.

(Associated Press.)

A long series of parliamentary governments—typically unstable in a country where no party held a clear majority—preceded the advent of Engelbert Dollfuss as Chancellor of Austria.

The little man—he was scarcely more than 5 feet tall—was not a well known figure in international circles when he stepped from the ministry of justice to the chancellery on May 21, 1933.

It appeared at first that he was but "another chancellor" who would hold office for a time, then, losing his slim majority in the chamber of deputies, step aside for another.

The Nazis were strong while the time, but not strong enough to take over the government. The Socialists, too, were powerful, especially in Vienna, where they held the municipal government.

Both Nazis and Socialists undoubtedly expected in time to capture the government by democratic methods, although the former naturally did not intend to maintain that type of government.

But Dollfuss proved to be quite different from just another chancellor. He was a fighter, and said to be a very devout man who looked for Divine guidance.

He was rather irritable with his slim parliamentary majority and with the necessity of compromise with elements whose principles in some particulars clashed with his own.

Dollfuss himself was a Christian Socialist, and his first government was a coalition with the National Socialists of Austria and the Agrarians.

There were many elements which might at any time throw a match into the powder barrel. The Fascist Heimwehr (home guard) led by Prince Ernst von Starhemberg, which eventually was to become the backbone of the Dollfuss government, was by no means wholeheartedly with him at the start.

Start of Civil War. Certainly he could expect nothing but opposition from the Socialists, whose "Schutzbund," uniformed republican guard, numbered 12,000 men.

and Emil Fey, like the prince a Heimwehr leader. The Socialists, alarmed by this union of their foes and harassed by proclaimed attacks upon their citadel in the Vienna City Hall, revolted in February, 1934.

Civil war broke out suddenly, and lasted for five days—days which saw heavy slaughter. The aid given by the Heimwehr in this emergency tied their political loyalty firmly to the Dollfuss regime, regardless of all else.

Canon shells were fired into the huge apartment houses of Vienna, which were the pride of the Socialists, and into the barracks of the poorly-equipped and oddly-clothed rebels.

The government won, literally moving through blood to a firmer position. The Socialist party and the Nazi party were outlawed, and Dollfuss' own party—now the Fatherland Front and including the various elements to whom he looked for support—was legalized as the only political party.

Dollfuss said three dictators were too many, and became head of the government alone, retaining Fey as vice chancellor.

He began work on a new constitution, after Prince von Starhemberg had visited Italy to get ideas, and proclaimed that parliamentary government was gone forever.

Instead of that, said Dollfuss, Austria would have a government which would be based on the theory that the power to rule comes from God instead of from the people.

The constitution was proclaimed on May Day, and the remnants of the parliament—minus Socialists, nine of whom had been hanged as a result of the civil war, and other oppositionists—adopted it, then adjourned forever.

Hundreds of Socialists and Nazis were in jail and in concentration camps, but both parties continued active despite the harshest possible methods on the part of the government.

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"Popper, the papers are full of pictures of American soldiers marching under full fighting equipment. Is there another world war?"

"No, my son."

"Have we intervened in Cuba?"

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"What now?"

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"Willie Plopperbaum, the boy across the street who ran away and joined the Army last year, is home on hospital leave. He says he's all right. Our young man is walking on the edge of a sidewalk in London when a hansom cab approaches, the horse slips on the wet pavement, falls on his knees, and a ravishingly beautiful damsel—the entire contents of the cab—is hurled head-foremost into the young man's arms."

Down came the shafts; out shot the girl. The doors were wide; the impetus took her in her stride. One tiny foot dabbled at the plump's edge; the other twinkled—patent leather and silver buckle—at the step, missed it, plunged with a giant stride for the pavement.

"Mercy!" she cried, and came like a shower of roses swirling in to George's arms.

The first chapter introduces us to one of the important characters—a magnificent orange cat called the Rose of Sharon, but the novel does not deal mainly with cats.

The author, in a prefatory statement, says the title is taken from the dashing sentiment, "Once aboard the lugger and the girl is mine," and he adds: "It is a label that might be applied to all novels."

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Tomorrow—What Is Poetry?

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Richmond Grocers Swimmer, 8, Saved By Companion, 13

Dispute Dry Leader on Liquor Charges.

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Speakers will include: Tuesday night, the Rev. Harry Yingling, New Windsor; Wednesday, the Rev. William Kinsey, New Windsor; Thursday, the Rev. Walter Thomas and mixed chorus, Meadow Branch Church of the Brethren; Friday, Mrs. Hilda Gonso, Westminster.

Virginia Relief Costs Reported

Staunton, Va., July 25 (Sp.)—A survey by J. Maynard Stoddard, district engineer of the Federal Relief Administration, has revealed that administrative costs in the counties and cities in his territory range from 8.8 per cent in Clark County to 19.8 per cent in Bath County.

Under orders from State headquarters, all units whose administrative costs are more than 15 per cent of the total figure expended for emergency relief must curtail that figure.

In Staunton the cost of administration is 12.3 per cent, and in Augusta County, 12 per cent.

Martinsburg Firemen Selected for Drill

Martinsburg, W. Va., July 25 (Sp.)—Martinsburg firemen will put on a fire drill at the annual convention of the Cumberland Valley Volunteer Firemen's Association meeting in Waynesboro, Pa., August 12 to 16, by special invitation of the association management, it was announced today by Fire Chief Roland Snyder.

The association embraces membership in Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia and Pennsylvania towns.

Mrs. Britner's Funeral Held.

Shepherdstown, W. Va., July 25 (Sp.)—Funeral services for Mrs. Martha Britner, 65, were held today from her home here.

Chemist Dies Of Blast Burns At Cresaptown

A. R. Heck, Cumberland, Taken by Death at Pottsville, Pa.

Cumberland, Md., July 25 (Sp.)—Albert R. Heck, 48, salesman, son of the late Justice John W. Heck, this city, died yesterday at Pottsville, Pa. The body will be brought here for burial.

Mr. Heck came from one of the oldest families of this section. He is survived by his widow and one son, a brother, Frank L. Heck, McKeesport, Pa., and four sisters, Mrs. Franklin C. Eider, Baltimore; Mrs. Mary M. Heck, San Diego, Calif.; and Mrs. William M. Garrett and Mrs. John J. Sheridan, this city.

Mervin McCusker, 28, of Cresaptown, who was burned by explosion of a kettle while employed in laboratories of the Celanese Corporation of America, July 17, died yesterday. His body was removed to the home of his brother, James McCusker, Cresaptown.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Mabel McCusker, and four children, Betty, Robert, Oliver and James McCusker, and his parents.

Robert P. Spangler, 68, died yesterday at his home in Ridgeley. He was a Western Maryland Railway employee.

He belonged to the Patriotic Order Sons of America and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen. Surviving are his widow, Mary Spangler, and seven children, William, Walter, Laura, Mrs. Carl Shriver, Mrs. Ida Reed and Mrs. George Krouse, Cumberland, and Mrs. Carl Miller, McKeesport. There also are ten grandchildren. The funeral will be held tomorrow from Calvary Methodist Episcopal Church South.

The body of Barton C. Smith, 73, who died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Charles Engdall, Laing avenue, was taken to Hyndman, Pa. his former home, for burial. He was a member of Hyndman Lodge No. 589, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. His wife, Amanda Smith, died two weeks ago. Mrs. Engdall is the only survivor.

Church Camp to Open In Seaford Saturday

Seaford, Del., July 25 (Sp.)—James camp, one of the oldest church camps on the Delmarva peninsula, will open Saturday and continue until Sunday night, August 5.

The Rev. F. K. McCorkle, pastor of Blades M. E. Church, will direct the services at the camp, assisted by the Rev. R. Ward Mills, Seaford; the Rev. Lee Elliott, Laurel; the Rev. Ralph Jones, Delmar; and the Rev. Mr. Savage, of Bridgeville. Mrs. Annie Yost, singing evangelist, of Parkersburg, Pa.; Mrs. Stella Tyre, of Roxana, and Mrs. Mary McCorkle, of Blades, will give musical selections during the camp.

John Godfrey, of Frankford, will lead the prayer meetings. The camp is located 8 miles east of Seaford.

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Fashion Smartly Combines Carioca Crepe and Satin To Make These Advance

FALL FROCKS \$13.95

—This becoming fashion is already an assured success, particularly with women who wear sizes 36 to 44. It is slenderizing and decidedly chic, combining an entirely new fabric—Carioca crepe—with glistening satin to achieve smart distinction. The new metallic touch in sleeves and the bows that finish off the necklines. They're dresses you can wear now, and on into Fall. Choice of black or brown.

Sizes 36 to 44

Our Better Dress Shop, Second Floor

Kann's

Motor Trips North Gain Favor Here

Capital Society Makes Frequent Stops With Friends En Route.

Chief Justice and Mrs. Hughes Using Entire Summer for Tour.

By Evelyn Peyton Gordon.

Motor trips to New England and Canada seem to be a favorite summer vacation this year with many people who punctuate the journey with stops at interesting resorts or short visits with friends along the way.

The Chief Justice and Mrs. Charles Evans Hughes have found this a delightful way to spend their entire summer, and take at least two months to make their way from the Capital to Canada and back. They try a new resort on each lap of the trip and when they find one that pleases, spend a week or ten days, or even a fortnight, enjoying whatever diversion the place offers.

There is no hurry for them, and if they choose to spend the remainder of their holiday in the White Mountains, where they are now stopping at Mount Washington, they can do so. However, they are planning to continue on their way to Canada before very long.

Brittens Leave Monday.

Representative and Mrs. Fred A. Britten will close their handsome home on Sheridan Circle on Monday, and will motor to Montauk, Long Island, where they will spend about ten days. While on Long Island they will probably visit Lieut. Col. and Mrs. M. Robert Guiguenheim at their estate at Babylon, and then will motor to Maine where they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Leighton, of Washington, at their summer home, Shore Acres, near South Portland, Me.

Mrs. Leighton has been established there for several weeks, and Mr. Leighton plans to join her there next week for a vacation. Nearby are Mr. and Mrs. Edward Everett Ripley, at Kennebunkport Beach, and the Brittens will motor from Mrs. Leighton's home to visit for a day. Later Mr. and Mrs. Britten will continue to northern Maine, making several other visits before they return to Washington the first of September.

Bristols Plan Trip. The very popular Rear Admiral and Mrs. Mark L. Bristol will leave next week by motor for a series of visits in the North.

Their first stop will be in Stroudsburg, Pa., where they will be the guests of the former Attorney General and Mrs. A. Mitchell Palmer. Mr. and Mrs. Palmer are in New York for a few days, en route to their estate at Stroudsburg.

From there, Admiral and Mrs. Bristol will go to Waverly, Pa., to visit Mr. and Mrs. F. Lamont Belin at their summer home at Clarks Summit. Their next stop will be at Skaneateles, N. Y., where they will be the guests of Mrs. Henry Latrobe Roosevelt, wife of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, at Roosevelt Hall for some time.

After leaving New York State, Admiral and Mrs. Bristol will motor into Canada making several stops, and on their return trip will stop in Bar Harbor, Newport and Narragansett Pier to visit.

Other Visits Proposed.

They are also planning to visit Mr. and Mrs. William Phelps Eno, at Judah Rock, their summer home in Saugatuck, Conn., and Mrs. Hollister Sturges at Stone Ridge, N. Y. They will be away until the end of September.

Miss Dorothy Lane will leave on Monday for Nantucket, Mass., to be the guest of Mrs. William Stanley McClintic, wife of Capt. McClintic, for about a week, and will then go to Edgartown, Mass., to be with relatives for a short stay. Later

Leaving Next Week for North Shore



MRS. ROBERT WATSON, photographed in the garden of her home on Varnum street. Mr. and Mrs. Watson will leave the middle of next week for Swampscott, Mass., to remain until the middle of September.

OFFICIAL and RESIDENT Society Notes

The United States Ambassador at Large, Mr. Norman Davis, will arrive in New York today aboard the S. S. Washington from Europe.

Senator and Mrs. Henry F. Ashurst, who have remained in Washington during the early part of the summer, expect to leave the Capital next week for Arizona, where they will spend the remainder of the season.

Representative Robert L. Doughton, of Laurel Springs, N. C., is in his apartment at the Wardman Park Hotel during his present stay in the Capital.

Maj. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, deputy chief of staff, has left Washington for a ten-day fishing trip in Virginia.

Naval Parley Delegates Return to U. S. Today.

Rear Admiral Richard Leigh and Lieut. Theodore F. Wilkinson, U. S. N., are among the passengers aboard the S. S. Washington which will dock at New York today. Admiral Leigh and Lieut. Wilkinson have been in London attending the

she will go to Newport, R. I., to visit Mrs. John Wainwright, sister of Capt. Richard M. Cutts, Jr., U. S. M. C., whose marriage to Miss Lane will take place in October.

Miss Lane will stop in New York for about a week on her return trip to the Capital to do some trousseau shopping and will then come to Washington to join her father, Mr. Richard H. Lane, in their apartment at 2400 Sixteenth street, for a few weeks before her marriage.

preliminary meetings of the Naval Disarmament Conference.

Mr. Thomas Hewes, assistant to the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, and his family have gone to New Brunswick, for several weeks of fishing.

Mr. Harry A. McBride, assistant to the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, sailed yesterday for Europe, en route to Liberia, returning to this country about the first of October.

Mr. John Dickinson, Assistant Secretary of Commerce, had as his luncheon guest at the Carlton yesterday Mr. Ray T. Baker.

Mr. Moffat Joining Family for Month.

Mr. Jay Pierrepont Moffat, chief of the Western European Division of the State Department, has left Washington and gone to Bar Harbor, Me., to join his family for a month's vacation.

During the absence of Mr. Moffat, Mr. John D. Hickerson will be the acting chief of the division.

Senor Cyro de Freitas-Valle, of the Brazilian Embassy, with his young son, who arrived in this city recently, has taken an apartment at the Wardman Park Hotel, where they will make their home in the future.

Mr. Bradshaw J. Carroll, Jr., Assistant Administrator of the NRA, and Mrs. Carroll have returned to their apartment at the Hay-Adams House from a week's visit at Bayhead, N. J., where they went by motor. On the return trip they

stopped in Princeton, N. J., for a short visit.

Mr. Warren Lee Pierson, general counsel for the Export-Import Bank of Washington, with Mrs. Pierson, will leave on Wednesday for their home in Los Angeles, Calif. They will return to the Capital early in September to resume their residence here.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Carpel In Saratoga Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Carpel, of Washington, are at the Grand Union Hotel in Saratoga Springs, where they are taking the cure at the Saratoga Spa.

Lieut. Fernando Frota and Mrs. Frota have arrived at the Martiniere from Rio de Janeiro on an indefinite stay.

Maj. and Mrs. H. A. Dargue are in town for a few days from their post at Langley Field, Va., and during their visit they are stopping at the Wardman Park Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Kappler and their children, Miss Suzanne and Charles Theodore, sailed yesterday on the S. S. Roosevelt for London. They will visit in England, Germany, Holland, Austria, Switzerland and France. They will be absent from Washington until September 15.

Mrs. Alfred H. Ferrandou and her daughter, Mary Ann, will go to Rehoboth Beach Friday for the month of August. Mr. Ferrandou will join them for the week-ends.

Mr. and Mrs. Gladfelter To Make Home Here.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Gladfelter, of New York City, have come to Washington to make their home and they have established their residence at the Wardman Park Hotel, where they have leased an apartment.

Dr. and Mrs. Robert E. Moran entertained informally at luncheon yesterday at the Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Lee Frinkle, of Roanoke, Va., are guests at the Raleigh Hotel while in Washington.

Miss Mary M. Connelly was hostess at luncheon yesterday at the Carlton Hotel, when her guests numbered 12.

Mrs. Edward A. Harriman has gone to Saratoga Springs, N. Y., for several weeks' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrah Here From Havana.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Harrah have come here from Havana, Cuba, to spend the coming months, and they have taken an apartment at the Wardman Park Hotel, where they are making their home.

Dr. Lulu Irene Waters has returned to Washington from a week's visit in Virginia Beach, Va., and Old Point Comfort, Va., where she went by motor.

Mrs. Clarence Rodrick, who makes her home at the Wardman Park Hotel, has as her guest there Miss Katharine G. Learson, of Boston, Mass., who arrived in Washington a short time ago and plans to remain here several weeks.

Mrs. Elizabeth Bowling Murdock, accompanied by Mrs. Jean D. Murdock, has left Washington for a trip to Niagara Falls, Quebec, New England and Atlantic City, returning to the Capital in several weeks.

21,000-Mile Air Tour Is Planned By Mr. Lane

Was Recently Appointed Policy Board Member by the President.

Mr. Edward K. Lane, member of the new air policy board recently appointed by President Roosevelt, will leave today on a 21,000-mile inspection tour of airports which will take him to Texas, South America and the West Coast.

Mr. Lane, who made his home in the Capital as a boy while his father, the late Mr. Franklin K. Lane, was serving as Secretary of the Interior under President Wilson, has been in the Capital most of the past winter and spring. He has made his home in California for a number of years, but will now settle in Washington again to attend to his new duties.

Mr. Lane has just returned to Washington, from a trip West, where Mrs. Lane and their children are spending the summer. Mrs. Lane is a Californian and was formerly Miss Katharine McCahill. Mr. Lane's mother, Mrs. Franklin K. Lane, has been an occasional visitor in Washington since her husband's death. Mr. Lane is a brother of Nancy Lane, who made her debut here in the Wilson administration. Twice married, she resumed her maiden name several months ago to run for the New Mexico Legislature. Seen at the Mayflower at luncheon yesterday Mr. Lane, fresh and apparently cool in white linens, was most enthusiastic about the trip on which he starts today. He will return to Washington September 4, and will make his home at the Mayflower.

Members of Polo Team Here Today

Mr. Shaw and Mr. Combs to Stay Over Week-End.

Mr. and Mrs. Gould Shaw, of New York, Boston and Warrenton, Va., and Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Combs 2d, of Lexington, Ky., and Huntington, W. Va., are expected at the Shoreham today, to remain over the week-end.

Mr. Shaw and Mr. Combs are members of the White Sulphur Springs polo team, which is playing a series of games in this community. They played recently at Baltimore with the Maryland Polo Club, and will play the Washington Country polo riders next Wednesday at Hagerstown, Md. The final of the series will be played on the Potomac Park Field in Washington against the Port Maitland Army team Sunday afternoon, July 29.

Mr. and Mrs. Shaw have recently taken possession of their new home at Warrenton, bought from Mr. and Mrs. Francis J. S. Grace, of New York, but are enthusiastic travelers, and frequently visit the Capital.

Mrs. Scheider Fetes Group at Shoreham

Mrs. Malvina T. Scheider, secretary to Mrs. Roosevelt, entertained a group informally at dinner and dancing on the terrace of the Shoreham last evening.

In the party were Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Eben, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Ruppel, Miss Louise Hackmeister, Miss Kathryn Blackburn, Mr. Stephen Gibbons, Mr. Charles Russell and Mr. Henry Ostagen.

KEEP COOL

enjoy a refreshing Pineapple Soda

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Cool and Quiet

Garden Open

Lunch, 50c to \$1.00

Dinner, 65c to \$1.50

Madam Marie will read your tea leaves.

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FIRST CLASS

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Liners is yours when you

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any or all of the chain of 21

ports of call. If Shanghai

tempts you... stay awhile,

the privilege is yours... or

Singapore, Bombay, Suez,

Naples... or any of the

others... When you are

ready to continue, board

the next, or the next, Pres-

ident Liner in this constant

round-the-world parade.

From New York take as

little as 104 days around

or two years. May we tell

you more about this glam-

orous cruise? See any travel

agent, or...

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Washington, D. C.

Miss Barbara Harrison Bride of Mr. Heterick

Mr. and Mrs. Ellis Bowen Harrison announce the marriage of the latter's sister, Miss Barbara Lou Harrison, to Mr. Robert C. Heterick, of Virginia. The marriage took place on July 19 in the chapel of the New York Avenue Presbyterian Church, the Rev. Dr. Evans officiating.

After the honeymoon, which will be spent in Atlantic City, Mr. and Mrs. Heterick will be at home at 3313 Thirteenth street.

Mrs. Harrison will entertain for Mrs. Heterick at a bridge shower this evening.

Mrs. Woodson Is on Way to Pacific Coast

Will Meet Her Husband, Who Is in Command of U. S. S. Houston.

Mrs. Woodson, wife of Capt. Walter B. Woodson, U. S. N., and their daughter, Miss Ruth Halford Woodson, accompanied by Mrs. Woodson's brother and sister-in-law, Maj. and Mrs. Frank Halford, have left Washington by motor for the Pacific Coast, where they will meet Capt. Woodson, who is in command of the U. S. S. Houston, now at Hawaii with President Roosevelt aboard.

Mrs. Woodson and Maj. Halford are daughter and son of the late A. J. Halford, who, for many years, was head of the Associated Press, and they remained in Washington until after the service at Arlington for their cousin, Mrs. Jeanette Halford Halley, widow of Maj. Halley, who died early in the summer in Hollywood, Calif., where she had lived for some years with her father, Mr. Elijah J. Halford, who was secretary to President Benjamin Harrison during the latter's Administration.

Mrs. Woodson and her daughter will return to the Capital in the autumn and the latter will resume her studies at Mount Vernon Seminary, where she has been a student for several years.

Dr. and Mrs. Rice Here Tomorrow

Returning From Wedding Trip to Europe.

The Assistant Director of the Census, Dr. Stuart A. Rice, and Mrs. Rice will return to Washington tomorrow after a two month wedding trip, during which they visited the British Isles and principal countries of Europe.

Dr. and Mrs. Rice were married at Stockham Hall, Birmingham Southern College, May 29, and sailed for Europe on June 1. Mrs. Rice, the former Miss Sarah Alice Mayfield, daughter of Mrs. Daisy Mayfield, of West, Birmingham, Ala., was an instructor in sociology at Birmingham Southern College and was director of relief cases for Birmingham and Jefferson County, Ala., for the Federal Emergency Relief Administration.

Dr. and Mrs. Rice will reside temporarily at 1721 I street.

FRESH ICE CREAM
Fresh Fruits—Fresh Cream
NUNNALLY'S
1035 Conn. Ave. 1208 F Street



Dinner on the Broadmoor Roof

Connecticut Ave. at Porter St. Dine in a cool retreat among the trees... For the spacious Broadmoor Roof is actually in a woodland setting—the tops of towering trees in Rock Creek Park, surrounding it. Broadmoor cuisine is temptingly different—each course providing a new treat that will tempt those who love variety in menu.

DINNER LESS THAN \$1.00

Served from 6 to 9

Refreshments Served Until 1 A. M.

A SELECTION OF CHOICE WINE AND LIQUORS

to enhance your enjoyment of an occasion to be remembered.

No Cover Charge at Any Time

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Lamp-Maker Now Produces Delicate Glass

Pitchers and Cups Bear
Resemblance to Firm's
Old Products.

By Ruth Anne Davis.

LAMP-MAKERS may remember the "Marshall" kerosene lamp chimneys. Some may have wondered what happened to the company which manufactured them when kerosene lamps went the way of the horse and buggy. Did they junk their machinery, board up the windows and doors and leave the old plant to spiders and firebugs? Or did they turn to production of electric light bulbs as a logical step in progress?

They did neither. Having at hand the facilities for manufacturing glass of a pure and flawless quality, they turned from lamp chimneys to newware. There's a downtown shop which has some pitchers and cups of the type put on the market by the old firm.

The pitchers of clear red or blue glass curve inward and outward with a plain rounded grace. The cups resemble goblets without sign.

As though the imprint of time were too strong to erase, both pitchers and cups bear a family resemblance to the old-fashioned kerosene lamp chimneys.

Vegetable Rinse.

It's a matter of a few seconds and a few cents to glorify the hair with a new rinse.

It isn't a dye. It isn't permanent. It isn't a shampoo. And it isn't injurious. It's merely a color rinse made from vegetable matter.

There are 12 colors, each carefully matched to the 12 most usual hair shades. Blondes, brunettes, tans and in-betweeners can step right up and find by studying the chart the exact but glorified color at their own hair.

After the shampoo, then for the rinse, and if the hair is a natural gold, it turns out to be a gold with highlights, lowlights, and a thousand gleams. On the other hand, if the hair is a nondescript mouse color with a leaning toward henna or chestnut it can be made to look decidedly one way or the other, but not mousey.

This rinse comes in a package which costs 50 cents, and contains 10 applications.

Air Pillows.

It's easy to be up in the air over the new pillows making their first showing in a Connecticut avenue shop. They're made of a waterproof (and airproof) fabric, and blown up to that or that size, depending on the way you like your pillows.

They're splendid canoe pillows, as they can be depended on to float, even if the canoe doesn't. And they're fine for automobile and train pillows, because they can be made any size that fits the curve of the back. Naturally, they're cool, cooler than feather and kapok pillows, and almost as soft.

Special Price.

A package containing powder to take the shine off the face and cream to put it there is especially priced at 51.

The powder is fine grained, with a certain chiffon-like quality about it that not only takes the shine off the nose, but keeps it off for a long time. The cream is a pure and effective cleanser.

Cotton Pickers.

When the cotton pickers first came on the market they were heartily indorsed by Hollywood Magazines and newspapers were fairly submerged with pictures of this star and that star sitting at her dressing table, showing the boxes covered with the new and sanitary way to use cotton.

As months went by the fervor for cotton pickers proved to be contagious and the upright citizens with a leaning toward shopping and a talent for picking out household conveniences and bargains found that there was a place on every bathroom sink and on every dressing table for a cotton picker. Here was a ready-made convenience costing but a paltry 21 cents.

Although they are comparative newcomers to the shop class, the jar-like containers designed to hold a package or a half package of cotton have already proved among the seasons most popular sellers.

Summer Compensation.

Everything has its compensation—even midsummer. All doubters please visit a downtown store and gaze in appreciation at the \$3 electric fans reduced to \$1.49.

Don't anticipate too much. They're plain 4-inch fans with not a sign of rotation in their steel frames. But they are breezy little fans, that can turn out a stream of cooling air.

If you miss this sale just chalk it down on the calendar for next year, as it's an annual event at this store.

Embellished With Gardenias.

There should be a prize award to the beautifully packed toilet goods sponsored by a large manufacturing concern. Dainty perfume comes in large deep boxes covered from edge to edge with life-size prints of gardenias. Talcum powder is in long, high gardenia-bedeked paper "jars." Even the soap, six cakes to a package, peeps out between gardenia prints.

It looks like a silent tribute to the gardenia, whose scent is carried out in both soaps and powders.

Call Ruth Anne Davis of The Washington Post, National 4200, Extension 105, for further information. Or write, inclosing stamped, addressed envelope.

Religion Influences India's Kitchens



Grain, Spices, Fruits and Sweets Are Eaten but All Pork Is Banned; Curry Is One of This Country's Interesting Dishes.

Where cobras sway to the thin pipings of the Jogi charmer, and great elephants placidly obey the orders of the mahout, where eyes of omelette are eaten so the participant may see in the dark, and cows wander at will through city streets, glomour is found.

Into the intricacies of Indian menus we explore, finding strange sights and customs. This article is one of a series on foreign foods.

By Susan Mills.

GLIMPSE into India's larger means a glimpse into her temples, her taboos, her caste system and the innumerable customs and inhibitions of the race. An Indian menu is more than a list of dishes; it is a symbol of religion, hence, the diet of necessity.

The most fixed taboo is the cow. To the Indians the animal is a goddess in disguise. In the cities the cattle are allowed to wander at will, and when a sightseeing bovine thoughtlessly blocks traffic, the natives make a detour rather than disturb her majesty. It is forbidden to kill a cow, and should one sicken through starvation or disease, it is allowed to linger in agony for many weeks. "Why not kill the cow and put it out of its misery?" is the question. The Indian would answer, "Would you kill your mother if she becomes old?"

Clarified butter, "ghi," is the purest food. Anything cooked in this by-product of the cow is beyond contamination. Other foods cooked in water must be prepared under an intricate set of regulations in order to be clean.

A Chew of Betel.

Foods considered "good," are curries, grain, spices, fruits, sweets, milk (usually that of the cow, goat and buffalo) and pan. Pan is a part of the daily diet in India and is made this way.

A leaf of the aromatic betel plant is smeared with catechu, next, some chopped area nut is sprinkled on top, a pinch of tobacco or camphor may be added. The leaf is folded into a little triangle, and often fastened with a clove. Every one who can afford them chews several packets a day.

The caste system prohibits the acceptance of foods from the hands or vessels of another caste. A member of the high caste would rather than receive food or drink from one of a lower. The so-called "good" foods are not included in the taboos, other foods may become contaminated by the passing of a shadow thrown by a low caste Indian. Leather may contaminate, a Hindu will scold his hands before eating a meal.

Pork? Never. Pigs are low caste. The Indian attaches significance to their unclean environment. This is in which fat has been heated. Cook until well browned on under sides; turn and brown upper sides. Serve hot.

The Market Place.

On market day a stream of bullock carts filled with produce move on the dusty roads. Throngs from the hamlets come to the market place on foot, carrying on their heads grain, baskets or whatever they have to barter. At the market, fruit stalls are filled with oranges, watermelons, guavas, mangoes. Spice stalls contain sacks of roots and powders—cumin, coriander, saffron, antimony and others. A lumpy thing as long as one's finger, brown outside and yellow within, is turmeric, the base of all curry preparations, and a source of dye.

There is a noticeable lack of prepared foods in the market, aside from the sweets, loved by the Indians, and the sherbets.

Rice, aside from being a staple, figures largely in ceremonies. In a wedding ceremony the bride is sprinkled with the parched grains, the bride and bridegroom partake of rice dishes together.

The cucumber has a peculiar place in religious ritual. One might see a faithful native entering a temple with a huge cucumber under his arm. It is a sacrifice to the goddess Kali. Formerly human sacrifice was offered, then animals were

Blackberry and Pineapple Jam.

4 cups (2 pounds) prepared fruit
Juice of 1 lemon
7 cups (3 pounds) sugar
1/2 bottle fruit pectin
To prepare fruit, crush thoroughly or grind about 1 quart fully ripe blackberries. Pare 1 medium fully ripe pineapple and chop very fine or grind, using finest knife of food chopper. Combine fruits.
Measure sugar into large kettle. Add lemon juice and prepared fruit, filling up last cup with water if necessary. Mix well and bring to a full rolling boil over hottest fire. Stir constantly before and while boiling. Boil hard 1 minute.
Remove from fire and stir in fruit pectin. Then stir and skim by turns for just 5 minutes to cool slightly, to prevent floating fruit. Pour quickly. Paraffin hot jam at once. Makes about 10 glasses (8 fluid ounces each).

slaughtered to appease the wrath of the divine. But now the faithful native goes to bedhead his cucumber, the juice of which, a substitute for blood, will content the goddess. The native can always eat it afterward, flavored with vinegar and oil.

Many Indian recipes contain ingredients impossible to obtain in this country, or distinctly repulsive to Western tastes. However, modifications do not destroy the original character.

A curry recipe will add interest to your table.

Indian Curry.

Brown 2 tablespoons of a chopped large onion in a tablespoon butter, add 1/4 teaspoon curry powder dissolved in water, the rest of the onion, 1 pound of diced mutton or beef, salt and enough water to cook meat until tender. Just before meat becomes tender add 1 large chopped tomato and 1 tablespoon cream. If peas or potatoes are desired add when meat is parboiled. Lemon juice may be added just before serving. Serves four.

Next week we inspect Italy's Kitchen. Watch for the article on this page next Thursday.

Pitkin Says Youth Moving Definitely Toward Crime

The most definite youth movement in the United States is toward crime and the underworld, Walter B. Pitkin, Columbia professor and author, declares in a recent magazine article.

Prof. Pitkin asserts that should a strong leader arise to direct them on the path toward crime, they would form a force that could not be easily overcome. Properly led, he says, they could be a great power for good.

Corn Cakes.

1 cup flour
1 teaspoon baking powder
1/4 teaspoon salt
1/4 teaspoon paprika
1/4 teaspoon sugar
2/3 cup corn (fresh or canned)
1 egg
3 tablespoons fat
Mix flour, baking powder, seasonings, sugar, corn and egg. Beat well. Drop portions on frying pan in which fat has been heated. Cook until well browned on under sides; turn and brown upper sides. Serve hot.

Leftovers can be used in this recipe.

Children Get Swim Lessons.

New York, July 25 (Sp.).—Learn to swim month" classes, now being conducted by the New York Park Department, will end July 31. More than 5,000 New York children have been receiving free swimming lessons. A swimming meet will be held at the end of the month for all pupils.

What Today Means

"Leo."

If July 26 is your birthday, the best hours for you on this date are from 10:30 a. m. to 11:30 p. m. from 3:30 to 5:30 p. m. and from 7:30 to 9:30 p. m. The danger periods are from 7:30 to 9:30 a. m. from 1:30 to 3:30 p. m. and from 5:30 to 7:30 p. m.

Business may prove variable on this date, pleasingly surprising for some and disappointing for others.

Actual cash may prove to be a rather scarce commodity, for a very short space of time. Exchequers may be replenished very quickly from unexpected sources of supply.

Interviews should be made as short as possible, as irritability might be caused by the taking up of too much of the other person's time. Telephone conversations should also be brief and to the point for the same reason. Avoid getting into any form of argument for it will accomplish nothing, but may create ill feeling where friendship is most desirable. In social activities, if you expect to act as host or hostess, exercise care in the selection of your guests, selecting only those you know are congenial to the rest. It might be wise also not to serve an overabundance of anything that might be indicative to ill results. A full moon will shine down on lovers tonight, and this should help make their most earnest desires realized.

If a woman and July 26 is, your natal day, you probably are one of those self-sacrificing mortals, who think of everyone else and

their interests before considering your own. This at times may prove a mistaken policy, for it leads to some imposing on you. Activity in church work might prove a disaster that will reward you in an unexpected manner. Money may be an unanticipated source, and this will enable you to realize one of your dreams. You should do well in a commercial career, either in a position requiring close attention to office detail work or where personality as well as salesmanship will count. You also should possess great deal of creative ability, and should do remarkably well in a line of work where this gift can be utilized. Matrimonial bonds should prove delightful ones for a woman of temperament. You should have an excellent housewife and a splendid mother.

Children born on July 26, as they grow up, display a high degree of intelligence, and as a rule have the ability to concentrate on any subject to which they apply themselves. As a general thing they have very amiable dispositions, and are easy to manage.

If a man and born on July 26, you are the type whose unselfishness is usually rewarded by the degree of popularity. You should prosper in any business or profession you follow. Educational or journalistic work might prove very profitable. An early marriage should bring happiness and prove helpful.

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How to Keep Well

By Dr. Irving S. Cutler.
Your Liver.

A marked revival of interest in liver diseases has followed a clear recognition of the fact that we have liver failure just as we may have heart failure or kidney failure. In other words, a decrease in the function of the liver will occur when that organ is damaged as certainly as a decrease in the function of the heart will follow damage to the heart muscle.

Curiously enough, however, it has been shown that the liver has the capacity of regeneration to a very remarkable degree. We know that the heart possesses this power through the thickening of the heart muscle wall. When liver cells are destroyed the same type of cell may, through the heavy feeding of carbohydrates, be regenerated at a very rapid rate.

The liver is capable of standing so much abuse that it rarely advises its owner that there is difficulty within its structure until it has practically exhausted its power of recovery. There are few early symptoms of liver disease and there is no satisfactory test for liver function.

Naturally, if liver cell destruction continues for any great length of time regeneration will slow down and areas of liver cells destroyed by disease will be replaced by scar tissue. This condition is known as cirrhosis. Scar tissue may be likened to the putty with which the painter covers cracks and nail holes.

From recent investigations have come a few important observations that, if heeded, may reduce the incidence of liver disease and greatly prolong life.

First, liver cells must be protected against destruction through the avoidance of toxic substances known to cause liver damage. Among such substances are bacterial toxins and certain metallic and organic poisons, such as cinchophen, chloroform, arsenic and phosphorus.

Second, the liver must be regarded as a link in the chain of organs that are closely related, such as the heart, kidneys, pancreas and spleen.

Third, liver overload may occur after heavy meals, as practically all the food materials from the digestive tract entering the blood must pass through this huge chemical laboratory. In order to avoid liver damage, therefore, or if there is a tendency to liver disease, liver or six light meals should be the rule, rather than the regulation three meals.

Fourth, liver cells are protected and are stimulated to regeneration in the presence of an ample supply of carbohydrates. These may be administered effectively as a part of the regular diet. In liver disease, orange juice sweetened with glucose, corn syrup or sugar of milk, may be used several times daily.

Although no spectacular advance

Ripples of Flattery



Most of the autumn coats appearing now in the shops have unquoting collars like this one. Persian lamb and caracul, being very pliable, are the chief furs being manipulated into these graceful effects.

has been made in the clinical recognition of liver damage, we may hope for more exact methods of diagnosis within the next few years. Medical science has made great progress in understanding liver disease, in devising methods of prevention, and in perfecting a rational plan of management.

(Copyright, 1934, by the Chicago Tribune.)

Hot Weather Brings Talk Of All Coats

The Conversation Hinges on Flattery of New Ripple Collars.

By Amos Parrish.

NEW YORK, July 25.—Here's a perennial paradox. Right about now each summer you'll find panama and linen-battled heads put together over the latest tea glasses on the porch in eager discussion, not of the weather nor the golf score nor the clothes for the next dance, but of fall coats and the furs that trim them.

And the ripples of conversation you hear are mostly about the ripples of the coats themselves. For coats with collars that ripple and undulate in soft, flattering ways are one of the important bits of news about new coat fashions.

Shawls Still Smart.

Simple shawl collars are still in fashion, no mistake about that. And there are plenty of smart women who'll never like anything better.

But there are also plenty of women who'll find the new rippling collars... a rippled shawl (such as is sketched), a rippled ruff-like stand-up collar, a rippled jabot collar... more flattering than anything they have ever worn.

Persian lamb is one of the furs which lends itself beautifully to this new rippled treatment. It is not bulky and so can be manipulated as softly as you want it.

Caracul is another fashionable fur of similar pliability. Such seal and nutria are effectively used, too. And of course, mink and kolinsky.

Fox Looks Luxurious.

Of the long-haired furs which make so many of those becoming shawl and one-sided shawl collars, and furs of fox character seen in the latest styles, the fox looks luxurious and for most women it is a very flattering fur to have framing the face.

Though black is still fashion's first choice of a coat color, brown is smarter than it was last fall. In two important shades one dark and clear and the other lighter, brighter and with a redder cast.

And if you'd like a more individual shade, consider a dark, clear blue-green. Not so easy to wear as black, but if you wear it, it makes you distinctive.

(Copyright, 1934.)

ESCAPE from the SOVIETS

By TATIANA TCHERNAVIN

Imprisoned by the Soviets, Tatiana Tchernavin was released after months of suffering and, rejoining her son, went to Kem to visit her exiled husband. She found him aged beyond his years, the result of privation and suffering.

At home—that is, at the cottage where we found shelter and food—my last hour—I sat down by the window again and watched the street.

A party of young but extremely exhausted-looking men went by. Their faces were gray, their heads and shoulders bent as though under some terrible weight, though they were carrying only half-empty sacks. They were surrounded by an armed escort.

"They are being sent to dig the new canal," said the old woman with a sigh and made the sign of the cross with wooden spades and shovels. "The Lord save and preserve them, and have mercy upon us! I wonder if any of them will come back alive! Fresh parties are sent along every day and there are no barracks there, no tools to work with—they dig the earth with their hands. The earth is hard as stone with the frost."

Banana-Tomato Salad.

6 lettuce leaves.
2 tomatoes
3-3 ripe bananas
1/4 cup French dressing
Mayonnaise
Arrange the lettuce on a platter. Place on each leaf a thick slice of peeled tomato and on this arrange sliced bananas. Cover with French dressing and garnish with mayonnaise. Serves six.

OGPU Well Off.

"Do you get them now?" "No, like! They are not easy to find and we couldn't sell them—they would be taken from us for nothing. The women who had any, lost theirs—taken to the treasury, they said. Treasury indeed! The OGPU must have them. And what fine clothes we had!" the old woman went on with her reminiscences. "Gold brocade bodices and lovely wide skirts, all sorts of colors, like flowers. On Sundays the girls used to walk down the street and the women sat by the gate. Not much pleasure going out now! Only the fat OGPU men stroll about. The young men have all gone where best they could. If they stay here they're sent to the timber works."

Two cars slowly drove down the street. Something long, covered with sacks and strips of tarpaulin lay on them. A sudden jerk made the covering slide off, baring the head of a man who was obviously unconscious; the body of another, lying next to him jolted against him.

"What is that, granny?" I cried in horror, clutching at the old woman's hand.

Sick With Typhus.

"Don't be alarmed, my dear, they are still alive. They are men from the canal works, sick with typhus. There is no hospital there, so they bring them here. There's a lot of typhus among them. But what's the good of bringing them here? They'll die anyway. The Lord help them and have mercy upon us! Go away from the window and put yourself to rights," she said, decisively, drawing the curtain. "Your man will come and you don't look yourself. You'll see nothing good here."

The old woman was wise. I went to my bed and made myself tidy.

My son came in. Lucky boy, he saw nothing but his father. He had yearned for him with all his child-

ish heart and was happy at having found him at last.

"Mother, have you got the food ready? What shall we give daddy? I am soon going to meet him. You know, I saw X—he recognized me. I did not speak to him but simply looked at him, and he walked past me and said 'good day.' I thought he would be only strangers here, but there are lots of people I know! Well, get everything ready, I'll go now."

He ran away. I put the food on the table; butter, ham, a cold fowl, white bread, cheese. I bought all this at the cost of an eighth of a century set of china and a collar of Alencon lace. So long as the OGPU, the flying corps and the heads of the Red Army have all they want, it is possible to buy things of which ordinary citizens do not even dream. True, there was very little left of my collection of china, but I no longer cared. I wanted to have something that day to remind us of ordinary civilized life.

Sorrow Was Past.

We felt more light-hearted at our second meeting; the sorrow of all we had been through was giving way to joy. We were sitting at table, the three of us, we were eating together. It is such a simple thing, but it had seemed utterly unattainable when death was threatening at least one, if not two, of the three.

The child was delighted with our festive meal; he had not tasted anything so good during the whole of that terrible year. My husband sat absent-mindedly, smiling happily as he watched the boy. He himself had very little to eat and said that he had had enough.

"Enough! You've only had two sandwiches! Daddy, what's the matter with you?"

"The sandwiches were with butter and ham, and I had a piece of fowl, too. I've lost the habit of eating such things."

"Did you have to go hungry?" the boy asked, and left off eating.

Discovery Made.

"Yes, it was pretty bad. But I am better now. They sent me to investigate the OGPU fisheries on the White Sea."

"By yourself?" I asked in surprise. "Yes, but they gave me a boat and a net."

"That was all your 'technical equipment'?"

"Yes. But I've done a good deal, all the same. I went all over the western shore of the White Sea. It's strange," he added, after a pause, "whatever conditions we are placed in, our mind goes on working all the same. I believe I've made an interesting scientific discovery. . . . I should like to write about it, but I won't be allowed to publish anything while I am here, so I don't know what to do. . . . Are there as many arrests as ever?"

"Not quite. And indeed I don't know who there is left to arrest."

"Oh, they'll find them."

Translator Arrested.

"That's true, though. They started on translators now. One of them was arrested for having translated Marcel Proust—a decadent writer! And of course the translation had been ordered by the Government Publishing Office."

We did not want to talk of prison and exile, we longed to banish if only for a moment the bitter and humiliating memories, but we could not; nothing remained of the happy past—and our present was the penal camp.

After the meal the child began

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Tropical Spot of Land Far Out in Atlantic Makes Ideal Home Say Visitors to Capital

Curacao Couple Speaks Glowingly of Their Island

Very Dutch, Quite Spanish and Somewhat American.
This Bit of the West Indies Is a Charming and Cosmopolitan Place.

By Elizabeth Perrow.

CURACAO, according to the atlas, is a small orange dot, almost lost in the immensity of the blue Atlantic.

But described in the glowing language of Pieter Brown Gorsira and his vivacious, black-eyed wife, Bertha, now at the Willard Hotel, an enchantingly real place.

"It is a little bit of Holland just off the coast of Venezuela," said Mrs. Gorsira, who with her husband is making a three months' tour of the United States. "But it is even more picturesque than Holland, for all the people in the world are represented there."

"The towns are a little Dutch, a little bit Spanish, somewhat American. But the greater part of the population is Negro. The Negroes are civilized, and loyal to Holland, to whom the island has belonged for three hundred years."

"These Negroes are very American in their tastes. Many of them have had jobs on ships that brought them to America. And it is too funny to see them driving their little flivvers around, with American flags flying in the front. They go to all the American movies and dress the way movie stars do. And it is not unusual to see a Curacao Negro with a long flowing Greta Garbo bob."

Gay With Visitors.

Although the island looks as if it might be cut off from the world, it is in reality a gay and interesting place, according to Mr. and Mrs. Gorsira.

"One of the most beautiful things about our island is the natural harbor," she said. "An average of 40 ships a day enter that harbor. We are never bored because new people are constantly coming to the island. We import fruits and vegetables, and export oil. The world's largest oil refining plants are located on this island."

"The dearest thing on the island is water," Mrs. Gorsira explained. "For the climate is very dry; often it does not rain for two years at a time."

"We catch rain water and use it for bathing purposes," she said. "And there are plants that take the salt out of sea water and make it fit for household use. But our drinking water is usually imported from South America or Europe. We pay ten cents for five gallons."

"The cost of living is very little in Curacao," Mrs. Gorsira says. "The Negroes live simply in little log cabins, with the roof made by putting cornstalks across the top. They eat fruits, especially the fruit of the cactus, which they soak in water and cut up when it is tender. Servants are very cheap. That is bad, it makes it hard to be a lady, and all they have to do is dress up and entertain."

Social and Fashionable.

"Society is very important down there. We play a great deal of bridge. Every day is a party in clothes. And we always have the latest styles. The Negro women are even more interested in clothes than the white ones. They order from American mail-order houses."

"The popular language of the island is Papiamentu," Mrs. Gorsira explains. "This is a strange language made up of Spanish, English, Portuguese, African and English," she said. "It is spoken by every one because it is easy. When white women come from other countries they get a book and study Papiamentu, for

Pioneers Again Trek to Montana

This Time They're Homesteaders, Seeking Land.

Helena, Mont. (U.P.)—Those who want homes, but "haven't got what it takes," once again are pioneering in Montana.

They are the State's third influx of "homesteaders."

Instead of seeking rich farming lands, as did their predecessors of the 80s and 1915, they seek economic security that may be gained from ownership of a self-sufficing plot of land.

In many sections of the State depression victims are claiming their share of the public domain. This is true in Carter and Powder River Counties, in northwestern and southwestern Montana. Independence to be gained from working their 160-acre plots is now more valuable than the thrill of city lights.

Acquiring the homesteads is a simple task. It requires only that the pioneers had the ability to work and endure physical hardship, with the reward of a land title certain in five years.

Anyone who is a citizen of the United States, or who has filed a declaration of intention to become a citizen, 21 years of age, or head of a family, may claim 160 acres of the public domain. He must settle on it, cultivate the land, and make his residence there for five years. Then it is his—on display of "proof of work."

6,000 School Children To Take Nature Course

New York, July 25 (S.P.)—Dr. Harold G. Campbell, superintendent of schools, announced 6,000 school children have signed up for a course in nature study to be taught at 20 summer play schools and day camps formed for that purpose.

"City children, unless they live near a park, grow up with little knowledge of plant life, animals or birds," he said. "The schools are trying to tell the children about these things. But only through outdoor life can they acquire a real understanding of nature."

that is the language they have to speak to their servants. But the school teachers are from Holland and are required to teach in Dutch."

Although Curacao has good public schools, both for the Negroes and the white people, it has no colleges or universities and the advanced students go to Europe or America to school.

"The government is much interested in education," Mrs. Gorsira said, "and gives six scholarships to European universities to students who will return to Curacao when they have completed their education."

Secretary Wallace Is an Expert on Superstitions About Figure 13.

SECRETARY HENRY A. WALLACE knows a lot of things. One of them is all the superstitions connected with the figure 13.

Not long ago he took a lady into dinner who was much upset when she discovered 13 people were about to sit down at table. After the host had adjusted the matter by recruiting his young son to make the fourteenth, the Secretary entertained his dinner partner by telling her fascinating things about the figure 13.

The great seal of the United States, he told her, would be a symbol of bad luck if the superstition were taken seriously. The escutcheon upon the breast of the eagle has 13 stripes to represent the 13 original colonies. A constellation of 13 stars compose the "glory" above the bald head of the eagle. In his beak he carries a scroll with the motto, "E Pluribus Unum," composed of 13 letters. In his "dexter" (right) talon he holds an olive branch with 13 leaves and 13 fruits, denoting the power of peace, and in his "sinister" (left) talon he carries 13 arrows to represent our military strength. The reverse side of the seal carries the design of an unfinished pyramid of 13 courses of stone. The motto over it, "Annuit Coeptis," has 13 letters.

Speaking of our symbol of greatness, there is one design of the spread eagle on a brass plaque upon the floor of the American Security & Trust Co., on Fifteenth street.

But it is not the spread eagle, as many critics of it as being more like a "dull masonic emblem" than the seal of a great nation. When the State Department prepared an exhibition for the Chicago exposition in 1892, large emblems of the obverse and reverse of the seal were painted, but the appearance presented by the reverse was so spiritless, prosaic, heavy and inappropriate that it was never hung.

The reverse side of the seal has been ignored since it was made legal in 1878. There have been many criticisms of it as being more like a "dull masonic emblem" than the seal of a great nation. When the State Department prepared an exhibition for the Chicago exposition in 1892, large emblems of the obverse and reverse of the seal were painted, but the appearance presented by the reverse was so spiritless, prosaic, heavy and inappropriate that it was never hung.

"You may see him perched on some dead tree," he wrote, "where, too lazy to fish for himself, he watches the labor of the fishhawk; and when that diligent bird has taken a fish, and is bearing it to his nest for the support of his mate and young ones, the bald eagle pursues him, and takes it from him."

Franklin says the eagle is a rank coward. The little kingbird, no bigger than a sparrow, attacks him boldly and drives him out of the district.

He said the bald eagle on the seal looked more like a turkey and he was not displeased.

"The turkey is (though a little vain and silly, it is true, but not worse emblem for that) a bird of courage, and would not hesitate to attack a grenadier of the British guards who should presume to invade his farmyard with a red coat on."

Accomplished Tommie.

Mrs. Walter R. Tuckerman did not soon recover from the fright she received one night when her husband, daughters and servants were out for the evening, and she was left alone in her suburban home.

While she was in the kitchen she heard several soft thuds against the door. The knob of the door slowly turned.

To her relief and surprise, it was Tommie, the family cat, who had learned to open the door by bearing down on the old-fashioned latch.

This large, intelligent cat was named Tommie by the Tuckerman children before she began to present them with litters of kittens, regularly three times a year. These offspring have been distributed lavishly over Washington and elsewhere and many distinguished homes are harboring them. Recently Rufus, one of Tommie's kittens, has been honored by having his portrait painted with former Senator Bayard's family.

Under the Piano.

He pointed to the 62 pined across her sweat shirt for the benefit of the photographer, and wiped his brow as he told what a hard



From Curacao, a small island in the Dutch West Indies, comes Mrs. Pieter Brown Gorsira, whose stories of life on that tropical island are full of enthusiasm.

America Buys Little Education

Survey Shows U. S. Money Is Spent Chiefly on Luxuries.

AMERICA annually spends twice as much money for soft drinks, radios, tobacco and automobiles as it does for education, according to a recent statement by Joseph Miller, Jr., secretary of the National Association of Public School Officials.

Mr. Miller has just completed a thorough study of the average amount spent for public schools in the United States. His study, which was made for National School and National Schoolview, reveals that while the Nation spends \$4,000,000,000 annually for luxuries, it only spends \$2,250,000,000 for its 28,000,000 public school children.

The average amount spent per year per child for public school education was given by Mr. Miller as \$86.69.

"When we consider the paltry amount we spend for education it is no wonder we are face to face today with one of the gravest national problems," Mr. Miller said. "We have approximately 3,000,000 boys and girls walking the streets. Hundreds of thousands are tramps."

62 Medals and Many Cups Is Record of Girl Swimmer

SIXTY-TWO medals and part ownership in ten cups sounds like a veteran's record.

But it belongs to 18-year-old Rita Augusterfer, local swimming champion.

Four years ago she entered her first competitive swimming meet. "It just happened to," she said yesterday sitting on the edge of the Shoreham Hotel swimming pool.

"I used to play a lot of water polo at the beaches. One day a guard said, 'Rita, you have a good stroke. Why don't you use it?' So, I joined a swimming team and started competing."

Since then Miss Augusterfer's path has been amply paved with trophies ranging from gold medals to silver cups.

In a turquoise blue suit that made her eyes very blue and her hair very gold, she looked more like a youthful beauty contestant than a champion. But swimming the length of the pool with her strong steady stroke, she was the Rita Augusterfer who has already made a mark in the swimming world, and intends to make others.

Ambition for Olympics.

"It's the height of my ambition to swim in the Olympics," she announced. "I tried out last time but—"

"But you got buck fever!" interposed her trainer, Edward H. McCabon, manager of the Shoreham pool. "Know what buck fever is? It's stage fright!"

Champion Augusterfer blushed. "I did get scared," she smiled. "I got scared a lot of times."

"Before meets I do my best not to think of them. But when the time comes and I see a lot of people sitting around waiting for the race, I'm scared all over again."

"After you've won once, it's awkward to lose. People expect you to make a good showing and if you don't, you feel like a flat failure," she said.

It was hard to imagine Rita Augusterfer looking like a flat failure. It was hard to imagine anyone ploughing 220 yards through the water at top speed looking like anything but a champion.

"Rita is a failure in one respect," commented trainer McCabon. "She's a failure in keeping her medals in honorable state."

Under the Piano.

He pointed to the 62 pined across her sweat shirt for the benefit of the photographer, and wiped his brow as he told what a hard

Strictly Speaking

Try These.

1. Is ro-de-o or ro-DAY-o?
2. What is a camelpard and how is it pronounced?
3. Whom did Mark Twain's daughter, Clara, marry?
4. What is the pronunciation of intelligentsia and from what language is it derived?
5. What is Hawaii properly called?

Answers Here.

1. The Spanish pronunciation is ro-DAY-o, but the word has been Anglicized to RO-de-o. While both pronunciations are correct, it is preferable when using the word in this country to call it RO-de-o.
2. Camelpard, called "kamelpard," is a giraffe.
3. Ossip Gabrilowitch (Gabri-LUV-ich), a Russian pianist.
4. Intelligentsia, called in-TEL-i-JENT-si-a, designates the intellectual or professional group, class, or party. The word is derived from the Russian intelligentsiya.
5. Ha-WI-ee.

Farmer Tells How She Has Fought Debts

System of Barter Helps Widow Keep Deficit Down.

MRS. EVELYN HARRIS, who owns three farms on Maryland's Eastern Shore, is no more prosperous than the average farmer.

But she has managed to educate five children, and keep the farms running all during the depression. She tells how in a book, "The Barter Lady, A Woman Farmer Sees It Through," just published by Doubleday.

Ten years ago Mrs. Harris, who lives at Howells Point, Md., was left a widow with five children and the three mortgaged farms, which included 35,000 pear trees, and acres and acres of tomatoes and berries. She had no other income, she received little money from her farm produce. So she began bartering.

Magazines For Potatoes.

She persuaded the Literary Guild to trade books for poultry and sweet potatoes; she got the House Beautiful for a plump chicken. Colliers for spareribs and a sausage. She gave a surgeon his summer vacation for his services; she paid for her daughter's dress with a load of firewood; some of the farm worker's wages were taken out in pigs and flour, and a well-digger accepted of home-made chocolate as pay.

But in spite of all her shrewd bargaining the deficit continued to mount up, until one day a discerning editor, having read one of her letters begging to trade a subscription for farm produce, told her she could write. After that she financed her farm with her pen.

Loves It Still.

Despite all the hardships she loves country life. "The children are now through school. One of the boys now has an airplane, which she sometimes uses when she goes to Baltimore to bargain with commission merchants. She is still in debt and the sight of city luxuries enrages her."

Why shouldn't farm mortgages be scaled down as stock market values have been? she wants to know. Why shouldn't the Government issue crop reports on plows and fertilizers as well as on wheat and beans, so that the farmer as well as the city man could benefit by a glut in the market. Why should city folk be permitted to spend their surplus growing crops for fun, and then glutting the market for real farmers with their spurious crops? Why shouldn't farm girls wear silk stockings as constantly as city girls? Mrs. Harris is still searching for the answer to these questions.

Sex in Advertising Banned by Vatican

Papal State Frowns on Illustrated Curves.

Rome, July 25 (U.P.)—Sex in modern advertising has been frowned on by the Vatican. Feminine curves, as illustrated in some of the modern publications, especially in American magazines, do not meet with the approval of the Vatican authorities.

The daily organ of the papal state, the Osservatore Romano, which is a newspaper with an increasing circulation and the only completely free paper published in the Italian peninsula, exercises a paternal care over its publicity matter. With an eye on its public, it refuses "ads" which play up to any form of vulgarity or sex appeal and it reserves the right to modify drawings and press matter with the approval of the advertiser. If the advertiser does not agree to the changes, the advertisement is refused. This, of course, does not often happen, but cases occasionally occur.

Once she has created the home atmosphere, and the novelty of housekeeping has worn off, providing there is no baby by that time—and they do arrive, planned or no—it will be time enough for her to turn her talents for self-expression to other fields.

I don't believe, once you are married and wisely adjusted to the reasonable limitations of your income, either of you will give much thought to the car, the servant, or the entertainment you can not afford.

Miss Haworth will be glad to help you in solving your problems. Write her in care of The Post Woman's Page.

Rodeo Owner Disgruntled At English Reception

"If they want to see any more cowboys in England they'll have to raise them."

Tex Austin served this notice when he returned to this country yesterday, after losing \$200,000 on his rodeo show at White City, London.

Austin accuses the British government of "poisoning the minds of the people" against his show, by saying the bronchos were mistreated. The object of this, he believes, was to prevent any money from leaving the country.

SPICEBOX To Grandmother.

I have a crooked stick. It isn't any good. But I picked it up on purpose in the middle of the wood.

W. T.

Underwood & Underwood.

Underwood & Underwood.

Underwood & Underwood.

Underwood & Underwood.

This BUSINESS of LIVING

Has a Man a Right to Marry on a Small Salary?

By Mary Haworth.

DEAR MISS HAWORTH: Has a fellow any right to marry when he has no immediate hope of professional or salary advancement? I am 28 years old and a graduate engineer. For two years I have been working for the Government here in Washington, and today am making less than \$200 a month.

I have been engaged for nearly a year to a girl of fine family, who enjoys all the advantages wealthy parents can give her. She is willing to marry me now, but if she did so it would mean sacrifices more than she realizes, I know.

I can't afford to keep a car or a servant, and I wouldn't want my wife to work, which she has suggested doing. Moreover, she hasn't been educated for the business world. Marriage for us would mean leading almost a hermit's life, socially. We would be in no position to repay hospitality as the girl has been trained to regard it. It would mean no club memberships, no entertaining, no vacations in the sense of going away to the resorts, where both of us have spent most of our past summers. It would probably mean just being together and managing by strictest economy to pay our monthly bills.

It would mean no children. We couldn't afford to take the risk of a responsibility we might not be able to carry financially.

Understand me, I love this girl as I never expect to love another woman. I believe she cares for me the same way. But rather than end up in bickering and hatred, against the background of a two-room apartment, I will give her up, and leave her free to marry some man who can give her the things she is entitled to.

What do you think I should do? L. M. C.

Marry Her.

DEAR L. M. C.: I think you should marry the girl. I think you pay her poor tribute in supposing she hasn't sufficient stamina and resourcefulness to share a poor man's lot, if such yours can be called.

I think you are too bedazzled by her parents' wealth and by your own pardonably romantic wish to wrap her up in cotton wool and worship her on a pedestal and make life for her one grand unreal dream, to realize she is made of the same stuff as every other game and worthwhile woman.

I think a man with health, brains, ambition, character, good education, and a firm toe-hold in the business world, with the capacity to love, cherish and appreciate his wife, represents just about all a woman can rightfully expect in a husband.

I think this girl who loves you and whom you love is entitled to the opportunity of expressing her womanhood by becoming your wife and your helpmeet. I think your salary is sufficient to support two intelligent young people who are willing to shoulder the simple burden of responsibility and self-denial.

I think the girl would be wiser to devote herself to home-making rather than wage-earning for the first year or two of marriage, at least. A woman with taste, imagination and complete devotion to her home and her husband can make his salary do miracles that will far outstrip in effect, psychic and perceptible, anything she could accomplish by paying out jointly-earned income to a salaried domestic.

Once she has created the home atmosphere, and the novelty of housekeeping has worn off, providing there is no baby by that time—and they do arrive, planned or no—it will be time enough for her to turn her talents for self-expression to other fields.

I don't believe, once you are married and wisely adjusted to the reasonable limitations of your income, either of you will give much thought to the car, the servant, or the entertainment you can not afford.

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Elizabeth Hawes has hit upon an unusual color combination in this knit frock. The yoke is ship blue. The rest of the dress is Bordeaux red.

Associated Press Photo.

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TODAY'S CROSSWORD

ACROSS

- Large flat-bottomed boat
- Support aviator
- Search
- Thoroughly
- Orthodox
- Orphan of hearing
- Blatant
- Continent
- Devotion
- Beautiful
- American
- Latin
- Kinda pedic
- Musical abbr.
- Put into type
- Other-of-pearl
- Light bed
- Decorated particle
- Score at baseball
- Metric land measure
- Improve
- Weird
- Meals
- Belonging to the summer
- Make amends
- Type of automobile
- Back yard
- Foodlike part
- Opening
- Automobile
- Breathes quickly
- Eastern nationality

DOWN

- Clip
- Desist
- Aromatic root
- You and I
- Thoroughfare
- Fruit of the oak tree
- Chief officer of a vessel
- Elevated railroad
- Table cloth
- Scarcely
- Japanese sash
- Native of New England
- Upright
- Philippine native
- Roman bronze
- Vase
- Annoy
- Put into
- Clutter
- Bend
- Norwegian territorial division
- Brazilian society of account
- Southern constellation
- Track of a wild animal
- German city
- Vessels for heating liquids
- Old times
- Conjunction
- Rebels
- Animal's foot
- Division of society
- Badly
- Strikes with the open hand
- Tardier
- Animal foods
- Let it stand
- Entirely
- Tropical black bird
- Hurry
- Mother

YESTERDAY'S ANSWER

ACROSS: 1. APT, 2. HOGS, 3. EROS, 4. SEA, 5. ENOW, 6. REBA, 7. HACKLE, 8. OLIVET, 9. SKIP, 10. TOO, 11. ESE, 12. ATEN, 13. HINDERED, 14. WED, 15. BUR, 16. GOT, 17. ED, 18. POMADES, 19. DO, 20. RUT, 21. DOS, 22. DIP, 23. BRIGHTEN, 24. MOVE, 25. RAM, 26. ERS, 27. SEMI, 28. ADMIRE, 29. CANINE, 30. DIET, 31. AVON, 32. NEW, 33. SODS, 34. DINE, 35. ODE.

DOWN: 1. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35.

THE BUNGLE FAMILY



JOE JINKS, Featuring Dynamite Dunn



NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY



DIXIE DUGAN



THE GUMPS



DICK TRACY



WINNIE WINKLE, the Breadwinne



Walt Mason, Himself



Ruby Keeler to Be Honored by Fellow-Canadians at World Premiere of "Dames"

Murray Bay Is Scene of Gala Home-Coming

Miss Keeler to Be Present; Two Stars Are Reunited; Amusement Chatter.

(Reprinted from Yesterday's Last Edition.)

By Nelson R. Bell.

One is apprised from sources outside the theater that in honor of Ruby Keeler's Canadian birth, arrangements have been made to stage the world premiere of her first big starring picture, the Warner Brothers musical, "Dames," in which Dick Powell is costarred, at Manoir Richelieu, Murray Bay, Quebec, on Friday night of this week, July 27. Miss Keeler will be there in person, accompanied by her noted husband, Al Jolson, a stage and screen star of some renown in his own right.

The management of Manoir Richelieu, whose enterprise secured the privilege of presenting the world premiere of "Dames," is planning a first night to compare with Hollywood and Broadway gala events of similar nature. Invitations have been sent to the guests of the hotels in the area, to the members of the summer colony at Malbaie and to prominent Americans and Canadians who will journey to Murray Bay especially for this event.

In Picturesque Country.

Murray Bay is situated in picturesque Charlevoix County, the wooded country lying between the Laurentides National Park and the St. Lawrence River. It was here, in the foothills of the aged Laurentian Mountains, that the early French colonists began their onslaughts on the virgin forest, staking out the first farmlands of New France.

In this district are many celebrated summer resorts and estates, among them the summer home of the late former President of the United States, William Howard Taft. "Highways No. 15 and 16 of the Quebec roads system thread this region of rolling hills and river margin from Quebec, the only walled city on the North American continent, to St. Simeon and Tadoussac on the confluence of the Saguenay and St. Lawrence rivers. They pass through Montmorency, Cap-Richelieu, St. Anne de Beaupre, site of the celebrated shrine; St. Joachim, Baie St. Paul, La Malbaie, Cap a l'Aigle and St. Fidele.

So now you know.

With her appearances extremely brief in both "The Key," with William Powell, Colin Clive and Edna Best, and "Service With a Smile," the short Technicolor subject starring Leon Errol, currently on view at the Earle Theater, it is interesting to know that Maxine Doyle will be seen in her first important role in a feature-length production on the screen at Loew's Fox Theater the week of Friday, August 10. The picture will be "Student Tour," for which Maxine was borrowed from Warner Brothers by Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer to play the leading feminine role.

It is of further interest that this booking insures practically an all-Washington week at the Fox, beginning August 10. That is the week that Gene Ford will stage the second annual "All-Washington Revue." By virtue of her three years as mistress of ceremonies at the Earle, Maxine is almost "all-Washington."

Ford Arrives Today.

And speaking of that local revue to be staged at the Fox by Gene Ford and Carter Barron, Eastern division manager for Loew's, Inc., things begin popping today in the direction of preparations for that event of such prime importance to local aspirants to stage careers.

Mr. Ford and his staff arrive in Washington this morning and will set to work at once completing final arrangements for the first auditions to be held in the auditorium of the National Press Club tonight at 7:30. Mr. Ford already has reported that the form of the new revue has taken shape in his mind and that it will be the superior of last season's in every important particular. That being the case, it will be a pretty swell revue.

Costumes Selected.

Mr. Ford has even gone so far as to make his costume selections at Mahieu's, New York's foremost costume designer, for the entire cast and ensemble and has arranged for a sumptuous scenic investiture and elaborate lighting effects.

At tonight's auditions, Evelyn Tyner, one of the stars of last year's revue and one of Washington's most brilliant pianists, will be present to play all accompaniments, this gifted fellow-Indianian possessing the rare faculty of reading anything at sight.

To be eligible for a place in the revue, talent of course, is the first consideration. Beyond that, one must be a present resident of Washington, although not necessarily born here, and over 18 years of age. No one under 18 can be accepted because of the District of Columbia's rigid age restrictions applicable to those who may legally appear on its stages.

The entire two-and-a-half-hour performance of the Roadside Theater's melodramatic hit, "Murder in the Red Barn," will be broadcast from the stage of the Earle Theater on Friday night of this week. The exact night had not been determined as this was being written last night.

The announcement of either Thursday or Friday, as goes

Featured in New Screen Bills



The perturbed gentleman, at left above, is Walter Connolly, distinguished character actor of both stage and screen, as he appears in "Whom the Gods Destroy," the Columbia Pictures release opening its engagement at RKO-Keith's this morning. At right, Heather Angel, featured in the feminine lead of "Murder in the Red Barn," the principal screen attraction at Loew's Columbia for the week beginning Friday.

without saying, presupposes the continuation of the run of "Murder in the Red Barn" throughout the remainder of the current week, instead of its closing tonight as was previously announced.

Stars Are Reunited.

The recent announcement that Gloria Swanson would play the leading feminine role in "Music in the Air," which Fox Films is preparing for Hollywood production, has given those who know their theater an item of recollection.

It was just eight years ago that Miss Swanson was vacationing in New York awaiting the completion of the script of "Loves of Sonya," in which she was to appear and which, when completed, was the opening screen attraction at the original Roxy Theater, in New York, then looked upon as the world's greatest achievement in theater design and magnificence— which, indeed, it was.

To while away an evening, she attended a performance of a musical called "Kitty's Kisses" and while not overly impressed by the performance as a whole, she was more than usually concerned over the screen possibilities of the young player in the principal male role.

Sent Boles a Note.

So she sent John Boles a note. At Miss Swanson's suggestion, which was persuasive and urgent, John Boles tore up his Broadway contracts and became her leading man in "Loves of Sonya" a few months later. Now they are to be together again in the film version of the Jerome Kern-Oscar Hammerstein 2d operetta.

Sudden impetuous moves are characteristic of John Boles, one of the most charming and most likable gentlemen of the cinema. Enrolled as a medical student at Johns Hopkins after having graduated from the University of Texas, he thought the war would be more exciting. It was. But in addition to that he was encouraged to do something with his voice as a result of the many appearances he made on Army entertainment programs.

Adopted Singing Career.

When he was discharged from the Army he returned home, gave a large homecoming party and announced to all and sundry, including his astounded parents, that he was going to make singing his profession.

The start was not so easy, but John wouldn't take "no" for an answer and eventually contrived to come under the wing of Oscar Seagle. It was Seagle who shipped him back to Europe to study under Jean de Reszke, former leading tenor of the Metropolitan Opera, then conducting a school of voice at Cannes, on the Riviera.

The rest you have heard about. Mr. Boles, incidentally, looks upon that note from Gloria Swanson as the most precious one he ever received—even better than his high "C."

A fellow student with John Boles under De Reszke was Mary Lucia Fish, a brilliant soprano, born in Eau Claire, Wis., but a frequent visitor at the home of relatives in Washington. Always when she was here we persuaded her to sing over the air with the old Grandall Saturday Nighters. It was not until several years later that I learned from John Boles of their considerable association on the other side and warm friendship. It's a small world, after all, is what I always say!

Recreation Note.

And you had the nerve to complain about those snowstorms and low temperatures we had last winter!

If you had a snowball, I'd give you a dollar for it right this minute—if I had a dollar!

AMUSEMENTS

Forty Acres of Fun
GLEN ECHO
SWIM, DANCE, FROLIC
NOW
And Drive Dull Cars Away

The announcement of either Thursday or Friday, as goes

Farm Bureaus Arrange Tours

Maryland and Delaware Groups Going to Chicago Fair.

Chestertown, Md., July 25 (Sp.). Maryland and Delaware members of county farm bureaus and granges are preparing to go to the Century of Progress at Chicago, special excursions having been arranged by the State organizations.

The Delaware Grange tour will extend from August 12 to 15, and the Maryland Farm Bureau from August 17 to 21.

Meanwhile M. D. Lincoln, secretary of the Ohio Farm Bureau Federation; Dr. Thomas B. Symons, director of the University of Maryland Extension Service, and Charles E. Wise, Jr., executive-secretary of the Maryland Farm Bureau Federation, will address a series of meetings and summer outings of county farm bureaus.

The first was held at Cedar Grove by the Dorchester unit, July 19, while the Talbot bureau held its meeting yesterday, the Caroline County Farm Bureau following today as did the Montgomery County unit.

Dates for other county meetings and outings are: Charles, St. Marys, Calvert, Prince Georges and Anne Arundel Counties at Chapel Point, July 26; Baltimore County, July 26; Carroll County, at Westminster, July 27; Howard County at Brendle Manor Park, July 28; Kent County at Tolchester Beach, August 7; Cecil County, August 8; Queen Annes County, August 16; Wilcomico and Worcester, August 22, and Washington County, August 25.

Both men maintain residences in Shepherdstown, but have offices here.

Straight From the Studios

"British Invasion" of Hollywood Receives Big Impetus; Cecile B. De Mille's "Cleopatra" Is Previewed; Intimate Items of Filmdom's Great.

(Reprinted from Yesterday's Last Edition.)

By Edwin Schallert.

Hollywood, July 24.—Those talent quests abroad are beginning to show results. Here for instance is a group of three players from England all coming at practically the same time to America. They are Carol Combe, daughter of Sir Thomas and Lady Combe, real nobility; Francis L. Sullivan, a comparatively youthful character actor, and Valerie Hobson, who is already scheduled to appear in R. C. Sheriff's "With This Present," from the Margaret Ayer Barnes story.

The three players have been contracted for by Universal, which secured them through English representatives. The tests were viewed by Carl Laemmle, Jr., and they were signed. One of the reasons for their being engaged is that picture like "The Invisible Man," "The Old Dark House," "Frankenstein" and others in which English actors have appeared, have been very successful in Great Britain. Like expectations are held for "One More River," lately completed with Diana Wynyard, Frank Lawton and others cast.

All three players will arrive within about a week. Miss Combe's father is an Australian theater owner, and she herself was born in Perth. This is one of the biggest invasions to date of English talent.

"Cleopatra" Is Previewed.

Cecil B. DeMille's "Cleopatra" (previewed) is a splendid picture. It is fairly daring for these censoring times, and there may be



ANN HARDING

arguments about it in certain localities where the war against the movies is hot, but the production has been fashioned along those spectacular and theatrical lines that have always assured DeMille of great box-office success. All things working out as they should, the feature will gross hugely. Indeed, I think there is no question about that. More reserved in quality than "The Sign of the Cross," and therefore a better production, "Cleopatra" presents Claudette Colbert in her most living role, and assures the new actor, Henry Wilcoxon, of a huge following right at the outset. He is the most vigorous type that has come to the screen in many a month. He should create a niche for himself immediately. Definitely the film centers in two romantic adventures of Egypt's queen. In one she is the temptress for the mighty Caesar, efficiently played by Warren William, and in the other, of course, the Anthony, enacted by Wilcoxon. These three dominate the story. C. Aubrey Smith is one of the most effectively cast members, all in all, while Gertrude Michael, Joseph Schildkraut and Ian Keith are paraded by Carl Laemmle, Jr., and they are signed. A word can be said for Ian MacLaren, Arthur Hohl, Irving Pichel, Eleanor Phelps, Grace Durkin and Edwin Maxwell. The dialogue is done in a semi-modern vein, in which respect the picture is rather like "The Sign of the Cross."

Chinese Stated For Tests.

The idea of having a Chinese cast in "Good Earth" looms again as a strong possibility. Soo Yong, now in Carbo's "The Painted Veil," is to take a number of tests for the leading role, wearing costumes which have just been imported from the Orient. There are about 250 of these in all, some of the mandarin dresses being about the richest that has ever been seen.

Picture Pageant Now Passing.

Lily Damita may be coming back

Merchants Name Heads in Staunton

Staunton, Va., July 25 (Sp.).—Sherwood I. Davis has been re-elected president, S. Glenn Kline, vice president, and S. M. Dineen, secretary-treasurer of the Merchants and Business Men's Association.

S. Tate Stierrett, T. C. Byrber, Irvin Weinberg, R. L. Strickland, Sidney E. Trott, Hugh S. Bryant and Valley P. Leavell and the three officers compose the board of directors. The board instructed President Davis to write Gen. Hugh S. Johnson, recovery administrator, protesting against any action by NRA which might cause the two plants of the Staunton Manufacturing Co. to be closed, due to a wage controversy between the parent company, L. Greif & Bros. Inc., of Baltimore, and the Recovery Administration.

Former Mayor Becomes Postmaster at Seaford

Seaford, Del., July 25 (Sp.).—Former Mayor Joseph H. Cox, who was recently appointed postmaster at Seaford, assumed the duties today, succeeding J. Emery Willey, who had held the office for three terms.

Mr. Cox is a member of the Democratic State central committee and has been prominent in Democratic circles both here and throughout the State for many years.

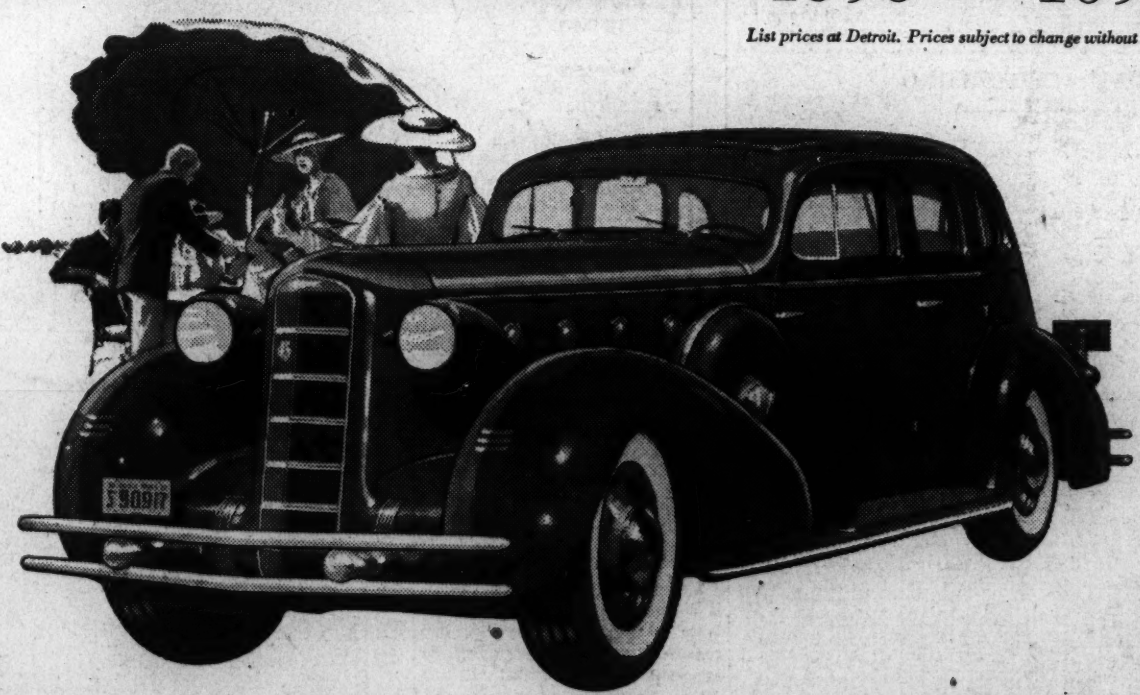
It's got to be good
or Sherwood Bros. couldn't afford to
back it with their 33-year reputation



Never Has a Price So Low Bought Such High Quality in a CAR so SMART

\$1595 and \$1695

List prices at Detroit. Prices subject to change without notice



"A Thing of Beauty . . ."

Many wise men have said many wise things about beauty. One described it as "a joy forever." Another, commenting on lack of beauty, observed that "what the eye does not admire, the heart cannot desire."

Remember these truths when you buy . . . anything. And especially when you choose your new car. Don't pick one with whose appearance you are anything but thrilled. For no other good quality can ever make up

to you for shortcomings in beauty and style . . . this year, and next, and next.

It is important that the new La Salle performs as it does. It is important that you can buy it for little and run it for little. It is important that it's designed and built by Cadillac and Fleetwood, with all the assurance of quality those names imply!

But it's just as important that it's so good looking . . . "the most beautiful streamlined

car of the year," "the vogue of today, the fashion of tomorrow," people have called it.

For, in the styling of La Salle, and in the taste expressed by every detail, there is the satisfying reminder that "a thing of beauty is a joy forever."

La Salle
DESIGNED AND BUILT BY CADILLAC

1222 22nd St. N.W.—CAPITOL CADILLAC CO.—NA. 3300

F. D. Akers, President

Wheat Closes Higher Under Buying Drive

Corn Touches New High; Oats and Provisions Record Gains.

Chicago, July 25 (AP).—Corn reached new high-price records for the season today, and with fresh outbursts of speculative buying scored on an overnight gain of 2½ cents. Wheat also jumped 2½ cents maximum.

Persistent abnormal heat and lack of moisture causing irreparable damage to corn led to trade suggestions that the 1934 United States yield of corn would be the smallest since 1901, about 500,000,000 bushels less than the July 1 official forecast, with Missouri alone showing 88,000,000 bushels curtailment so far this month.

Estimates were also current that wheat prospects of the Canadian prairie provinces had been reduced 15 per cent in the last two weeks.

Corn Closes Strong.

Despite brisk profit taking at the last, corn closed strong 1½-2 cents above yesterday's finish; wheat, firm, 1½-1½ up; oats, ¼-½ advanced, and provisions showing 5 to 12 cents gain.

From the outset, corn led the advance of prices. A special stimulating factor was that some Illinois points this morning reported temperatures above 100 for the sixteenth successive day. Taken with knowledge that the corn crop was in full tassel over a large part of the State, this advance in temperature led to speculation that tremendous damage to the crop had been inevitable.

Similar disturbing advice came also from widely separated sections of the corn belt, some of the best corn land in southern Ohio being reported as beyond help and Nebraska messages saying a big percentage of the corn crop of that State had been burnt so badly it could not even make good forage.

Views of Traders.

It was in vain some corn traders pointed out that advances of corn values had reversed the comparative price situation of 30 days ago, and that corn was no longer the cheapest feed. Setbacks of corn prices today were at no time of long duration, and the day's top was attained just before the final gong.

Successive sharp upturns of quotations were in the face of evidence that the country was selling corn more freely whenever the market bulged.

Wheat, oats and other grains borrowed strength from the action of corn. Besides, leading Canadian grain companies estimated the wheat crop of the prairie provinces as now promising but 250,000,000 to 270,000,000 bushels. Last year, the harvest was 251,000,000 bushels, and a month ago a crop of around 340,000,000 bushels was indicated.

Provisions were responsive to grain strength.

Wheat, old, 90¢; new, 91¢; old, 92¢; new, 93¢; old, 94¢; new, 95¢; old, 96¢; new, 97¢; old, 98¢; new, 99¢; old, 1.00¢; new, 1.01¢; old, 1.02¢; new, 1.03¢; old, 1.04¢; new, 1.05¢; old, 1.06¢; new, 1.07¢; old, 1.08¢; new, 1.09¢; old, 1.10¢; new, 1.11¢; old, 1.12¢; new, 1.13¢; old, 1.14¢; new, 1.15¢; old, 1.16¢; new, 1.17¢; old, 1.18¢; new, 1.19¢; old, 1.20¢; new, 1.21¢; old, 1.22¢; new, 1.23¢; old, 1.24¢; new, 1.25¢; old, 1.26¢; new, 1.27¢; old, 1.28¢; new, 1.29¢; old, 1.30¢; new, 1.31¢; old, 1.32¢; new, 1.33¢; old, 1.34¢; new, 1.35¢; old, 1.36¢; new, 1.37¢; old, 1.38¢; new, 1.39¢; old, 1.40¢; new, 1.41¢; old, 1.42¢; new, 1.43¢; old, 1.44¢; new, 1.45¢; old, 1.46¢; new, 1.47¢; old, 1.48¢; new, 1.49¢; old, 1.50¢; new, 1.51¢; old, 1.52¢; new, 1.53¢; old, 1.54¢; new, 1.55¢; old, 1.56¢; new, 1.57¢; old, 1.58¢; new, 1.59¢; old, 1.60¢; new, 1.61¢; old, 1.62¢; new, 1.63¢; old, 1.64¢; new, 1.65¢; old, 1.66¢; new, 1.67¢; old, 1.68¢; new, 1.69¢; old, 1.70¢; new, 1.71¢; old, 1.72¢; new, 1.73¢; old, 1.74¢; 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new, 10.91¢; old, 10.92¢; new, 10.93¢; old, 10.94¢; new, 10.95¢; old, 10.96¢; new, 10.97¢; old, 10.98¢; new, 10.99¢; old, 11.00¢; new, 11.01¢; old, 11.02¢; new, 11.03¢; old, 11.04¢; new, 11.05¢; old, 11.06¢; new, 11.07¢; old, 11.08¢; new, 11.09¢; old, 11.10¢; new, 11.11¢; old, 11.12¢; new, 11.13¢; old, 11.14¢; new, 11.15¢; old, 11.16¢; new, 11.17¢; old, 11.18¢; new, 11.19¢; old, 11.20¢; new, 11.21¢; old, 11.22¢; new, 11.23¢; old, 11.24¢; new, 11.25¢; old, 11.26¢; new, 11.27¢; old, 11.28¢; new, 11.29¢; old, 11.30¢; new, 11.31¢; old, 11.32¢; new, 11.33¢; old, 11.34¢; new, 11.35¢; old, 11.36¢; new, 11.37¢; old, 11.38¢; new, 11.39¢; old, 11.40¢; new, 11.41¢; old, 11.42¢; new, 11.43¢; old, 11.44¢; new, 11.45¢; old, 11.46¢; new, 11.47¢; old, 11.48¢; new, 11.49¢; old, 11.50¢; new, 11.51¢; old, 11.52¢; new, 11.53¢; old, 11.54¢; new, 11.55¢; old, 11.56¢; new, 11.57¢; old, 11.58¢; new, 11.59¢; old, 11.60¢; new, 11.61¢; old, 11.62¢; new, 11.63¢; old, 11.64¢; new, 11.65¢; old, 11.66¢; new, 11.67¢; old, 11.68¢; new, 11.69¢; old, 11.70¢; new, 11.71¢; old, 11.72¢; new, 11.73¢; old, 11.74¢; new, 11.75¢; old, 11.76¢; new, 11.77¢; old, 11.78¢; new, 11.79¢; old, 11.80¢; new, 11.81¢; old, 11.82¢; new, 11.83¢; old, 11.84¢; new, 11.85¢; old, 11.86¢; new, 11.87¢; old, 11.88¢; new, 11.89¢; old, 11.90¢; new, 11.91¢; old, 11.92¢; new, 11.93¢; old, 11.94¢; new, 11.95¢; old, 11.96¢; new, 11.97¢; old, 11.98¢; new, 11.99¢; old, 12.00¢; new, 12.01¢; old, 12.02¢; new, 12.03¢; old, 12.04¢; new, 12.05¢; old, 12.06¢; new, 12.07¢; old, 12.08¢; new, 12.09¢; old, 12.10¢; new, 12.11¢; old, 12.12¢; new, 12.13¢; old, 12.14¢; new, 12.15¢; old, 12.16¢; new, 12.17¢; old, 12.18¢; new, 12.19¢; old, 12.20¢; new, 12.21¢; old, 12.22¢; new, 12.23¢; old, 12.24¢; new, 12.25¢; old, 12.26¢; new, 12.27¢; old, 12.28¢; new, 12.29¢; old, 12.30¢; new, 12.31¢; old, 12.32¢; new, 12.33¢; old, 12.34¢; new, 12.35¢; old, 12.36¢; new, 12.37¢; old, 12.38¢; new, 12.39¢; old, 12.40¢; new, 12.41¢; old, 12.42¢; new, 12.43¢; old, 12.44¢; 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Union Pacific
Net in June Cut
To \$867,365

Is Gain Over Same
Period of 1933.

New York, July 24 (AP)—Net railway operating income of the Union Pacific Railroad Co. in the first six months of 1934, compared with \$867,365 in the same period of 1933, was \$1,177,888, or 35.5 per cent higher.

General Printing Ink Corp. reported net profit in the first six months of 1934 of \$155,144, compared with \$137,288, or 13 per cent higher, in the first half of 1933.

Atlas Powder Co. and subsidiaries reported net profit in the first six months of 1934 of \$725,314, compared with \$725,314, or 0 per cent higher, in the first half of 1933.

Sharon Steel Corp. and subsidiaries reported net profit in the first six months of 1934 of \$436,671, compared with \$257,426, or 69.6 per cent higher, in the first half of 1933.

Loose-Wiles Biscuit Co. and subsidiaries reported net profit in the first six months of 1934 of \$725,314, compared with \$725,314, or 0 per cent higher, in the first half of 1933.

Directors of Libbey-Owens-Ford Glass Co. have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 20 cents a share, payable September 15, 1934, at the rate of record August 31.

Pacific Lighting Corporation earned \$2.7 a share on the outstanding common stock for the 12 months ended June 30, 1934. This compares with \$2.4 a share for the corresponding period ended June 30, 1933.

Earnings for the 12 months ended June 30, 1934, were short \$1,177,888 of the declared annual dividend of \$3 a share on the common stock. The next quarterly dividend payable August 15, 1934, is at this rate.

National Cash Register Co. and subsidiaries reported net profit in the first six months of 1934 of \$725,314, compared with \$725,314, or 0 per cent higher, in the first half of 1933.

Freepress Texas Co. and wholly owned subsidiaries reported net income of \$864,568 for the six months ended June 30, 1934, after all charges, including depreciation and preferred dividends. This, after applicable for the period, was equal to \$1.04 per share earned, as compared with \$1.01 per share for the corresponding period last year was \$1,010,061.

Briggs & Stratton Corporation reported for the three months ended June 30, 1934, net profit, after all charges and taxes, of \$249,768, equal to 83 cents a share on the capital stock, compared with net profit of \$200,309, or 20 cents a share, for the corresponding period of 1933.

Pittsburgh, July 24 (AP)—The Jones & Laughlin Steel Corporation today showed a profit for the first six months of operation ending June 30, the first quarterly profit since early in 1931. Net income, after deducting taxes, depreciation, depletion and interest was \$866,252. This compares with a net loss of \$1,244,324 in the first quarter of 1933, and a net loss of \$1,682,801 in the second quarter of 1933.

FINANCIAL
Transactions on N. Y. Curb Market

THE WASHINGTON POST: THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1934

Table with multiple columns listing various stocks and their prices. Includes sections for 'Stocks in Advance', 'High/Low/Close', and 'Bonds in Advance'.

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FINANCIAL
Cotton Belt
Rainfall Found
Below Normal

Moisture in Eastern Part of Area Exceeds Needs; West Is Dry.



By John Hix
The weather in the Cotton Belt was generally rather favorable, with a considerable degree of weevil control. In the West, however, the continued absence of rain was detrimental. As a result of the drought and continued heat in Texas and Oklahoma, cotton is shedding excessively, blooming at the top and opening prematurely.

The weather in the eastern and central part of the belt last week was generally rather favorable, with a considerable degree of weevil control. In the West, however, the continued absence of rain was detrimental. As a result of the drought and continued heat in Texas and Oklahoma, cotton is shedding excessively, blooming at the top and opening prematurely.

Wine grapes grown on the Island of Santorini, Greece, are from vines set in soil containing volcanic ash. This ash imparts a distinctive flavor to wine made from the grapes. Tomorrow—the blowless knock-out.

Madame du Barry, beautiful favorite of King Louis XV of France, was guillotined on charges of "high treason, with conspiracy against the Republic, and with having in London, worn mourning for the late emperor, during the Revolution, conspired during December 7, 1793, and was beheaded the same day.

Italy, in the early nineteenth century after the fall of Napoleon, came into the power of Austria. Among the commercial privileges enjoyed by Austria was a monopoly on tobacco. As a result, Italian patriots showed their sentiment against their overlords by refusing to smoke. To counteract this anti-tobacco movement, Austria issued cigars to her Italian troops and gave them orders to "smoke them and tentatively in the streets." It was a futile move—Italy soon revolted and gained independence.

The fire piston—a century-old lighter that uses no flint, no wick, no liquid, no metal, no electricity and no chemicals. The fire piston consists of a hollow wooden tube with some small perforations at the inclosed end, and a plunger which fits snugly into the tube. When the plunger is thrust into the tube quickly it forces air out of the small holes against tinder, causing the latter to become hot and finally burst into flames.

Radio Waves and Ripples
HIS rise from poverty to fame in the glittering life of London's theatrical world in a little more than 24 hours reads like a Norwegian fairy tale. A few months ago, Danny Malone, acclaimed overnight a radio sensation, was out of a job. His entire life, a struggle, it was no new experience to look for work—a quest which, starting in a Belfast factory, took him to New Zealand and Australia, into the stockhold of ocean tramps and finally landed him, penniless and hungry, on a London dock.

Weldon R. Pemberton Dies, Victim of Dive
Weldon R. Pemberton, son of Mrs. Nettie D. Pemberton, died Tuesday evening in Georgetown Hospital of injuries received when he was diving several days ago. He is survived by his mother, four brothers, Dr. Bertie Pemberton, of Staunton, Va.; Stanley Pemberton, of Washington, D.C.; Russell Pemberton, of Tulsa, Okla.; and Elliott Pemberton, of Washington, and one sister, Mrs. George Van Wagner, of Alexandria. The body will be taken to Staunton, Va., today for burial.

By Ham Fisher

I SHALL DO THE COUNTING. WHAT IS LEFT--AH--EM-- YOU MAY SPILT. DO YOU COMPREHEND?

IMBECILITY, YOUR EXCELLENCE--YOU WOULD PUT EVEN AN AMERICAN POLITICIAN TO SHAME: MY COMPLIMENTS, SIR.

FRANK THORNE

AUCTION SALES

(Continued.)

MONDAY, JULY 30, 1934—
THOS. J. OWEN & SON, Auctioneers.
1451 Erie Street, Northwest.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL

ESTATE IMPROVED BY PRIMER.
NO. 613 N STREET, NORTHWEST.
 By Virgil C. Adams, Clerk of the Court, duly recorded, in Liber No. 5835, folio 224 et seq., of the land records of the District of Columbia, the following description of premises secured thereby, the undersigned hereby certifies to be the same as shown on file in the office of the Clerk of the Court, in front of the premises on **MONDAY, THE THIRTIETH DAY OF JULY, A D 1934.**

THE PREMISES are a certain lot and the following-described land and premises, situate in the District of Columbia and in the City of Washington, to-wit: lot 2 in square 447, described as follows: Beginning for the same on "N" Street, at the 700 feet mark, and running of said lot, thence west fourteen (14) feet, thence north five (5) feet, thence east seven (97) feet, thence north five (5) feet, thence east six (6) feet, thence north three (3) feet, thence east five (5) feet, thence south one hundred (100) feet to the place of beginning. Now known for

TERMS OF SALE: One fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash, balance in three equal installments, payable in one two and three years, with interest at 6 per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, from day of sale, secured by first deed of trust upon the property sold, or all cash, at the option of the purchaser. A deposit of \$200.00 will be required at time of sale. All convey-

incurs, revenue stamps, recording, etc., at cost to the purchaser. Terms of sale to be complied with within 30 days from day of sale otherwise the trustee reserves the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of defaulting purchaser, after five days' advertisement of such resale in some newspaper published in Washington, D. C. **SAM'L A. DRURY,**
July 18. 21. 24. 26. 28 Surviving Trustee.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1934—
THOS. J. OWEN & SON, Auctioneers.
1431 Eye Street Northwest.

TRUSTEES SALE OF VALUABLE THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING USED FOR BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE PURPOSES, BEING SITUATE AT THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF THIRTEENTH AND YOU STREETS AND KNOWN AS PREMISES NO. 124 THIRTEENTH STREET NORTHWEST. By virtue of a certain deed of trust, dated May 29, 1929, being instrument No. 148, recorded May 29, 1929, among the land records of the District of Columbia,

and at the request of the party appeared therefor the undersigned trustees will sell, as public auction, in the City of Columbia, on FRIDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1934, AT TWO FORTY-FIVE O'CLOCK P. M., the following-described land and premises, situate in the City of Washington, District of Columbia, and designated as and being part of lots 64, 65 and 66 in George B. Curnack's subdivision of square 223, as per plat recorded in liber 46 of the City of Columbia records of the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia, contained within the following-

ing metes and bounds, viz.: Beginning for the same at the northeast corner of said lot 66 and running thence west 54 feet to a point on the line of North 44th street; thence south 20 feet; thence east 54 feet to a point on the line of North 44th street; thence south 5 inches to the line of Thirteenth street; thence west; and thence north 20 feet to beginning.

TERMS OF SALE: All cash. A deposit of \$1,000 will be required at time of sale. All conveyancing, recording, etc., at cost of purchaser. Terms of sale to be complied with within thirty days from day of sale, otherwise the trustee may resell.

right to recall the property at the risk and expense of defaulting purchaser, after five days' advertisement of such recall in some daily newspaper published in Washington, D. C.

HUVER I. BROWN,
Remaining Trustee and Substituted Trustee
in Equity Cause No. 5226.
1/24-26,28,30au1.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 3, 1934—
THOS. J. OWEN & SONS, Auctioneers,
1431 E. Street, Northwest.
TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VALUABLE THREE-
STORY BRICK BUILDING USED FOR

BUSINESS AND RESIDENCE PURPOSES, BEING PREMISES NO. 1209 YOU STREET NORTHWEST. By virtue of certain deed duly recorded in the office of the clerk of the District of Columbia, and at the request of the party secured thereby, the undersigned trustee will sell, at public auction, in front of the premises, on FRIDAY, THE THIRD DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1934, AT THREE O'CLOCK P. M., the following described land and premises, to-wit: The District of Columbia, containing

as vend being lot 32 in Samuel A. Drury's subdivision of lots in square 273, as per plat recorded in liber No. 18, folio 100 of the records of the office of the surveyor of the District of Columbia.

TERMS OF SALE: All cash. A deposit of \$100 will be required in form of sale. All conveyancing, recording, etc., at cost of purchaser. Terms of sale to be complied with within thirty days from day of sale, otherwise the trustee reserves the right to resell the property at the risk and cost of defaulting purchaser. After some

**Thomas Dowling & Co., Auctioneers,
Auction Sale of Storage
Furniture at Smith's
Storage Warehouse**

No. 1313 You St. N.W.
On Friday, July 27, 1934
AT 10:30 O'CLOCK A. M.
Desirable Furniture. Consisting of
Dayroom. Living Room Sets, Dress-
ers, Chiffoniers, Beds, Spring, Mat-
tresses, Pillows, Bedding, Chairs, Rugs,
Carpets, Silver, China and Glassware.
Ac. &c. Attend this sale.

PROPOSALS

OFFICE OF THE ARCHITECT OF THE
Capitol, Washington, D. C. July 2
1934. Sealed bids, in triplicate, will be
received in this office until 3 p. m., AUGUST
8, 1934, and then publicly opened, for the
replacing of copper roofing on the Sena
Office Building, Washington, D. C. Draw
ings and specifications may be obtaine
on application to this office. DAVI
LYNN, Architect of the Capitol. 26

COMMISSIONERS, D. C. WASHINGTON
July 25, 1934. Sealed proposals will be received at room 509, District Building until 2 o'clock p. m., August 8, 1934, at which time they will be opened, for constructing about 890 linear feet of sewer varying in diameter from 10" to 12" in diameter. App room 427, District Building, for proposals and specifications

LOST
Post Classified Ads.—National 4200

BROOCH—Long, narrow, with red seal
e July 19, noon, on 14th st., betw.
Irving and Park rd. Reward. AD. 3

COCKER SPANIEL (male)—Name "Secr-
tes." Return to Chevy Chase School.
Phone Wisc. 4200. Reward.

FOUND
Post Classified Ads. National 4200.
IN DIAMOND CARS:

Umbrella, lavender with amber hand
in Cab 162.
Glasses, tortoise shell, in Cab 257.
Call Lost and Found Dept., North 2864.

PERSONALS

Post Classified Ads.—National 4200.

Ambulance Limousine Service. Call
5543; local calls
Timothy Hanlon, 641 H st. ne.

ARE YOU GETTING the old man's p
out of your pocketbook? Leon G M
ris. NAT. 4508.

ARTHRITIS. neuritis, athlete's foot, h
blood pressure relieved by my drugg
method: free consultation. Dr. 04
Suite 1004, 1103 Vermont ave. nw.

BACKACHE. Headache, no pep? Cons

Dr. T. C. Hetrick, D. C. Palmer gro
7228 Wisc ave. n.w. Bradley 113.

CHAMBERS CO.
One of the largest
Undertakers in the World

COINS WANTED—We pay up to \$2 ea
for Lincoln pennies before 1925; \$1
each for certain Indian Head pennies.
Send dime for complete catalog list.
All coins from pennies to dollars. A

DR. DELLA LEDENDECKER, Washington
foremost woman chiropractor. For ap-
call WE 1120. 3025 O st. nw.



AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE 10

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.
(Continued.)

CHEVROLET

1933 Master Six-Door Sedan. Perfect condition. New tires. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

HILL & TIBBITTS

1114 Vermont Ave. N.W. Open evenings.

CHEVROLET

1933 Chevrolet 1933 Coupe with no rust. Beautiful maroon finish. New tires. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

LOGAN MOTOR CO.

1417 Irving St. N.W.

CHRYSLER

1931 De Luxe Four-Door Sedan. Spares mounted. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

LEO ROCCA, INC.

1114 Vermont Ave. N.W. Open evenings.

CHRYSLER

1933 De Luxe 35-55 Passenger Coach. Four brand new Firestone Air Tires. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

L. P. STEUART, INC.

1325 14th St. N.W. Dine 4:00.

DE SOTO

1933 De Luxe. Attractive black finish with red trim. 35-55 Passenger Coach. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

NORTHEAST MOTOR CO.

920 Blackburg Rd. N.E. AU. 0200.

DODGE

1934 De Luxe Four-Door Sedan. Very low mileage. New tires. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

LEO ROCCA, INC.

1114 Vermont Ave. N.W. Open evenings.

FORD

1933 V-8 De Luxe Phaeton. A smart and snappy appearing car for those who like sport cars. The powerful 6-horsepower motor. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

LEO ROCCA, INC.

1114 Vermont Ave. N.W. Open evenings.

FORD

1933 V-8 De Luxe Sedan. Exceptionally clean, mechanically and otherwise. Original paint. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

LEO ROCCA, INC.

1114 Vermont Ave. N.W. Open evenings.

FORD

1933 V-8 De Luxe Sedan. A beauty in Jet black with cream steel-spoke wheels. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

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LEO ROCCA, INC.

1114 Vermont Ave. N.W. Open evenings.

Gasoline Alley

(Continued.)

SKEEZIE, YOU

REMEMBER HOW HARD SPUD AND GOOTCH PROMISED TO WORK IF THEY COULD COME ALONG?

YES, I'VE

NOTICED THEY'RE SLACKIN' UP. I CAN FIX THAT.

YOU'VE CERTAINLY GOT

I TOLD 'EM YOU'RE GOIN' TO SEND THE NEXT-TO-THE-POOREST WORKER HOME.

WHY NEXT-TO-THE-POOREST? WHY NOT THE POOREST?

BECAUSE I'M IN THE FAMILY. THEY KNOW YOU WOULDN'T SEND ME HOME.

RELATIVITY

RELATIVITY. THE FAMILY. THEY KNOW YOU WOULDN'T SEND ME HOME.

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AUTOMOBILES FOR SALE 10

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.
(Continued.)

PONTIAC

1933 Coach. Finished in black with red stripes. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

PONTIAC

1933 four-door sedan. Very finished in handsome. 60-horsepower motor. Excellent running. Call Mr. Hill & Tibbitts, 1114 Vermont Ave. N.W., for details.

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HELP WANTED—MALE 22

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.
(Continued.)

MAN

Four-week work guaranteed; one without supervision; age 21-25; good education. Apply 9 to 12 a. m. Room 602, International Bldg.

MAN

Living in Middleburg of Washington, Va. to establish permanent residence. Grand Union Tea Co. 603 7th St. N.W.

MEN

Metal goods manufacturer has openings in D. C. and Md. permanent position; must have car; married men preferred. Apply 9 to 12 a. m. Room 602, International Bldg.

MEN

Can several men for commercial sales solicitation proposition. Apply Office, 732 Investment Bldg.

MEN

Two; young; 20-25; for positions in sales service dept. must be able to greet customers; start not later than Saturday. See Mr. Bradley, 730 12th St. N.W.

MEN

2 (2) Next appearing; to begin at start. Room 101, 1317 7th St. N.W.

MEN

Can use a more experienced canvasser; 20-25; clean-cut; energetic; good sales ability; must be able to handle a large territory. Apply 9 to 12 a. m. Room 602, International Bldg.

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MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE 45

Post Classified Ads—National 4200.
(Continued.)

BABY GRAND

A well-built modern style of piano with a good tone. Reduced July Sale price of \$200. Home L. Co. 1320 G St. N.W.

BARBER CHAIR

(Koken). In A-1 condition; reasonable price. 1710 20th St. N.W. BRICE & Co. 1710 20th St. N.W.

ELECTRIC REFRIGERATOR

One year old; hermetically sealed unit; stainless steel; 12 cubic feet. 1414 14th St. N.W. H. H. Co. 1414 14th St. N.W.

Culbertson on Bridge

Doubling for a Lead.

We all know of the inferences which may be derived from the Double of a Small or Grand Slam contract under the Lead-Direction Convention. However, the Lead-Direction Double does not apply to Slam contracts only. If your partner, out of a clear sky, without ever having entered the bidding, suddenly Doubles an opposing game contract he is doing so for one of two reasons. He may have been lying back with a tremendous hand throughout the early rounds of the bidding and be doubling on an almost sure thing, in which case he will probably defeat the contract no matter what the opening lead. At other times, however, the opening leader can tell by a careful review of the opponents' bidding and a careful survey of his own hand that his partner must be doubling for a specific lead—usually the lead of a suit which has been bid by the Dummy, and which naturally will go through the Dummy and up to the partner's hand.

On the hand below, the Double of the final contract by East enabled West to make the only lead which would not give Declarer his contract.

South, Dealer.
North and South vulnerable.

♠ K 9 8
♥ Q 6 5 3 2
♦ K 8 4 3
♣ A 10 7
N E
W S
♠ A K J 10
♥ 10 9 8 5 4
♦ 6 2
♣ A Q J 9 5

The bidding:

South	West	North	East
1♠	Pass	1♥	Pass
2♣	Pass	3♣	Pass
3NT	Pass	Pass	Dbl.
Pass	Pass	Pass	Pass

The early bidding by North and South needs no comment. East's Double is the only interesting bid of the hand. Since North (Dummy) has bid hearts, East is practically certain of four tricks in that suit. He knows that a heart lead must be

the best opening and that he, East, after having won the first round of hearts, can make the proper shift after a view of the Dummy.

The West player was able to decode the message of East's Double. The East player had never entered the early bidding even to make a nonvulnerable Overcall; furthermore, West saw that he did not have a complete Yarborough himself—his hand actually contained a King and a Jack. Therefore, it seemed most unlikely that East could hold five certain tricks regardless of the lead; or even four or three tricks. The answer was obviously that East must be doubling to command a lead of a particular suit and at the same time to prevent any other lead. Of course, if the West player had held four or five cards headed by something like the K-Q-J in some other suit, he should definitely have led that suit. But in the absence of any such combination, West tried to complete his decoding of East's message, and came to the conclusion that if East was commanding a certain suit it must be the suit which Dummy had bid and which the Declarer had twice failed to support. West, therefore, after a very slight hesitation, opened the heart nine in preference to the more normal lead of his fourth best spade. East won the first trick with the Ten-spot and returned a diamond. West won this trick with his King and led another heart. The defense thus took four heart tricks and a diamond trick, defeating the contract. It is easily seen that no other opening could have defeated the contract. A spade lead would automatically have given the Declarer his ninth trick by establishing a finesse against West's Jack. A diamond lead would have enabled the Declarer to set up a diamond trick before the defense could run more than three heart tricks.

Another victory was thus scored for intelligent bidding. Inferences being applied to the play. The Double would, of course, have proved disastrous to East if South or North had decided to run out to a five-club contract, which as it happens they could have made; but they felt that their best chance was in no-trump, as indeed it was except for the division of the heart suit.

(Copyright, 1934, E. J. Culbertson.)

BLACKIE BEAR

By D. SAM COX

Jay Bird Just Had to Laugh.

Blackie thought he would fool Uncle Joe for a while, and so last night after getting the chicken and the steel-trap, he asked Jocko to scratch out all of his tracks again just as he had done over at Mr. Man's house. Uncle Joe and Aunt Judy and the dog all had a good night's sleep, but they got up pretty early the next morning and Uncle Joe went out to see if his trap had caught Blackie. When he saw that the trap and the chicken and the chain were all gone, he was sure that he had caught Blackie, but that he had worked the chain loose from the tree and had gotten away. But when he looked for bear tracks, there were none there.

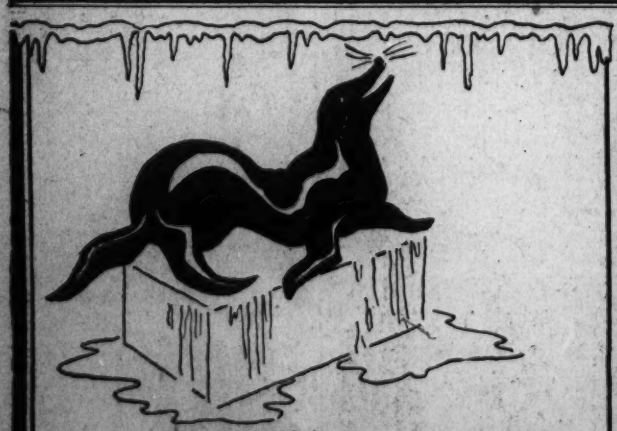
All the tracks he could see were those long ones of a strange animal that nobody knew anything about, and even they were all muddled up. And so Uncle Joe was awfully puzzled. He just didn't know what to think. Aunt Judy came out and looked at the tracks, but she couldn't tell any more about them than Uncle Joe could. It certainly was a strange animal that made them, and it must have been a mighty strong one if he could break the snap on that chain and carry off the trap. Well, well, it was mighty curious, though Uncle Joe, and he took off his hat and scratched his head. Jay Bird was sitting up in the old walnut tree, and Uncle Joe thought he never had heard the saucy bird scream "Jay, Jay" as loud as he did just then. And I don't reckon he had, for it seemed mighty funny to Jay Bird.

After breakfast Uncle Joe went over to Mr. Man's house to tell him how somebody had carried off his steel-trap, but he found Mr. Man so happy and so busy hauling in his crops with Hee-Haw that he didn't have any time to talk to him. And Mrs. Man was so busy slicing up apples and putting them out in the sun to dry that she said to him was "Good Morning, Uncle Joe," how is Aunt Judy? And so there was nothing for him to do but to go back home to his troubles; and troubles there were, sure enough, for when he went over to Mr. Man's house his dog went with him, and there was nobody left to look after his things. When Jay Bird saw the dog go on with Uncle Joe, he started right off to tell Who-Who Owl. Who-Who's house was just across the branch from Uncle Joe's and it didn't take him long to get

over there and get a duck for his breakfast. Uncle Joe was just coming up on the other side of the house when he heard all the ducks cackling a sight, and he saw Who-Who flying away with his breakfast, but he was gone clear off in the woods before Uncle Joe could get his gun. Some of you folks may think it mighty funny that Who-Who came out and got a duck in the daytime, when you thought an owl could see only at night; but



Who-Who is one of those great big owls that have horns on top of their heads, and that sort of owl can see most as well in the daytime as he can at night. Schreech owls and a lot of other kinds of owls can hardly see at all in the daytime, and so they do all of their traveling at night. "And now," said Aunt Judy, "you shut the dog up last night, and lost a chicken and a steel-trap; you took him off to Mr. Man's with you, and lost a duck, and now I believe it would be a good idea for you to stay around the place in the daytime so you can shoot owls and hawks and things that come here, and to leave the dog in the yard at night so he can catch whatever comes here for the chickens." It looked about the same way to Uncle Joe, and so he got his hoe and went out in his potato patch and began to dig potatoes. (Copyright, 1934, by The Washington Post Publishing Co.)



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in THE HECHT Co.'s

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THE ANNUAL ADVANCE SALE OF
FUR COATS NOW IN PROGRESS



Unusually Fine LIVING ROOMS

Suites of Distinction from a Famous Furniture Factory

Living Room Suites
\$79 to \$169

Occasional Chairs
\$9.95 to \$24.95

One glance—and you who know furniture will see that these suites are the new fall styles and very superior quality. Priced 40% and 50% below what you would normally expect. Because the Hecht Co. of Washington and Hecht Bros. of Baltimore joined in a sensational "slack-season" buy from the Shearman Bros. of Jamestown, N. Y. A factory so proud of its furniture that it places a metal tag on each piece to vouch for its worth and durability. Our quantity is limited.



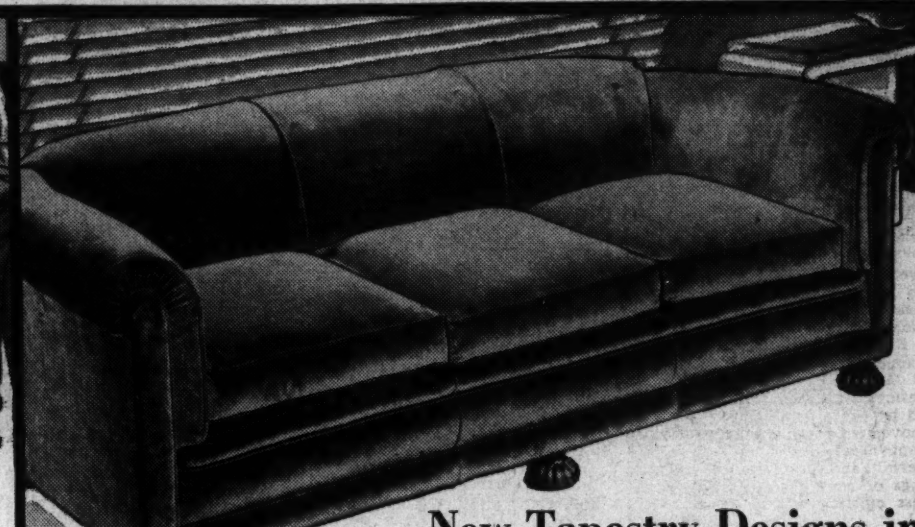
2-Pc. Deep Seat Suite in
Rust or Green Upholstery

\$79

Shearman Bros. made it. So you may be certain of correct proportions, modern lines, and lasting quality. Large roll back and arms. Deep reversible seats filled with Nachman springs. Solid mahogany Queen Anne legs.

\$8 Delivers It

Fourth Floor—The Hecht Co.



New Tapestry Designs in
2-Pc. Lounge Suite

\$119

The solid mahogany pineapple ball feet give this roll back, broad seated suite a decidedly superior appearance. The spring filled cushions are reversible. Webbed construction—sturdy and strong.

\$12 Delivers It

Fourth Floor—The Hecht Co.



2-Pc. Queen Anne Suite
in Smart Mohair Tapestry

\$129

The graceful curved back and arms studded with antique brass headed nails. Legs of solid mahogany. The reversible cushions spring filled. The famed Jamestown, N. Y., webbed construction that holds firmly and fast. Blue, Green, Rust.

\$13 Delivers It

Fourth Floor—The Hecht Co.



2-Pc. Solid Mahogany
Pillow Back Living Room

\$139

The new flannel cloth that wears and wears and wears. In rust, green and wine. Semi-divided back—down cushioned; beautifully carved mahogany legs. A very new style—very smart. Reversible spring filled seat cushions.

\$14 Delivers It

Fourth Floor—The Hecht Co.

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